Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

City of Goodyear, Arizona Finance Department



CITY OF GOODYEAR ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

The Introductory Section includes the City's Transmittal Letter, the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, List of Principal Officials, and the City's Organizational Chart.



City of Goodyear

Finance Department



November 21, 2022

Honorable Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Goodyear, Arizona:

State law requires that a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants be published annually by cities after the close of each fiscal year. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) to the City of Goodyear, Arizona (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from any material misstatements.

This document represents management's report to its governing body, constituents, legislative and oversight bodies, investors, and creditors. Copies of this report will be made available to elected officials, management personnel, bond rating agencies, Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board's Electronic Municipal Market Access system (EMMA), and other agencies which have expressed interest in the city's financial matters. Copies of this financial report will be placed on the city's website for use by the general public.

The accounting firm of HintonBurdick, PLLC, Certified Public Accountants, an independent public accounting firm, performed the city's annual financial statement audit. The auditors have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion of the City of Goodyear's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report on pages 15-28 and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

CITY OF GOODYEAR PROFILE

The City of Goodyear, incorporated in 1946 and chartered in 1988, started as a small town cultivating cotton for the production of rubber tires during World War I. Located approximately 17 miles west of the downtown Phoenix business district, Goodyear has sustained continued growth and currently encompasses approximately 191 square miles in the western portion of Maricopa County. The city's growth is attributable to excellent transportation corridors, convenient access to the central valley, a

variety of housing options, a sense of community and outstanding school districts. Fiscal year 2022 began with an estimated population of 101,662, according to the Maricopa Association of Governments (MAG).

Goodyear has a Council/Manager form of government consisting of the Mayor and six council members. The Mayor and council members are elected at-large to staggered four-year terms. The City Council is vested with policy and legislative authority and is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committee, commission, and board members, and appointing the positions of City Manager, City Attorney, and City Judge. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, as well as overseeing the day-to-day operations of the city.

In fiscal year 2022 a staff of 837.15 full-time equivalent authorized employees working within 15 different departments performed the various functions of Goodyear's city government. The city provides a full range of municipal services, including police, fire, residential sanitation, water, wastewater, streets, recreational programs, parks, cultural events, public transportation, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. Goodyear offers a wide range of community facilities including the Goodyear Ballpark, library, community center, swimming pool, and 18 parks encompassing 206 acres. In addition, Goodyear continues to attract major employers with its location along Interstate 10 and State Route 303, availability of land, access to the entire region, and available commercial space.

FINANCIAL CONTROLS

Internal Controls

The management of the City of Goodyear is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding: 1) the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and 2) the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The system of internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by management and is also considered by the independent auditors in connection with the annual audit of the city's financial statements. All internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. The city's internal accounting controls are considered to adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Budgetary Controls

The City of Goodyear, like all cities in the State of Arizona, is subject to numerous budget and related legal requirements. Article IX, Section 20 (1) of the Arizona Constitution sets limits on the city's legal budget capacity. At a general election held on March 11, 2003, citizens of Goodyear approved a permanent adjustment of the 1979 expenditure base for population and inflation growth. The city may utilize the additional expenditure authority for any local budgetary purposes. The permanent adjustment eliminated the need for voter approval of Home Rule every four years.

The city maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Mayor and Council. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, enterprise funds, and internal service fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total budget, as adopted by the City Council. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets. The initial budget for the fiscal year may be amended during the year in a legally permissible manner. The City adopts the budget by major program area for the General Fund and by fund for all others. The City Council has adopted a specific budget transfer policy which delegates the authority to perform many transfers to the City Manager or appropriate designee. The City Manager is generally authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within any specific department's expenditure appropriation as well as transfers which are considered administrative in nature. Generally, budget revisions requiring a transfer between major program areas in the General Fund, from City reserves/contingencies or a transfer between funds must be approved by the City Council. In addition to maintaining budgetary control via a formal appropriation, the city maintains an encumbrance accounting system. Encumbrances are made against appropriations upon the issuance of a purchase order. Encumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end and are re-encumbered as needed in the next fiscal year.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Construction activity within the City continues to be a major driver impacting local revenue growth. While it appears from a societal standpoint the worst of the Coronavirus pandemic is behind us, we're still very much dealing with the economic unpredictability not just in Goodyear but across the country. New challenges include widespread labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, and inflation rates not seen in over 40 years. Despite these challenges, the city of Goodyear and Maricopa County continue to see strong growth and ongoing construction activity.

Permits for single-family housing are still being issued at high levels, but are down compared to prior year activity due in large part to a lack of buildable lots and extended construction development cycles related to the challenges stated above. Despite these bottlenecks, our city continues to benefit from growth. In addition to our residential growth, new businesses continue to locate in Goodyear expanding our one-time revenues through permit fees, construction sales taxes, and use tax on equipment. Once completed these new and expanding businesses begin to generate ongoing sales and property taxes for the city, as well as local jobs for our residents, which in turn increases our state shared revenues.

Sales Tax

Goodyear, like all Arizona cities, places significant reliance on city sales tax revenues. Fueled by local growth, sales tax revenues continue to increase year over year. Sales tax revenues for fiscal year 2022 increased by 13% over fiscal year 2021 levels. With the exception of online purchases, all major categories of local sales tax exceeded the prior year's collections. The decrease in online purchase collections were more than offset by increases in retail and restaurant categories as consumer spending patterns normalized after the lifting of all coronavirus related restrictions.

State Shared Revenues

The city receives revenue allocations from the State. These state shared revenues include allocations of the state income tax, sales tax, fuel tax, and motor vehicle license tax. A significant portion of this revenue is placed in the city's general fund where it is used to support day-to-day activities. The city's state shared revenues represented 17% of the general fund, general revenue for fiscal year 2022. This increase is attributable to the growth of the City, resulting in a higher allocation percentage, and a healthy economy statewide, increasing the total amount of shared revenues. But, it should be noted that there were several other factors that affected this year's collections appearing more moderate, including federal tax changes effective in 2019 that increased subsequent state tax liabilities. However, the main reason for the moderate increase is related to the income tax filing extension granted in 2020 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. The filing extension moved the due date from April 2020 to July 2020. Income tax revenue is shared on a two-year delay. Therefore, distributions for FY2022 are based on actual income tax collections received by the Arizona Department of Revenue during FY2020. The result is a significant shift in urban revenue sharing (state income tax) revenues from FY22 to FY23, with FY22 appearing artificially lower and FY23 appearing artificially higher. This was an isolated, one-time event, with the timing issue correcting itself in FY24.

Property Tax

The continued construction activity has had a positive impact on property tax collections, as well. For fiscal year 2022, the city's combined (primary and secondary) property tax rate increased slightly from \$1.7335 to \$1.7350 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Property tax collections, however, increased by more than \$2.3 million due to an increase in the overall valuation fueled by construction throughout the City. The near static rate and increasing property valuations ensures the city's ability to service outstanding debt and maintain basic infrastructure.

For the fiscal year 2023 budget, the Mayor and Council have adopted a total combined property tax rate of \$1.7350 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which represents no change from fiscal year 2022. In accordance with its budget policies, the City is below the targeted combined property tax rate of \$1.74 per \$100 of assessed valuation or less.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

On an annual basis, the City Council reviews progress and determines priorities for the City's long-term strategic plan. Any new funding requests are evaluated in the context of their relationship to the strategic focus areas. The City of Goodyear's mission is as follows:

The City of Goodyear will provide the finest municipal services and promote a quality environment to enhance our community's prosperity through citizen and employee participation. We are committed to the stewardship of resources and fulfillment of the public trust.

