GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1 (District), a component unit of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1 as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

HEINFELD, MEECH & CO., P.C. CPAs and Business Consultants

Heinfeld, Melch & Co., P.C.

November 25, 2015

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

ASSETS		vernmental activities
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	326,696
Taxes receivable	Ψ	20,016
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,529,691
Total current assets		1,876,403
Total current assets		1,670,403
Total assets		1,876,403
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charge on refunding		210,018
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
Accrued interest payable		209,321
Due to City		52,272
Unearned revenue		347,472
Bonds payable		435,000
Total current liabilities		1,044,065
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Bonds payable		10,503,477
Total noncurrent liabilities		10,503,477
Total liabilities		11,547,542
NET POSITION Restricted for:		
Debt service		1,200,580
Unrestricted	(1,200,380
Total net position	\$	(9,461,121)
1 out het position	Ψ	(7,701,121)

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Re Cha	t (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses		overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:			
General government	\$ 54,647	\$	(54,647)
Interest on long-term debt	 451,266		(451,266)
Total governmental activities	\$ 505,913		(505,913)
General revenues: Taxes:			
Property taxes			784,597
Investment income			1,566
Total general revenues			786,163
Changes in net position			280,250
Net position, beginning of year			(9,741,371)
Net position, end of year		\$	(9,461,121)

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

		General	De	bt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	326,696	\$		\$	326,696
Taxes receivable	Ψ	1,655	Ψ	18,361	Ψ	20,016
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		1,055		1,529,691		1,529,691
Total assets	\$	328,351	\$	1,548,052	\$	1,876,403
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Due to City Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	52,272	\$	347,472 347,472	\$	52,272 347,472 399,744
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable property taxes		149		8,821		8,970
Fund balances: Restricted Unassigned Total fund balances		275,930 275,930		1,191,759		1,191,759 275,930 1,467,689
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	328,351	\$	1,548,052	\$	1,876,403

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 1,467,689
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property tax receivables are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable	
revenues in the funds.	8,970
Interest payable on long-term debt is not reported in the	
governmental funds.	(209,321)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds payable	(10,938,477)
Loss on refunding	210,018
	=10,010
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (9,461,121)

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	General	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 106,908	\$ 677,825	\$ 784,733	
Investment income	349	1,217	1,566	
Total revenues	107,257	679,042	786,299	
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government	54,647		54,647	
Debt service -				
Principal retirement		335,000	335,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		461,368	461,368	
Total expenditures	54,647	796,368	851,015	
Changes in fund balances	52,610	(117,326)	(64,716)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	223,320	1,309,085	1,532,405	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 275,930	\$ 1,191,759	\$ 1,467,689	

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (64,716)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Property tax revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(136)
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	335,000
Interest expense in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because accrued interest was calculated for bonds payable for the Statement of Activities, but is expensed when due for the governmental fund statements.	3,071
Premiums, discounts, and losses on refunding are sources and uses of current financial resources for governmental fund reporting, but are amortized over the life of the debt in the Statement of Activities.	7,031
Change in net position in governmental activities	\$ 280,250

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original & Final			Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	107,405	\$	106,908	\$	(497)
Investment income		100		349		249
Total revenues		107,505		107,257		(248)
Expenditures:						
Current -						
General government		130,550		54,647		75,903
Total expenditures		130,550		54,647		75,903
Changes in fund balances		(23,045)		52,610		75,655
Fund balances, beginning of year		223,320		223,320		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	200,275	\$	275,930	\$	75,655

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1 (District) is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, and is authorized under state law to issue general obligation (GO) or revenue bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District was created by petition to the City Council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District, and debt may be issued only after approval of the voters within the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of the City of Goodyear, Arizona (City), was established August 8, 1989, and is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona as well as a municipal corporation by Arizona Law. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. All transactions of the District are included in the City's financial statements. However, the City has no liability for the debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by tax revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The District reports all funds as major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operation except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the District to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents as defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, which become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash on the statement of net position and on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Budgetary Data

The District adopts a budget on an annual basis. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District has adopted the City's policy on which only the Board of Directors or the District's Treasurer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Deficit Net Position</u> – At year end, the government-wide statements reported a deficit net position of \$9,461,121. The deficit arose because the titles of all capital assets are held by the City of Goodyear.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,238 and the bank balance was \$2,538.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The State Treasurer's pool is an external investment pool, the Local Government Investment Pool (Pool 5), with no regulatory oversight. The pool is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The activity and performance of the pool is reviewed monthly by the State Board of Investment. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments.

