Goodyear Community Facilities
General District No. 1
Annual Financial Report
Year Ended June 30, 2021

Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1

Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2021

Issued by: Financial Services Division

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1 (District), a component unit of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

HintonBurdick, PLLC Gilbert, Arizona

Linter Frudeds, PLIC

December 3, 2021



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Go	ve rnme ntal		
	Activities			Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	650,360	\$	650,360
Receivables (net of allowance)		22,758		22,758
Temporarily restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,029,323		1,029,323
Total assets		1,702,441		1,702,441
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		725,537		725,537
Interest payable		145,700		145,700
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		785,000		785,000
Due in more than one year		5,506,475		5,506,475
Total liabilities		7,162,712		7,162,712
Net Position				
Restricted for:				
Debt service		178,846		178,846
Unrestricted		(5,639,117)	-	(5,639,117)
Total net position	\$	(5,460,271)	\$	(5,460,271)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				Program	Revenue	s	Re Cha	(Expense) venue and nges in Net Position	
			•	rating nts &	•	oital its &	Con	vernmental	
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		ibutions		butions		Activities	Total
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	39,270	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(39,270)	\$ (39,270)
Interest on long-term debt		318,084						(318,084)	 (318,084)
Total governmental activities	\$	357,354	\$		\$			(357,354)	 (357,354)
	Gener Tax	al Revenues:							
	Pı	operty tax						1,221,088	1,221,088
	Unr	estricted inves	tment ear	rnings				198	 198
	Total general revenues & transfers					1,221,286	 1,221,286		
		Change in net	position					863,932	863,932
	Net po	osition - beginn	ning					(6,324,203)	 (6,324,203)
	Net po	osition - ending	5				\$	(5,460,271)	\$ (5,460,271)

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	(General	De	Debt Service		Total Governmental Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	650,360	\$	_	\$	650,360		
Receivables: Taxes	Ψ	2,535	Ψ	20,223	Ψ	22,758		
Restricted cash and investments		-		1,029,323		1,029,323		
Total assets	\$	652,895	\$	1,049,546	\$	1,702,441		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	537	\$	_	\$	537		
Bonds payable		-		725,000		725,000		
Bonds interest payable				145,700		145,700		
Total liabilities		537		870,700		871,237		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	CES							
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		1,074		8,148		9,222		
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,074		8,148		9,222		
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		170,698		170,698		
Unassigned		651,284				651,284		
Total fund balances		651,284		170,698		821,982		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resource	es,							
and fund balances	\$	652,895	\$	1,049,546	\$	1,702,441		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 821,982
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of net position are different because:		
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable		
revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes	\$ 9,222	
		9,222
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable		
in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Bonds payable	\$ (5,975,000)	
Premiums and discounts	(316,475)	
		(6,291,475)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ (5,460,271)

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

REVENUES	(General	De	ebt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Taxes	\$	136,030	\$	1,085,058	\$	1,221,088
Interest		78		120		198
Total revenues		136,108		1,085,178		1,221,286
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		39,270		-		39,270
Debt service						
Principal		-		1,095,000		1,095,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		335,800		335,800
Bond defeasance costs		-		9,113		9,113
Total expenditures		39,270		1,439,913		1,479,183
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		96,838		(354,735)		(257,897)
Net change in fund balances		96,838		(354,735)		(257,897)
Fund balances, beginning of year		554,446		525,433		1,079,879
Fund balances, end of year	\$	651,284	\$	170,698	\$	821,982

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (257,897)
Repayment of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	1,095,000
Premiums, discounts, and losses on refunding are sources and uses of current financial resources for governmental fund reporting, but are amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities.	26,829
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 863,932

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgete	ed Amounts		
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes	\$ 135,500	\$ 135,500	\$ 136,030	\$ 530
Interest	3,000	3,000	78	(2,922)
Total revenues	138,500	138,500	136,108	(2,392)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	135,500	135,500	39,270	96,230
Total expenditures	135,500	135,500	39,270	96,230
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,000	3,000	96,838	93,838
Net change in fund balance	3,000	3,000	96,838	93,838
Fund balance, beginning of year	554,446	554,446	554,446	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 557,446	\$ 557,446	\$ 651,284	\$ 93,838

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1 (District) is a special purpose district created specifically to acquire or construct public infrastructure within specific areas of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, and is authorized under state law to issue general obligation (GO) or revenue bonds to be repaid by property (ad valorem) taxes levied on property within the District (for GO debt), or by specific revenues generated within the District (revenue bonds). The District was created by petition to the City Council by property owners within the area to be covered by the District, and debt may be issued only after approval of the voters within the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of the City of Goodyear, Arizona (City), was established August 8, 1989, and is a political subdivision of the State of Arizona as well as a municipal corporation by Arizona Law. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors. All transactions of the District are included in the City's financial statements. However, the City has no liability for the debt.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by tax revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The District reports all funds as major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operation except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

D. Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the District to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, interest-bearing savings account, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents as defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The District levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August, which become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash on the statement of net position and on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

J. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

K. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

L. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

M. Budgetary Data

The District adopts a budget on an annual basis. There were no supplemental budgetary appropriations made during the year.