Four focus priorities are identified within the Strategic Action Plan:

- 1. <u>Fiscal and Resource Management</u>: Maintaining a long-term view, we manage our fiscal, human, and physical resources in an efficient and effective manner. This effort is aligned across the organization with an emphasis on transparency. The city's business practices will be efficient, business friendly, and ensure exceptional customer service to all stakeholders and citizens.
- 2. <u>Economic Vitality</u>: We will continue to ensure the prosperity of our community by increasing the growth of our economy through diversity of industry, business investment, quality job creation, education, and tourism. To support this growing economy, we will invest in transportation and infrastructure and seek high quality retail and entertainment opportunities.
- 3. <u>Sense of Community</u>: The city will cultivate a sense of pride through programs, gathering places, and events where the community can come together to participate in opportunities of learning and recreation. We will continue to make Goodyear residents feel connected to their city government through community engagement, outstanding customer service, and clear, accessible communication.
- 4. <u>Quality of Life</u>: We will continue to make Goodyear a place to live, work, and play that provides diverse activities and amenities in a safe and well-maintained environment, while supporting the arts and promoting the health and wellness of our community.

The Strategic Action Plan establishes a road map of key strategic initiatives that best advance the vision for the city and is aligned with other planning documents used by the city, including departmental plans (which include specific strategic plans, master plans, and operational plans) which guide department priorities and individual employee performance evaluation goals. For each of these four focus priorities, long-range goals have been identified and assigned to various departments for follow-up. These priorities are also a key fundamental factor in the development of the city's annual budget. Within each of the four focus areas, Goodyear City Council has adopted Guiding Principles to inform the way city business is carried out across the entire organization.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Goodyear is an award-winning community that provides a high quality of life with its master-planned communities, excellent schools, health care, trail systems and entertainment options, including major league sports venues.

- Goodyear was named by the U.S. Census Bureau to the Top 10 Fastest Growing Cities in the Nation.
- The most recent Citizen Satisfaction Survey revealed that 95% of residents surveyed rated Goodyear as an excellent-good place to live and 9 in 10 residents would recommend and remain in Goodyear.
- Money magazine and 24/7 Wall St. both rated Goodyear one of the "Best Places to Live."
- Movoto ranked Goodyear in its top 10 for "Best Places Near Phoenix for Young Professionals" and "Best Phoenix Suburb for Young Couples."
- A NerdWallet study ranked Goodyear as one of the best cities in the nation for veterans, based on the level of economic opportunity for veterans.

During fiscal year 2022, the city finalized the construction of the Goodyear Recreation Campus that includes a 30-acre park, recreation center, and an aquatics facility which opened on July 3, 2021. Additionally, the city nearly finalized the construction of the Goodyear Civic Square at GSQ, which opened on July 18, 2022. This public/private partnership includes 100,000 square feet of Class A office space in addition to a library, city hall, and public park. Other projects of significance funded in FY2022 include the new surface water treatment facility, a fire station, improvements to the police administration building, and several streets projects.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Certificates of Achievement

Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Goodyear, Arizona, for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The City's application for the annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is currently pending.

The City has achieved this prestigious award every year since 2007. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the city also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the highest form of recognition in governmental budgeting, for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021. The City has received this award every year since 1994.

Acknowledgement

The preparation of this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the dedicated commitment of every member of the Finance Department. We also wish to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council, the city's Audit Committee, and the City Manager's Office for their continued support in planning and conducting the financial affairs of the city in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Doug Sandstrom

Finance Director

City of Goodyear Finance Department



November 21, 2022

Honorable Mayor, City Council, City Manager, and Citizens of the City of Goodyear, Arizona:

RE: Certificates of Achievement

The City's application for the annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 is currently pending review. According to a statement published on the GFOA's website (https://www.gfoa.org/coa-award), there is an approximate nine-month lag from the time of submission:

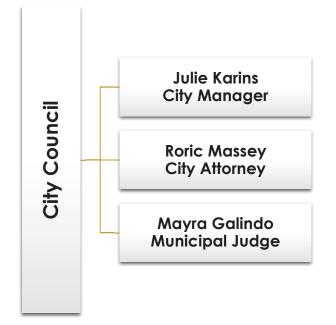
"We try to complete reviews within six months of receiving applications. GFOA's efforts to deal with COVID-19 and to ensure a successful implementation of the AMS have temporarily lengthened the turnaround time for the Certificate award decisions. Our current turnaround time is approximately nine months, but we are working hard to reduce that time frame back to the normal time of six months. Thank you for your patience as we resolve this temporary backlog."

The City has achieved this prestigious award every year since 2007. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. We believe that our FY21 submission of the annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are looking forward to the results of GFOA's review.

Goodyear Citizens

City Council									
	Joe Pizzillo Mayor								
Sales Sa	Brannon Hampton Vice Mayor								
	Sheri Lauritano Councilmember								
	Wally Campbell Councilmember								
	Bill Stipp Councilmember								
	Laura Kaino Councilmember								
	Patrick Bray Councilmember								



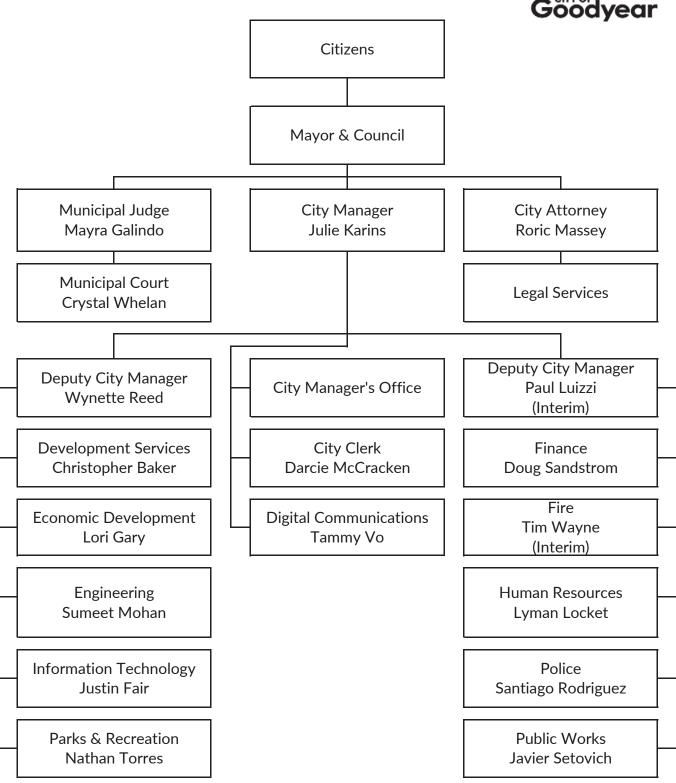


Effective: April 1, 2022

Organizational Chart Departments (15)

Effective: February 2022







FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial Section includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Audited Financial Statements, Notes to the Audited Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, and Other Supplementary Information.





Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Goodyear, Arizona

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goodyear, Arizona, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The City's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued or when applicable, one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the pension and OPEB schedules as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in



accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The *combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona November 21, 2022



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Management is pleased to provide readers of the City of Goodyear, Arizona (City) financial statements this overview and analysis for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This narrative is designed to (1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the City's financial position, (4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved annual budget), and (5) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a unique focus and serves a different purpose than the letter of transmittal. However, the MD&A is designed to be read in conjunction with the letter of transmittal, the financial statements and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ◆ The City's government-wide assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1.125B (net position) at the close of fiscal year 2022. Of this amount, \$163M represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ♦ The \$114 million increase in net position of the City is primarily driven by an \$80M net increase in fixed assets, of which \$36M was attributable to an increase in Land and a \$33M increase in Buildings.
- ♦ As of the close of fiscal year 2022, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$302 million, an increase of \$48.6 million (19 percent) in comparison with the prior year fund balance of \$253 million.
- ♦ At June 30, 2022, total unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds is \$62.8 million, an increase of \$33.73 million from the prior fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This overview provides an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. All of the activities of the City, except those of a fiduciary nature, are included in these statements. The activities of the City are shown in two columns on these

statements – governmental activities and business-type activities. A total column, combining the two activities is also provided.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources, with the net of all categories being reported as the City's *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The **Statement of Activities** presents information demonstrating how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year as compared with the previous fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences). The net revenue (expenses) show the financial burden that was placed on the City's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits that are provided by that function.