At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair	Value
Money market accounts	\$	883
U.S. Treasuries	-	346,589
State Treasurer's investment pool 5	1,:	506,677
Total	\$ 1,	854,149

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. All of the District's investments have maturities of less than 12 months.

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's investment pool 5 was rated AAAF/S1 by Standard and Poor's at year end. The U.S. Treasuries and investments in money market accounts were rated AA+ and AAAm, respectively, by Standard and Poor's at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. The District's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the District's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 5 – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year end consisted of the following outstanding bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$119,100,000 remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt.

	Original Amount	Interest	Remaining	Outstanding Principal	Due Within
Purpose	Issued	Rates	Maturities	June 30, 2015	One Year
Governmental activities: General Obligation Bonds,					
Series 2013 Refunding	\$10,685,000	2.0-5.0%	7/15/15-28	\$ 10,350,000	\$ 435,000
Total				\$ 10,350,000	\$ 435,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year end are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
Year ending June 30:		I	Principal		Interest		
	2016	\$	435,000	\$	450,175		
	2017		480,000		434,050		
	2018		520,000		411,450		
	2019		560,000		384,450		
	2020		615,000		355,075		
	2021-25		3,885,000		1,243,000		
	2026-29		3,855,000		315,700		
Total		\$	10,350,000	\$	3,593,900		

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Governmental activities:							
Bonds payable:	\$	10,685,000	\$	335,000	\$ 10,350,000	\$	435,000
Premium		630,511		42,034	588,477		
Total bonds payable		11,315,511		377,034	10,938,477		435,000
Governmental activity long-term							
liabilities	\$	11,315,511	\$	377,034	\$ 10,938,477	\$	435,000

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the District is a participating member. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its member's additional premiums should reserves and annual premium be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts				Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original & Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	682,020	\$	677,825	\$	(4,195)
Investment income		400		1,217		817
Total revenues		682,420		679,042		(3,378)
Expenditures:						
Debt service -						
Principal retirement		770,000		335,000		435,000
Interest and fiscal charges		691,900		461,368		230,532
Total expenditures		1,461,900		796,368		665,532
Changes in fund balances		(779,480)		(117,326)		662,154
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,309,085		1,309,085		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	529,605	\$	1,191,759	\$	662,154

OTHER INFORMATION

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Ad Valorem Taxation in the District

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal year 2015-16, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value of the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and (b) for fiscal years 2006-07 through 2014-15, the then-applicable, but now-replaced, Net Assessed Secondary Values of the District.

The full cash value and net assessed limited value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for fiscal year 2015-16 is as follows:

		Net Assessed Limited
Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Property Value
2015-16	\$1,054,710,905	\$112,118,628

The full cash value and net assessed secondary value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the indicated fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Assessed Secondary Property Value
2014-15	\$881,406,804	\$107,667,651
2013-14	796,484,270	98,240,111
2012-13	824,815,959	105,258,644
2011-12	953,452,602	120,567,662
2010-11	1,133,921,475	152,360,941
2009-10	1,308,725,920	172,029,300
2008-09	1,409,846,598	182,514,298
2007-08	1,168,380,068	149,936,275
2006-07	786,616,680	106,387,575

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office.

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Net Assessed Property Values of Major Taxpayers

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal year 2015-16, the major property taxpayers located within the District, and their 2015-16 Net Assessed Limited Property Value, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Limited Property Value for the District, and (b) for fiscal year 2014-15, the major property taxpayers located within the District, their 2014-15 Net Assessed Secondary Value and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Secondary Value for the District using the then-applicable but now-replaced Net Assessed Secondary Values.