NOTE 2 – FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Directors.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Directors or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District has adopted the City's policy on which only the Board of Directors or the District's Treasurer may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Deficit Net Position</u> – At year end, the government-wide statements reported a deficit net position of \$5,460,271. The deficit arose because the titles of all capital assets are held by the City of Goodyear.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits and bank balance was \$80,865.

The State Treasurer's pool is an external investment pool, the Local Government Investment Pool (Pool 7), with no regulatory oversight. The pool as an investment company is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The activity and performance of the pool is reviewed monthly by the State Board of Investment. The fair value of each participant's position in the State Treasurer investment pools approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Average Maturities	<u>Fair V</u>	Value
Money market accounts State Treasurer's investment pool 7	N/A 62 days	\$ 1,5	30 98,788
Total	J	\$ 1,5	598,818

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Treasurer's investment pool 7 invests in securities backed by the U.S. Government and has an AAA weighted average rating. The District's investments in money market accounts were rated AAAm.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. The District's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the District's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 5 – GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable at year end consisted of the following outstanding bonds. Of the total amount originally authorized, \$119,260,000 remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt

				Outstanding	
	Original Amount	Interest	Remaining	Principal	Due Within
Purpose	Issued	Rates	Maturities	June 30, 2021	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Refunding					
Bonds, Series 2013	10,685,000	4.00-5.00%	7/15/21-28	\$ 5,975,000	\$ 785,000
Total				\$ 5,975,000	\$ 785,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year end are summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Go verimientari i territies				
Year ending June 30:		Principal		Interest	
2022	\$	785,000	\$	255,150	
2023		830,000		215,900	
2024		875,000		174,400	
2025		910,000		139,400	
2026		945,000		103,000	
2027-31		1,630,000		91,200	
	\$	5,975,000	\$	979,050	
	_				

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Ado	ditions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
Bonds payable						
General obligation payable	\$ 7,070,000	\$	-	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 5,975,000	\$ 785,000
Premium	378,307			61,832	316,475	
Total bonds payable	7,448,307		-	1,156,832	6,291,475	785,000
Governmental activity						
long-term liabilities	\$ 7,448,307	\$		\$ 1,156,832	\$ 6,291,475	\$ 785,000

In the current fiscal year, the District used available debt service fund cash to advance refund \$370,000 of outstanding 2013 general obligation refunding bonds, which had an interest rate of 4.00% and were to mature in fiscal year 2024. The District deposited \$407,000 in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2013 general obligation refunding bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters. The District's insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the District is a participating member. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its member's additional premiums should reserves and annual premium be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GOODYEAR COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1 DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Taxes	\$ 1,086,600	\$ 1,086,600	\$ 1,085,058	\$ (1,542)	
Interest	2,800	2,800	120	(2,680)	
Total revenues	1,089,400	1,089,400	1,085,178	(4,222)	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal	725,000	725,000	1,095,000	(370,000)	
Interest and fiscal charges	307,200	307,200	335,800	(28,600)	
Bond defeasance costs	-	-	9,113	(9,113)	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	493,000	493,000		493,000	
Total expenditures	1,525,200	1,525,200	1,439,913	85,287	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(435,800)	(435,800)	(354,735)	81,065	
Net change in fund balance	(435,800)	(435,800)	(354,735)	81,065	
Fund balance, beginning of year	525,433	525,433	525,433		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 89,633	\$ 89,633	\$ 170,698	\$ 81,065	

OTHER INFORMATION

COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Ad Valorem Taxation in the District

The tables below are shown to indicate (a) for fiscal years 2015-16 through 2021-22, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value of the District, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and (b) for fiscal years 2012-13 through 2014-15, the then-applicable, but now-replaced, Net Secondary Assessed Valuation of the District.