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as general government (administration), public safety (police, fire and court), highways and streets, public works, culture and recreation, and development services. These activities are generally supported by taxes and general revenues.
- **Business-type activities** The services provided by the City included here are water, wastewater, and sanitation services. These activities are primarily supported through user charges or fees.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the operations of 10 Community Facilities Districts. Although legally separate from the City, these component units are blended with the primary government because of their governance and financial relationship to the City. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the City of Goodyear's website www.goodyearaz.gov/cfd.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of*

spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Since the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains ten (10) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Non-Utility Development Impact Fees – Capital Projects, GO Bond – Capital Projects, McDowell Road Commercial Corridor Improvement District – Debt Service, and Community Facilities Districts – Debt Service, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five (5) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated Non-major Funds column for presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided as Supplementary Information, in the form of combining statements and schedules.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains three (3) proprietary funds. Proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) utilize full accrual accounting, the same method used by private sector business. The City uses separate enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, and sanitation services. These funds are considered to be major funds of the City. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City has one internal service fund, the Self-Insurance Trust. The Self-Insurance Trust Fund reports activities related to self-insurance for employee health benefits. The internal service fund activities are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements.

Fiduciary Funds. The City maintains five (5) fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting method used for fiduciary funds is similar to the accounting method used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's

budget to actual comparison and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and OPEB benefits to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Major Governmental Funds.

Budget to actual comparison schedules for the enterprise funds are presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Other Funds section.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following tables, graphs and analysis discuss the financial position and changes to the financial position of the City, as a whole, as of the year ended June 30, 2022 with comparative information for the previous year.

Net Position

The following table was derived from the current and prior year Statement of Net Position:

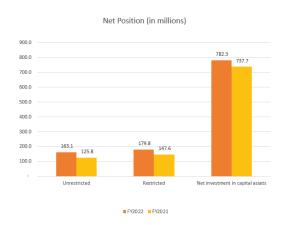
	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 417,442,804	\$ 365,555,820	\$ 67,372,928	\$ 87,244,683	\$ 484,815,732	\$ 452,800,503	
Capital assets, net	772,264,120	707,505,519	465,733,213	451,174,855	1,237,997,333	1,158,680,374	
Total assets	1,189,706,923	1,073,061,338	533,106,141	538,419,538	1,722,813,064	1,611,480,876	
Deferred outflows	40,014,534	62,456,589	4,654,329	4,554,152	44,668,863	67,010,741	
Current and other liabilities	57,310,230	79,860,191	7,108,239	19,870,555	64,418,469	99,730,746	
Long-term liabilities	345,537,906	362,114,922	199,080,093	201,203,668	544,617,999	563,318,590	
Total liabilities	402,848,136	441,975,113	206,188,332	221,074,223	609,036,468	663,049,336	
Deferred inflows	31,300,925	4,176,583	1,956,781	151,406	33,257,706	4,327,989	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	505,965,429	435,167,043	276,352,992	302,551,844	782,318,421	737,718,887	
Restricted for:							
Charter mandates	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital projects	26,425,693	38,019,761	20,881,614	-	47,307,307	38,019,761	
Community facilities	6,586,516	5,643,082	-	-	6,586,516	5,643,082	
Debt service	42,926,278	46,045,911	396,377	-	43,322,655	46,045,911	
Other purposes	82,740,935	57,862,298	-	-	82,740,935	57,862,298	
Unrestricted	130,927,545	106,628,136	31,984,374	19,196,217	162,911,919	125,824,353	
Total net position	\$ 795,572,396	\$ 689,366,231	\$329,615,357	\$ 321,748,061	\$ 1,125,187,753	\$1,011,114,292	

The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.125 billion at the close of fiscal year 2022 and by \$1.011 billion in 2021, providing an overall increase in the City's net position of \$114 million. Here are the major factors driving the overall increase:

 Current and other assets increased by \$32 million. Governmental activities increased \$51.9M primarily due to a \$37M increase in cash and investments from the issuance of general obligation bonds, related to the funding of public safety, fire protection, transportation, and street and highway improvements and funds received from the State of Arizona, Department of Transportation for a specific project; \$7M due to the recording of a Lease Receivable from the implementation of GASB87, with the remainder of the increase attributable to an increase in Tax and Intergovernmental Receivables. This was offset by a \$19.9 million decrease in cash related to the spending down of bond funds related to Water and Wastewater CIP projects.

- Capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$79.3 million. An increase in Land and Land Improvements accounts for \$36.2 million of the increase, related to a 30-acre park, the recreation campus, and other properties; \$43.6 million is attributable to an increase Buildings, related to the construction of a fire station, and an aquatics and recreation facility. The increase was offset by current year depreciation.
- Deferred outflows decreased by \$22.3 million, related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Deferred inflows increased by 28.9 million, related to pensions and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and leases (from the implementation of GASB-87).
- Current and other liabilities decreased by \$35.3 million, attributable to a decrease in accounts payable and deposits received from developers.
- Long-term liabilities decreased by \$18.7 million, attributable to a decrease in Net Pension and OPEB Liability.

The largest portion of the City's net position totaling \$782.3 million (69.53% of total net position) reflects its net investment in capital (land and improvements, artwork, construction in progress, right of way, water rights, infrastructure, streetscape, buildings improvements, vehicles, furniture, and equipment), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending.



Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other resources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Approximately \$180.0 million, or 15.99% of government-wide fund balance represents resources that are restricted, meaning that they are subject to internal or external use restrictions.

The remaining balance of \$162.9 million, or 14.48%, of government-wide fund balance is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net position, for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, the net position for governmental activities increased \$106.2 million from the prior fiscal year for an ending balance of \$795.6 million. The change was driven by an increase in cash related to debt proceeds received during the year, and capital assets.

Business-type Activities

The City's business-type activities reported an increase of \$7.9 million in net position bringing the total net position to \$329.6 million. The change was driven by an increase in construction in progress, buildings, and infrastructure, offset by a decrease in restricted cash. Restricted cash decreased as debt proceeds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of the fixed assets mentioned.

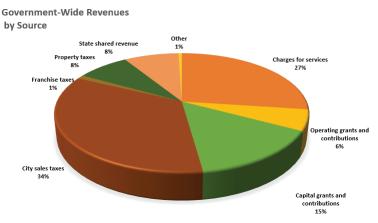
Changes in Net Position

The following table compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year:

		Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Government		
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	35,868,174	\$ 38,088,917	\$ 61,078,284	\$ 71,026,425	\$ 96,946,458	\$ 109,115,342	
Operating grants and contributions		20,334,900	9,587,222	-	-	20,334,900	9,587,222	
Capital grants and contributions		42,192,506	30,499,488	11,254,372	26,481,652	53,446,878	56,981,140	
General revenues:								
City sales taxes		122,858,885	108,495,439	-	-	122,858,885	108,495,439	
Franchise taxes		3,880,685	3,604,030	-	-	3,880,685	3,604,030	
Property taxes		28,180,626	25,858,467	-	-	28,180,626	25,858,467	
State shared revenue		29,850,191	26,494,716	-	-	29,850,191	26,494,716	
Unrestricted Investment earnings		(3,080,671)	899,168	33,866	(461,996)	(3,046,805)	437,172	
Miscellaneous		1,240,870	309,020	35,570	113,950	1,276,440	422,970	
Total revenues		281,326,166	243,836,467	72,402,092	97,160,031	353,728,258	340,996,498	
Expenses:								
General government		34,157,389	31,006,001	-	-	34,157,389	31,006,001	
Public safety		64,651,123	60,372,627	-	-	64,651,123	60,372,627	
Highways and streets		23,563,017	21,439,214	-	-	23,563,017	21,439,214	
Public works		5,602,891	9,655,317	-	-	5,602,891	9,655,317	
Culture and recreation		25,843,304	19,716,170	-	-	25,843,304	19,716,170	
Development services		14,906,593	11,665,512	-	-	14,906,593	11,665,512	
Interest on long-term debt		9,236,464	10,360,626	-	-	9,236,464	10,360,626	
Water and wastewater		-	-	49,204,444	48,483,586	49,204,444	48,483,586	
Sanitation		-		7,314,418	6,547,622	7,314,418	6,547,622	
Total expenses		177,960,781	164,215,467	56,518,862	55,031,208	234,479,643	219,246,675	
Net Surplus (Deficit) before Transfers		103,365,385	79,621,000	15,883,230	42,128,823	119,248,615	121,749,823	
Net Transfers		8,015,934	6,900,553	(8,015,934)	(6,900,553)	-	-	
Net Surplus (Deficit)	_	111,381,319	86,521,553	7,867,296	35,228,270	119,248,615	121,749,823	
Net position, beginning of the year		689,366,231	602,844,678	321,748,061	286,519,791	1,011,114,292	889,364,469	
Changes in net position		111,381,319	86,521,553	7,867,296	35,228,270	119,248,615	121,749,823	
Prior period adjustment		(5,175,154)	,	,,	,,	(5,175,154)	7,	
Net position, ending of the year	Ś	795,572,396	\$ 689,366,231	\$329,615,357	\$ 321,748,061	\$ 1,125,187,753	\$1,011,114,292	
	_	, . , . , . , . , . , . , . , .	Ţ,500,E32	7,-20,007	7, 10,002	+ -,,201,100	7-,,	

FY22 total revenues totaled \$354M, an increase of \$12.7M when compared to the previous year. General Revenues increased \$17.7M, with the majority of the increase attributable to City Sales Tax Revenue. The increase was offset by a decrease in Program Revenues of \$4.955M. Although Operating Grants & Contributions increased by \$10.8 million, Charges for

Services and Capital Grants & Contributions decreased by \$12.2 million and \$3.5 million, respectively. The pie chart provides an illustration of government-wide revenues by source.



Government-Wide Revenues

Governmental activities account for 79.53% of total revenues,

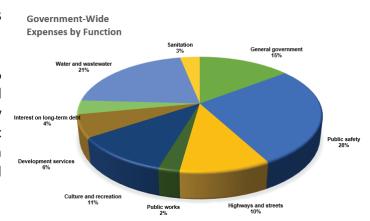
compared to 71.51% the prior year. The City's sales tax revenue increased \$14.4 million, to \$122.9M, due to increased construction activity and population growth. Operating grants and contributions, capital grants and contributions, franchise tax, property tax, state shared revenues, and miscellaneous revenues increased \$10.8 million, \$11.7 million, \$276 thousand, \$2.3 million, \$3.4 million, and \$932 thousand, respectively, as a result of the continued increase in commercial and residential development within the City. The increase was offset by decreases in charge for services and unrestricted investment earnings, in the amount of \$2.2 million and \$4 million, respectively.

Business-type activities account for 20.47% of total revenues, compared to 28.49% the prior year. Unrestricted investment earnings increased \$500 thousand. Charges for services, capital grants and contributions and miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$10 million, \$15.2 million, and \$78 thousand, respectively.

Government-Wide Expenses

The following pie chart illustrates government-wide expenses by function.

Governmental activities account for 75.9% of expenses, and include the General Government (14.6%), Public Safety (27.6%), Highway and Streets (10%), Public Works (2.4%), Culture and Recreation (11.0%), Development Services (6.4%), and Interest on long-term debt (3.9%).



Business-type activities account for 24.10% of total expenses, with Water and Wastewater accounting for 21% and Sanitation accounting for 3.1%.

As shown in the Net Position table on the previous pages, FY22 total expenses totaled \$234.5M, an increase of \$15.2M when compared to the previous year. The total change in expenses were attributable to the following:

- Governmental activities account for \$13.8M of the change, with General Government, Public Safety, Highway and Streets, Culture and Recreation and Development Services accounting for \$3.2 million, \$4.3 million, \$2.1 million, \$6.1 million, and \$3.2 million of the increase, respectively. This was offset by a decrease in Public Works and Interest of \$4.1 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.
- Bustiness-type activities account for \$1.4M of the increase, with Water and Wastewater and Sanitation accounting for \$720 thousand and \$767 thousand, respectively.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City maintains fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with budgetary and legal requirements. The following is a brief discussion of financial highlights from the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. All major governmental funds are discreetly presented on these financial statements, while non-major funds are combined into a single column.

At the end of FY22, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$301.6 million, which is an increase of \$48.6 million, or 19%, from the previous year. The change in fund balance is due primarily to an increase in investments and restricted cash and investments, related to bond proceeds received in FY22. Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, and Unassigned Fund balances changed by (\$1.3 million), \$15.1 million, \$1.0 million, and \$33.7 million, respectively.

Revenues for governmental functions overall totaled \$263.6 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, which represents an increase of \$32.5 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase is attributable to Tax Revenue, Intergovernmental Revenue, Charges for Services, Fines and Forfeitures, and Other Revenues in the amount of \$16.8 million, \$23.7 million, \$309 thousand, \$101 thousand, and \$585 thousand, respectively. These were offset by a decrease in Licenses, Permits and Fees, Investment Income, Special Assessments, and Contributions, in the amount of \$2.4 million, \$4 million, \$453 thousand, and \$2.1 million, respectively.

The expenditures for governmental functions totaled \$250.3 million, a decrease of \$7.6 million from the prior year. The decrease can be attributed to Public Safety, Public Works,

Capital Outlay, Debt Issuance Costs, and Principal and Interest in the amount of \$12.6 million, \$392 thousand, \$1.1 million, \$267 thousand, \$3.8 million and \$288 thousand, respectively. This was offset by increases in General Government, Highway and Streets, Culture and Recreation, and Development Services in the amount of \$2.3 million, \$555 thousand, \$.1 million, and \$2.8 million, respectively.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$63.2 million, while total fund balance increased to \$179.1 million. As a measure of the General Fund's solvency, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents approximately 25.26% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents approximately 71.55% percent of general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the Non-Utility Development Impact Fee Capital Projects Fund increased by \$24.6 million to \$80.3 million. The increase is predominately driven by development impact fee revenues and construction sales tax.

The fund balance of the General Obligation / Capital Expenditure Fund decreased by \$11.6 million to \$26.4 million. FY22 Capital outlays totaled \$60.4 million, with the Civic Square project accounting for the majority of expenses.

The fund balance of the McDowell Road Commercial Corridor – Debt Service increased \$704 thousand to \$936 thousand. There were special assessment collections of \$3.6 million and principal and interest payments of \$2.9 million.

The fund balance of the Community Facilities District – Debt Service fund increased by \$98 thousand to \$1.4 million. Revenues totaled \$9.3 million, and principal and interest payments were \$9.2 million.

The fund balance for the Non-Major funds increased by \$2.9 million to \$13.5 million. FY22 expenses of \$38.3 million were \$1.8 million more than the prior year. General Government and Public Safety expenses decreased \$4.5 million and \$10 thousand, respectively, compared to the previous year. The decrease in General Government expenses was attributable to less developer reimbursements paid by the CFDs. This was offset by an increase in expenses in Public Works, Culture & Recreation, Development Services, Capital, and Debt in the amount of \$550 thousand, \$1.2 million, \$200 thousand, \$2.8 million, and \$1.6 million.

Proprietary Funds

The proprietary fund financial statements are prepared on the same accounting basis and measurement focus as the government-wide financial statements, but provide additional detail since each major enterprise fund is shown discretely.

The proprietary funds net position totals \$329.6 million, an increase of \$7.9 million from the previous fiscal year. The net position for Water and Wastewater totaled \$325 million, an increase of \$8.95 million when compared to the prior year. The net position for Sanitation totaled \$4.6 million, a decrease of \$1.1 million when compared to last year.