Net Assessed Limited Property Values of Major Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2015-16

Taxpayer	2015-16 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation	As Percent of District's 2015-16 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation
VHS OF SOUTH PHOENIX INC	\$11,275,140	10.06%
LITCHFIELD PARK SERVICE COMPANY	3,119,787	2.78%
PVPW CORP	3,103,613	2.77%
LITCHFIELD PARK SERVICE COMPANY SEWER	2,154,959	1.92%
PALM VALLEY MOB LLC	1,881,272	1.68%
PALM VALLEY I LLC/ETAL	1,749,979	1.56%
COLUMBIA PALM VALLEY MARKETPLACE LLC	1,677,695	1.50%
LTF REAL ESTATE COMPANY INC	1,664,217	1.48%
PALM VALLEY INDY LLC	1,634,485	1.46%
K2H PALM VALLEY LLC	1,444,715	1.29%
	\$29,705,862	26.50%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office, as of September 29, 2015.

Net Secondary Assessed Valuations of Major Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2014-15

Taxpayer	2014-15 Net Secondary Assessed Valuation	As Percent of District's 2014-15 Net Secondary Assessed Valuation
VHS OF SOUTH PHOENIX INC	\$8,810,291	8.18%
PVPW CORP	3,154,345	2.93%
PALM VALLEY I LLC/ETAL	2,251,680	2.09%
LITCHFIELD PARK SERVICE COMPANY SEWER	2,132,574	1.98%
PALM VALLEY MOB LLC	1,840,112	1.71%
PALM VALLEY INDY LLC	1,818,560	1.69%
COLUMBIA PALM VALLEY MARKETPLACE LLC	1,702,932	1.58%
LTF REAL ESTATE COMPANY INC	1,627,806	1.51%
PALM VALLEY OFFICE PARK-10070251 LLC	1,413,106	1.31%
TARGET CORPORATION	1,336,161	1.24%
	\$26,087,567	24.22%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office, as of August 26, 2014.

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Record of Taxes Levied and Collected in the District

Under Arizona law, the Board of Supervisors of the County is required to establish and levy a tax in an amount sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements of the District. Property taxes are levied and collected on property within the District and certified by the Treasurer on behalf of the District. The following table sets forth the tax collection records of the District for the periods shown:

	Real and Secured	Collected to June 30th (b)(c)		Total Collections (b)(c)		
Fiscal Year	Personal Property Tax Levy (a)	Amount	Percent of Tax Levy	Amount	Percent of Tax Levy	
2014-15	\$789,634	\$775,957	98.27%	\$775,957	98.27%	
2013-14	982,403	973,418	99.09%	979,659	99.72%	
2012-13	1,052,588	1,033,218	98.16%	1,042,372	99.14%	
2011-12	968,641	949,658	98.04%	959,460	99.06%	
2010-11	1,153,372	1,126,857	97.70%	1,138,674	98.73%	
2009-10	1,140,382	1,104,699	96.87%	1,127,485	98.87%	
2008-09	969,699	929,317	95.84%	950,807	98.05%	
2007-08	1,205,490	1,169,360	97.00%	1,197,101	99.30%	
2006-07	1,063,877	1,023,983	96.25%	1,055,120	99.18%	
2005-06	899,472	852,691	94.80%	865,694	96.24%	

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer's Office.

- (a) Tax levy is as reported by the Treasurer as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August report.
- (b) Reflects collections made through June 30, the end of the fiscal year, on such year's levy. Property taxes are payable in two installments. The first installment is due on October 1 and becomes delinquent on November 1, but is waived if the full tax year's taxes are paid in full by December 31. The second installment becomes due on March 1 and is delinquent on May 1. Interest at the rate of 16 percent per annum attaches on first and second installments following their delinquent dates. Penalties for delinquent payments are not included in the above collection figures.
- (c) Reflects collections made through June 30, 2015.