The Full Cash Value and Net Assessed Limited Property Value of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for fiscal years 2015-16 through 2021-22 is as follows:

		Net Assessed Limited
Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Property Value
2021-22	\$1,572,478,638	\$140,714,524
2020-21	1,495,738,231	135,154,459
2019-20	1,388,762,480	128,892,161
2018-19	1,287,922,717	121,618,437
2017-18	1,233,713,917	115,968,583
2016-17	1,128,943,335	110,751,876
2015-16	1,054,710,905	112,118,628

The Full Cash Value and Net Secondary Assessed Valuation of taxable property within the boundaries of the District for the indicated fiscal year is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Full Cash Value	Net Secondary Assessed Valuation		
2014-15	\$881,406,804	\$107,667,651		
2013-14	796,484,270	98,240,111		
2012-13	824.815.959	105,258,644		

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Net Assessed Property Values of Major Taxpayers

The tables below are shown to indicate for fiscal years 2021-22 and 2020-21, the major property taxpayers located within the District, and their 2021-22 and 2020-21 Net Assessed Limited Property Value, utilizing new constitutional and statutory property valuation requirements, and their relative proportion of the total Net Assessed Limited Property Value for the District.

Fiscal Year 2021-22

Taxpayer	2021-22 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation	As Percent of District's 2021-22 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation
VHS OF SOUTH PHOENIX INC	\$16,122,307	11.46%
LITCHFIELD PARK SERVICE COMPANY SEWER	3,970,065	2.82
G&I IX PALM VALLEY PAVILIONS LLC	3,431,508	2.44
DOC-13555 WEST MCDOWELL ROAD MOB LLC	2,452,948	1.74
PALM VALLEY I LLC/ETAL	2,345,139	1.67
TIDES AT PALM VALLEY OWNER LLC	2,190,367	1.56
TERRAZA 17 LLC	2,169,935	1.54
SUP I PALM VALLEY MARKETPLACE LLC	1,836,933	1.31
PMB PALM VALLEY LLC	1,765,533	1.25
LOWES HIW INC	1,610,568	1.14
	\$37,895,303	26.93%

Fiscal Year 2020-21

Taxpayer	2020-21 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation	As Percent of District's 2020-21 Net Assessed Limited Property Valuation
VHS OF SOUTH PHOENIX INC	\$15,354,577	11.36%
FR PV 303 LLC	9,100,383	6.73
ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY	6,816,814	5.04
FR PV 303 PHASE 2 LLC	5,886,278	4.36
LITCHFIELD PARK SERVICE COMPANY SEWER	4,048,904	3.00
FIRST AMERICAN TITLE INS CO TR 7854	3,891,453	2.88
PEBBLECREEK COMMERCIAL LLC	3,850,987	2.85
G&I IX PALM VALLEY PAVILLIONS LLC	3,626,717	2.68
BMB REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS LLC	3,565,005	2.64
PICERNE PEBBLE CREEK LLC	2,554,598	1.89
	\$58,695,716	43.43%

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office, as of January 3, 2022.

COMMUNITY FACILITIES GENERAL DISTRICT NO. 1

Record of Taxes Levied and Collected in the District

Under Arizona law, the Board of Supervisors of the County is required to establish and levy a tax in an amount sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements of the District. Property taxes are levied and collected on property within the District by the Treasurer of the County on behalf of the District. The following table sets forth the tax collection records of the District for the periods shown:

			Collected to June 30th (b)(c)			Total Collections (b)(c)		
Fiscal Year	Real and Secured Personal Property Year Tax Levy (a)			Amount	Percent of Tax Levy		Amount	Percent of Tax Levy
2020-21	\$	1,221,796	\$	1,207,522	98.83%	\$	1,207,522	98.83%
2019-20		1,147,526		1,118,028	97.43		1,147,571	100.00
2018-19		1,081,917		1,072,920	99.17		1,079,082	99.74
2017-18		1,113,299		1,105,074	99.26		1,112,348	99.91
2016-17		937,625		932,280	99.43		932,252	99.43
2015-16		793,239		758,590	95.63		759,721	95.77
2014-15		789,634		775,957	98.27		782,135	99.05
2013-14		982,403		973,418	99.09		978,606	99.61
2012-13		1,052,588		1,033,218	98.16		1,041,261	98.92
2011-12		968,641		949,658	98.04		960,851	99.20

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer's Office.

(c) Reflects collections made through June 30, 2021.

⁽a) Tax levy is as reported by the Treasurer of the County as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August report.

⁽b) Reflects collections made through June 30, the end of the fiscal year, on such year's levy. Property taxes are payable in two installments. The first installment is due on October 1 and becomes delinquent on November 1, but is waived if the full tax year's taxes are paid in full by December 31. The second installment becomes due on March 1 and is delinquent on May 1. Interest at the rate of 16 percent per annum attaches on first and second installments following their delinquent dates. Penalties for delinquent payments are not included in the above collection figures.