FY22 operating revenues from Water and & Wastewater activities totaled \$53.4 million, a decrease of \$9.6 million from the prior year. Non-operating revenues of \$11.3 million were \$15.2 million less than the previous year, as major projects were completed and related developer contributions had been substantially paid in full. FY22 operating expenses of \$43.1 million were \$910 thousand more than the prior year; salaries, wages and benefits were \$169 thousand more than the previous year; cost of sales / services was \$11 thousand more than the previous year; and depreciation was \$730 thousand more than the previous year. Nonoperating interest expense and fiscal charges totaled \$6.2 million, a decrease of \$189 thousand from the previous year.

FY22 operating revenues from Sanitation activities totaled \$7.68 million, a decrease of \$359 thousand from the previous year. FY22 operating expenses of \$7.3 million were \$767 thousand more when compared to the prior year.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the City. The schedules filed with the Auditor General's office list the original budget adopted for the prior year, estimated expenditures through the end of the fiscal year and the adopted current year's budget. Budgetary comparison schedules are required for the General Fund, all major funds, non-major funds and enterprise funds. The General Fund budgetary comparison schedule can be found in the Required Supplementary Information section. The other budgetary comparison schedules can be found in the Other Supplementary Information section.

Following are the budgetary highlights for the General Fund:

As shown in the "General Fund Revenues" chart, FY22 actual revenues exceeded budget in the Tax, Licenses and Permits, and Intergovernmental Revenue.

 Tax revenues, which consist of City Sales Tax, Construction Sales Tax, Property Tax and Franchise fees exceeded the budget by \$33.8 million. The variance is attributable to increased residential and commercial construction activity, increased property tax valuation and an increased sales tax base.

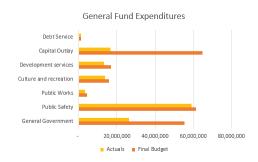


 Licenses and Permits, which consists of inspection fees, engineer permits, plan review, zoning, development services fees, business licenses, liquor licenses, other licenses, permits and fees were \$207 thousand more than plan.

 Intergovernmental revenues, state income tax, vehicle license tax, and state sales tax exceeded budget by \$14.7 million. The resulting population expansion, discussed previously, also increases the percentage of state shared revenues received by the City.

As shown in the "General Fund Expenditures" chart, FY22 actual expenditures were less than budget in each category, except Debt Service, which had a minimal \$15 thousand variance. The two largest positive variances were as follows:

 General Government actual expenditures of \$26.4 million were \$28.9 million less than a budget of \$55.287 million. The positive variance was attributable to a contingency



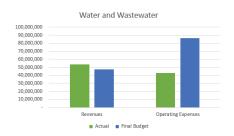
- reserve of \$23.8 million and positive variances in all general government departments.
- Capital Outlays of \$16.8 million were \$48.2 million less than a budget of \$64.9 million.

Following are the budgetary highlights for the Other Major Governmental Funds:

- Non-Utility Development Impact Fees Actual revenues of \$29.5 million are \$11.9 million more than a final budget of \$17.5 million. Tax revenue and development impact fees were \$3.3 and \$8.4 million more than plan.
- GO Bonds / Capital Project Funds Actual expenditures are \$80.2 million less than a final budget of \$140 million. The variance represents a timing difference based on when a project is completed. For example, the FY22 budget includes the total capital outlay of \$9.675 million for the Police Building Phase II project. However, FY22 actual expenditures totaled \$2.77 million. The difference of \$6.9 million is anticipated to be spent in subsequent years.
- McDowell Road Commercial Corridor Actual revenues of \$3.641 million were \$68
 thousand more than a budget amount of \$3.574 million. The variance is attributable
 to additional special assessment payments received from residents in the McDowell
 Road Commercial Corridor.
- Community Facilities Districts, Debt Service Funds Actual revenues of \$9.3 million were \$314 thousand more than anticipated. Actual expenditures of \$9.2 million were \$658 thousand less than plan.

Following are the budgetary highlights for Water, Wastewater and Sanitation:

 Water and Wastewater – Change in Net Position of \$8.95 million was \$53.7 million favorable to a planned use in fund balance of \$44.7 million.
 Revenues of \$53.4 million were \$5.953 million



more than a plan of \$47.4 million. Operating expenses of \$43.1 million were \$43.5 million less than a plan of \$86.5 million. The variance in expenditures is related to the budget authority required for capital outlays which are included in the expense budget. Non-operating expenses of \$6.1 million were \$5.986 million less than a plan of \$12.1 million, attributable to a positive variance interest and debt costs.

• Sanitation – Change in Net Position of (\$1.1 million) was \$4.4 million favorable to a planned use of fund balance of \$5.5 million. Revenues were \$18 thousand less than a plan of \$7.7 million. Operating expenses of \$7.3 million were \$4.4 million less than a plan of \$11.7 million. Non-operating revenues of \$9 thousand were \$16 thousand less than plan, with less than expected investment income.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$1.237 billion. Capital assets include land and improvements, artwork, construction in progress, right of way, water rights, streetscape, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and the rights to use assets (leased assets). In total, there was an increase of \$139 million from the prior year.

	 Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total Primary Government				
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2020
Land and improvements	\$ 67,840,738	\$	32,197,555	\$	8,155,895	\$	8,155,895	\$	75,996,633	\$	40,353,450
Artwork	371,130		371,130		146,978		146,978		518,108		518,108
Construction in progress	78,684,688		86,118,710	1	23,940,030	1	11,469,677		202,624,718		197,588,387
Right of way	90,875,981		90,844,947		-		-		90,875,981		90,844,947
Water rights	-		-		18,307,453		18,497,925		18,307,453		18,497,925
Streetscape	9,061,008		9,061,008		-		-		9,061,008		9,061,008
Infrastructure	263,054,684	2	261,427,933	1	73,157,312	1	70,564,601		436,211,996		431,992,534
Building and improvements	235,519,310	2	201,542,550	1	33,772,846	1	35,032,542		369,292,156		336,575,092
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	26,781,171		25,941,686		8,252,699		7,307,237		35,033,870		33,248,923
Rights to use assets (leased assets)	75,410		-		-		-		75,410		-
Total	\$ 772,264,120	\$ 7	707,505,519	\$4	65,733,213	\$4	51,174,855	\$1	1,237,997,333	\$1	,158,680,374

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$456.5 million. Of this amount \$150.6 million is in general obligation bonds backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$67.2 million is in Community Facilities Districts bonds which are paid by the property owners within those districts, \$236.5 million is in revenue bonds which are payable from user fees, assessments, and general fund revenues and \$2.5 million in loans payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) which is payable from user fees. The following schedule shows the outstanding debt obligation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

	 Governmental Activities			Business-ty	Total Primary Government				
	2022		2021	2022	2021		2022		2021
General obligation bonds	\$ 113,133,855	\$	94,324,555	\$ 37,421,145	\$ 40,480,447	\$	150,555,000	\$	134,805,002
Community facilities districts bonds	67,187,000		72,888,000	-	-		67,187,000		72,888,000
Lease payable	79,374		-	-	-		79,374		-
Loan payable	-		-	2,198,125	2,488,002		2,198,125		2,488,002
Revenue bonds	99,396,237		110,298,918	137,125,000	139,065,000		236,521,237		249,363,918
Totals	\$ 279,796,466	\$	277,511,473	\$176,744,270	\$ 182,033,449	\$	456,540,736	\$	459,544,922

The State constitution limits the amount of general obligation debt a city may issue to six percent (6%) of its total net full cash assessed property valuation. The current six percent debt limitation for the City is \$95.183 million. The City has \$36.485 million of outstanding revenue obligation bonds subject to the 6% limit. In addition, the State constitution limit allows a city to issue an additional twenty percent (20%) of its total net full cash assessed property valuation for water, wastewater, lights, transportation, public safety, open space preserves, parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities. The current 20 % debt limitation for the City is \$317.3 million. The City has \$114.1 million of outstanding general obligation debt of which all is subject to the 20% limit.

During the year, the City maintained the following bond ratings, as of June 30, 2022:

	Moody's	Standard &	
Type of Debt	Investors Service	Poor's	Fitch Ratings
General Obligation	Aa1	AA+	N/R
Water & Wastewater Revenue Debt			
Senior Lien Water & Sewer Revenue Debt	Aa3	AA-	N/R
Subordiate Lien Water & Sewer Revenue Debt	Aa3	A+	N/R
Excise Tax and Public Improvement Corporation Debi	t Aa2	AA+	N/R
Improvement District Bonds	Aa2	Α	N/R

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Notes 5 through 9.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

While it appears from a societal standpoint the worst of the Coronavirus pandemic is behind us, we're still very much dealing with the economic unpredictability not just in Goodyear but across the country. New challenges include widespread labor shortages, supply chain disruptions, and inflation rates not seen in over 40 years. Despite these challenges, the city of Goodyear and Maricopa County continue to see strong growth and ongoing construction activity allowing the city to make progress with our strategic and community priorities while still working within the conservative boundaries of our City Council adopted financial policies.

While still being issued at high levels, permits for single-family housing are down compared to prior year activity due in large part to a lack of buildable lots and extended construction development cycles related to the challenges stated above. Despite these bottlenecks, our city continues to benefit from growth and is currently estimated at just under 102,000 residents. In addition to our residential growth, new businesses continue to locate in Goodyear expanding our one-time revenues through permit fees, construction sales taxes,

and use tax on equipment. Once completed these new and expanding businesses begin to generate ongoing sales and property taxes for the city, as well as local jobs for our residents, which in turn increases our state shared revenues.

The ongoing impact of growth on city revenues continues to materialize. For FY2023, newly constructed properties added \$94.7 million of assessed value to the city. Assessed valuation growth of existing properties grew by 2.4% which is in line with state law limiting assessed valuation growth. These property values serve as the base for both Primary and Secondary property taxes. Primary property tax revenue supports the day-to-day General Fund operating budget and is constrained to 2% growth over the prior year plus a levy on new properties. Secondary property taxes support voter-approved General Obligation bonded debt service.

Local economic forecasts for the Phoenix Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) predict annual personal income growth of 1.4% in CY2022. Personal income growth is lagging inflation which has impacted the housing market considerably making living in the greater Phoenix area noticeably less affordable than it was one to two years ago. The median price of a home in Goodyear has risen by 33.8% to \$477,000. This, among other factors, has led to a tremendous increase in the construction of multi-family dwelling units throughout the city.

On a statewide basis, retail sales are projected to grow by 3.4% in CY2022 and 2.6% in CY2023. Goodyear local sales taxes have consistently performed above these statewide economic measures that are indicative of local taxable spending. Our sales tax projections for retail sales include growth rates of 4.5% to 5.0% annually with actual total non-construction sales tax growth anticipated to continue to exceed these conservative estimates over the next five years.

The City continues to budget conservatively, with an emphasis on using one-time revenues for one-time expenses. The fiscal year 2023 budget focuses on providing services to the rapidly growing population and business base. A key feature is the addition of funding for the operations of newly completed and anticipated capital projects. The City also monitors the local, regional, and national economies, most notably the construction labor and materials markets, in order to be ready to adapt to any changes, while still positioning ourselves for future growth.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the resources it receives. A copy of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is available on-line at www.goodyearaz.gov. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the City of Goodyear, 1900 N. Civic Square, Goodyear, Arizona 85395 or by email at gyfinance@goodyearaz.gov.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 124,002,021	\$ 59,410,378	\$ 183,412,399
Investments	177,422,544	977,275	178,399,819
Receivables (net of allowance)	61,995,676	5,038,413	67,034,089
Leases receivable	6,659,301	-	6,659,301
Inventory	1,327,477	1,276,801	2,604,278
Prepaid items/deposits	397,376	1,270,001	397,376
Net pension/OPEB asset	1,861,629	211,705	
*	1,001,029	211,703	2,073,334
Temporarily restricted assets:	42 101 520	450.256	42 550 004
Cash and cash equivalents	42,101,530	458,356	42,559,886
Notes receivable	1,675,250	-	1,675,250
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land	36,219,456	8,155,895	44,375,351
Artwork	371,130	146,978	518,108
Right of way	90,875,981	-	90,875,981
Streetscape	9,061,008	-	9,061,008
Construction in progress	78,684,688	123,940,030	202,624,718
Buildings	235,519,310	133,772,846	369,292,156
Infrastructure	263,054,684	173,157,312	436,211,996
Land improvements	31,621,281	-	31,621,281
Vehicles, furniture, and equipment	26,781,171	8,252,699	35,033,870
Water rights	20,701,171	18,307,453	18,307,453
Right to use asset	75,410	10,507,755	75,410
•			
Total assets	1,189,706,923	533,106,141	1,722,813,064
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB	34,431,225	1,870,296	36,301,521
Deferred charge on refunding	5,583,309	2,784,033	8,367,342
Total deferred outflows	40,014,534	4,654,329	44,668,863
Total deferred outflows Liabilities	40,014,534	4,654,329	44,668,863
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities	40,014,534		28,011,960
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable	22,808,089 1,012,984	4,654,329 5,203,871	28,011,96 1,012,98
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871	4,654,329	28,011,96 1,012,98 31,910,239
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues	22,808,089 1,012,984	4,654,329 5,203,871	28,011,96 1,012,98 31,910,23
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities:	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871	4,654,329 5,203,871	28,011,96 1,012,98 31,910,239
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871	4,654,329 5,203,871	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities:	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286	5,203,871 - 1,904,368	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,280 33,889,839
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,417
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,417 43,229,740
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,417 43,229,740
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830	28,011,960 1,012,98- 31,910,239 3,483,280 33,889,839 467,498,41' 43,229,74; 609,036,460
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332	28,011,960 1,012,98- 31,910,239 3,483,280 33,889,839 467,498,41° 43,229,74; 609,036,460
Total deferred outflows Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332	
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136	5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332	28,011,960 1,012,98- 31,910,239 3,483,280 33,889,839 467,498,41° 43,229,74; 609,036,460 26,593,618 6,664,089
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 - 1,956,781	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,417 43,229,742 609,036,468 26,593,618 6,664,089 33,257,706
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136	5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,417 43,229,742 609,036,468 26,593,618 6,664,089 33,257,706
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 - 1,956,781	28,011,966 1,012,98 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,410 43,229,740 609,036,466 26,593,610 6,664,080 33,257,706
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925	5,203,871 - 1,904,368 - 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 - 1,956,781	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,411 43,229,742 609,036,468 26,593,618 6,664,089 33,257,706
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925	4,654,329 5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 1,956,781 276,352,992	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,411 43,229,742 609,036,468 26,593,618 6,664,089 33,257,706 782,318,42
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925 505,965,429 26,425,693	4,654,329 5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 1,956,781 276,352,992	28,011,966 1,012,98 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,411 43,229,741 609,036,466 26,593,611 6,664,089 33,257,706 782,318,42 47,307,301 6,586,516
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Community facilities Debt service	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925 505,965,429 26,425,693 6,586,516 42,926,278	4,654,329 5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 1,956,781 276,352,992 20,881,614	28,011,966 1,012,984 31,910,239 3,483,286 33,889,839 467,498,411 43,229,742 609,036,468 26,593,618 6,664,089 33,257,706 782,318,42 47,307,301 6,586,516 43,322,652
Liabilities Accounts payable and other current liabilities Interest payable Deposits Unearned revenues Noncurrent liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension and OPEB liability Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows related to leases Total deferred inflows Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Capital projects Community facilities	22,808,089 1,012,984 30,005,871 3,483,286 27,954,580 279,960,413 37,622,913 402,848,136 24,636,837 6,664,088 31,300,925 505,965,429 26,425,693 6,586,516	4,654,329 5,203,871 1,904,368 5,935,259 187,538,004 5,606,830 206,188,332 1,956,781 1,956,781 276,352,992 20,881,614	28,011,960 1,012,98- 31,910,239 3,483,280 33,889,839 467,498,41° 43,229,74; 609,036,460 26,593,618 6,664,089

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Prog	Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants & ontributions	Capital Grants & Contributions		
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	34,157,389	\$	4,052,068	\$	3,431,239	\$	1,967,363	
Public safety		64,651,123		8,569,570		7,947,775		7,272,688	
Highways and streets		23,563,017		722,058		6,918,602		25,948,970	
Public works		5,602,891		603,704		-		395,000	
Culture and recreation		25,843,304		4,322,415		260,979		4,755,295	
Development services		14,906,593		17,598,359		249,237		1,853,190	
Interest on long-term debt		9,236,464				1,527,068		-	
Total governmental activities		177,960,781		35,868,174		20,334,900		42,192,506	
Business-type activities:									
Water and wastewater		49,204,444		53,394,756		-		11,254,372	
Sanitation		7,314,418		7,683,528				-	
Total business-type activities		56,518,862		61,078,284		_		11,254,372	
Total primary government	\$	234,479,643	\$	96,946,458	\$	20,334,900	\$	53,446,878	

General Revenues:

Taxes:

City sales tax

Franchise tax

Property tax

Auto lieu tax (unrestricted)

State sales tax (unrestricted)

Urban revenue sharing (unrestricted)

Unrestricted investment earnings

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues & transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Prior period adjustment

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
\$ (24,706,719) \$ -	\$ (24,706,719)
(40,861,090		(40,861,090)
10,026,613	-	10,026,613
(4,604,187	-	(4,604,187)
(16,504,615	-	(16,504,615)
4,794,193	-	4,794,193
(7,709,396	-	(7,709,396)
(79,565,201		(79,565,201)
	15,444,684	15,444,684
-	369,110	369,110
	15,813,794	15,813,794
122,858,885	<u>-</u>	122,858,885
3,880,685	_	3,880,685
28,180,626	-	28,180,626
4,066,108	-	4,066,108
13,422,577	-	13,422,577
12,361,506	-	12,361,506
(3,080,671	33,866	(3,046,805)
1,240,870	35,570	1,276,440
8,015,934	(8,015,934)	
190,946,520	(7,946,498)	183,000,022
111,381,319		119,248,615
689,366,231		1,011,114,292
(5,175,154	-	(5,175,154)
\$ 795,572,396	\$ 329,615,357	\$ 1,125,187,753



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		General	Non-Utility Development Impact Fees General Capital Projects			GO Bonds oital Projects
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,665,391	\$	65,284,117	\$	7,688,945
Investments	ψ	160,494,655	Ψ	15,613,535	Ψ	
Receivables:						
Taxes		16,657,764		-		-
Interest Other		9,164 1,353,155		4,728		-
Assessments		1,333,133		-,726		_
Intergovernmental		1,791,168		_		_
Lease receivable		6,659,301		-		-
Due from other funds		1,448,680		-		-
Inventories		299,683		-		-
Prepaid items		<u>-</u>		-		-
Notes receivable		1,675,250		-		-
Restricted cash and investments		7,990,919				27,494,707
Total assets	\$	225,045,130	\$	80,902,380	\$	35,183,652
LIABILITIES						0.5=0.040
Accounts payable	\$	5,020,167	\$	340,045	\$	8,673,242
Accrued wages and benefits Accrued interest payable		1,429,660 68		-		-
Accrued liabilities		1,219,686		221,792		8,718
Deposits held		29,815,663		-		-
Due to other funds				_		75,999
Current bonds payable		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		25,808				_
Total liabilities		37,511,052		561,837		8,757,959
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		132,982		-		_
Unavailable revenue-special assessments		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue-other		1,675,250		-		-
Deferred inflows related to leases		6,664,088		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		8,472,320		-		
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		299,683		_		_
Restricted		2,236,280		80,340,543		26,425,693
Committed		-		-		-
Assigned		150,147,206		-		-
Unassigned		26,378,589				-
Total fund balances		179,061,758		80,340,543		26,425,693
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$	225,045,130	\$	80,902,380	\$	35,183,652

C C	AcDowell Road Commercial Corridor ID Debt Service Corridor ID Debt Service Community Facilities District Debt Service		lities Districts		Non-major Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	940,319	\$	- -	\$	14,446,955 1,314,354	\$	115,025,727 177,422,544
			97,193		157,287		16,912,244
	_		-		-		9,164
	_		-		21,312		1,379,195
	20,382,193		19,220,855		-		39,603,048
	-		-		2,169,294		3,960,462
	-		-		-		6,659,301
	-		-		-		1,448,680
	-		-		1,027,794		1,327,477
	-		-		323,750		323,750
	-		-		-		1,675,250
	-		6,615,904				42,101,530
\$	21,322,512	\$	25,933,952	\$	19,460,746	\$	407,848,372
\$	85	\$	900	\$	734,835	\$	14,769,274
Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ.	68,122	Ψ	1,497,782
	_		1,012,916		-		1,012,984
	_		-		30,221		1,480,417
	-		-		190,208		30,005,871
	-		-		1,372,681		1,448,680
	-		4,342,000		-		4,342,000
	4,375		-		3,453,103		3,483,286
	4,460		5,355,816		5,849,170		58,040,294
					99,502		232,484
	20,382,193		19,220,855		-		39,603,048
	-		-		94		94
	_		_		-		1,675,250
			_				6,664,088
	20,382,193		19,220,855		99,596		48,174,964
	_		_		1,351,544		1,651,227
	935,859		1,357,281		7,780,718		119,076,374
	-,		-		4,754,655		4,754,655
	-		-		-		150,147,206
			-		(374,937)		26,003,652
	935,859		1,357,281		13,511,980		301,633,114
\$	21,322,512	\$	25,933,952	\$	19,460,746	\$	407,848,372



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances			\$	301,633,114
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the				
statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial				
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Governmental capital assets	\$	1,088,875,255		
Less accumulated depreciation	Ψ	(316,611,136)		
Less accumulated depreciation		(310,011,130)		772,264,119
Net OPEB asset is not an available resource and, therefore is not				772,204,119
reported in the funds.				1,861,629
Same liabilities including hands navable and conital leases				
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and capital leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are				
not reported in the funds.				
*	\$	(200 207 222)		
Bonds payable	Ф	(299,297,332)		
Deferred charge on refunding		5,583,309		
Leases payable		(79,374)		
Net pension and OPEB liabilities		(37,622,913)		
Compensated absences		(8,538,287)		(220.054.505)
				(339,954,597)
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period				
expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable				
revenues in the funds.				
Property taxes	\$	232,484		
Special assessments		39,603,048		
Intergovernmental		94		
Other		1,675,250		
				41,510,876
Internal service funds are used by management to charge				
costs of certain activities to individual funds. This amount				
represents the assets and liabilities of the internal service				
funds reported as governmental activities				8,462,867
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are applicable to future reporting periods and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds.				
Deferred outflows	\$	34,431,225		
Deferred inflows		(24,636,837)		9,794,388
Total net position of governmental activities			\$	795,572,396
L services of Sc. stranger and William			-4	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES		General	De Iı	Non-Utility evelopment mpact Fees pital Projects		GO Bonds pital Projects
Taxes	\$	127,848,317	\$	10,318,258	\$	_
Licenses, permits and fees	Ψ	16,654,379	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Intergovernmental revenue		41,645,739		_		_
Charges for services		3,654,047		18,951,242		_
Fines and forfeitures		1,138,437				_
Investment income		(3,453,761)		180,010		104,887
Special assessments		-		_		-
Contributions		1,895,854		-		_
Other revenues		1,833,313		1,791		_
Total revenues		191,216,325		29,451,301		104,887
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		26,410,232		2,452,703		-
Public safety		59,129,561		-		-
Highways and streets		5,284		-		_
Public works		3,316,324		_		_
Culture and recreation		13,775,742		_		_
Development services		13,112,560		_		-
Capital outlay		16,743,244		3,167,208		60,359,308
Debt service						
Debt issuance cost		-		-		217,121
Principal		1,113,082		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		51,358		<u>-</u>		
Total expenditures		133,657,387		5,619,911		60,576,429
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		57 550 020		22 921 200		((0, 471, 542)
over (under) expenditures	_	57,558,938		23,831,390		(60,471,542)
OTHER FINANCING						
SOURCES (USES)						
Debt issuance		-		-		23,475,000
Premium on debt is suance		-		-		2,715,816
Sale of assets		413,605		-		-
Transfers out		(41,887,213)		(1,933,890)		(3,653,395)
Transfers in		15,723,288		2,729,900		26,340,053
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		(25,750,320)		796,010		48,877,474
Net change in fund balances		31,808,618		24,627,400		(11,594,068)
Fund balances, beginning of year		147,253,140		55,713,143		38,019,761
Fund balances, end of year	\$	179,061,758	\$	80,340,543	\$	26,425,693

McDowell Road Commercial Corridor ID Debt Service	Community Facilities Districts Debt Service	Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ 6,531,771	\$ 10,126,494	\$ 154,824,840
Ψ -	- 0,551,771	ψ 10,120,151 -	16,654,379
_	_	16,679,586	58,325,325
_	_	1,502,866	24,108,155
_	_	-,,	1,138,437
_	6,064	82,129	(3,080,671)
3,640,847	2,716,419	-	6,357,266
-	_,, _,,	1,559,036	3,454,890
1,128	_	6,031	1,842,263
3,641,975	9,254,254	29,956,142	263,624,884
-	9,720	1,660,681	30,533,336
-	-	371,032	59,500,593
85	-	8,098,528	8,103,897
-	-	-	3,316,324
-	-	5,790,390	19,566,132
-	-	208,000	13,320,560
-	-	3,428,074	83,697,834
_	_	178,360	395,481
2,235,000	6,269,000	12,235,699	21,852,781
702,720	2,877,573	6,359,863	9,991,514
2,937,805	9,156,293	38,330,627	250,278,452
704,170	97,961	(8,374,485)	13,346,432
		500,000	24.072.000
-	-	598,000	24,073,000
-	-	-	2,715,816
-	-	((,007,000)	413,605
-	-	(6,827,300)	(54,301,798)
		17,524,491	62,317,732
		11,295,191	35,218,355
704,170	97,961	2,920,706	48,564,787
231,689	1,259,320	10,591,274	253,068,327
\$ 935,859	\$ 1,357,281	\$ 13,511,980	\$ 301,633,114



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 48,564,787
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the difference between capital outlay and depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 80,485,269 (24,254,801)	- 56,230,468
Governmental funds do not report contributions of capital assets as revenue, unless the assets will be held for sale. However, in the statement of activities, the donation of capital assets is reported as revenue.		8,433,358
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Property taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental	\$ 67,019 (4,165,788) (199,501)	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources in the governmental funds but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(177,301)	(4,298,270)
Repayment of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond principal retirement Amortization of deferred charges Amortization of premiums and discounts	\$ 21,852,781 (721,533) 1,651,182	, ,
Pension and OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the net pension and OPEB liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension and OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension and OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension and OPEB contributions Pension and OPEB expense	\$ 14,064,633 (8,791,230)	22,782,430
Compensated absences are reported in the statement of activities and do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(0,71,230)	5,273,403
Accrued interest for long-term debt is not reported as an expenditure for the current period while it is recorded in the statement of activities.		220,882
The net revenues of certain activities of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.		2,589,275
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 111,381,319

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Business-ty	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
		Self-Insurance						
	Water &			Trust Internal				
ASSETS	Wastewater	Sanitation	Totals	Service Fund				
Current Assets:								
Cash	\$ 55,097,038	\$ 4,313,340	\$ 59,410,378	\$ 8,976,294				
Investments	782,576	194,699	977,275					
Receivables (net of allowance)	4,555,844	482,569	5,038,413	131,56				
Inventories	1,157,200	119,601	1,276,801					
Prepaid items	_	_	-	73,62				
Total current assets	61 502 659	5 110 200	66 702 967					
	61,592,658	5,110,209	66,702,867	9,181,48				
Noncurrent Assets:								
Restricted cash and investments	458,356	-	458,356					
Net pension/OPEB asset	181,609	30,096	211,705					
Land	8,155,895	-	8,155,895					
Artwork	146,978	-	146,978					
Construction in progress	123,940,030	-	123,940,030					
Buildings	172,615,299	150,522	172,765,821					
Infrastructure	241,889,244	· -	241,889,244					
Vehicles, furniture, and equipment	19,218,896	1,906,159	21,125,055					
Water rights	21,088,078	-	21,088,078					
Accumulated depreciation	(122,210,192)	(1,167,696)	(123,377,888)					
Total noncurrent assets	465,484,193							
		919,081	466,403,274					
Total Assets	527,076,851	6,029,290	533,106,141	9,181,48				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Loss on refunding	2,784,033	_	2,784,033					
Deferred outflows related to pensions/OPEB	1,604,224	266,072	1,870,296					
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,388,257	266,072	4,654,329					
Total deferred outflows of fesources	4,366,237	200,072	4,034,329	-				
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:	== .= .	40.4.400	4004 770	22.40				
Accounts payable	4,477,276	424,482	4,901,758	33,40				
Accrued wages and benefits	99,411	18,490	117,901	21,54				
Accrued liabilities	184,212	-	184,212					
Claims payable	-	-	-	663,66				
Customer deposits	1,879,618	24,750	1,904,368					
Compensated absences - current portion	414,331	73,749	488,080					
Loans payable - current portion	295,674	-	295,674					
Bonds payable - current portion	5,151,505		5,151,505					
Total current liabilities	12,502,027	541,471	13,043,498	718,61				
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences	294,104	68,469	362,573					
Net pension/OPEB liability	4,809,753	797,077	5,606,830					
Loans payable, net of current portion	1,902,451	-	1,902,451					
Bonds payable, net of current portion	185,272,980	_	185,272,980					
Total noncurrent liabilities		865,546						
	192,279,288		193,144,834	710 (1				
Total liabilities	204,781,315	1,407,017	206,188,332	718,61				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows related to pensions/OPEB	1,678,405	278,376	1,956,781					
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,678,405	278,376	1,956,781					
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	275,464,007	888,985	276,352,992					
Restricted for capital projects	20,881,614	-	20,881,614					
Restricted for debt service	396,377	_	396,377					
Unrestricted	28,263,390	3,720,984	31,984,374	8,462,86				
Total net position	\$ 325,005,388	\$ 4,609,969	\$ 329,615,357	\$ 8,462,86				

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmenta Activities Self-Insurance				
	Water &				ıst Internal
Operating Revenues	 Wastewater	 Sanitation	 Totals	Se	rvice Fund
Charges for services	\$ 52,994,849	\$ 7,658,250	\$ 60,653,099	\$	-
Self insurance premiums	-	-	-		12,589,374
Other revenues	 399,907	 25,278	 425,185		563,215
Total operating revenues	 53,394,756	 7,683,528	 61,078,284		13,152,589
Operating Expenses					
Salaries, wages and benefits	6,897,572	1,180,075	8,077,647		-
Cost of sales and services	26,074,644	5,899,572	31,974,216		1,785,897
Claims expense	-	-	-		8,777,417
Depreciation	10,083,801	234,771	 10,318,572		
Total operating expenses	43,056,017	7,314,418	50,370,435		10,563,314
Operating income (loss)	 10,338,739	 369,110	 10,707,849		2,589,275
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income	24,844	9,022	33,866		-
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(6,148,427)	-	(6,148,427)		-
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	35,570		 35,570		
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	(6,088,013)	9,022	(6,078,991)		
Income (loss) before contributions					
and transfers	4,250,726	378,132	4,628,858		2,589,275
Capital contributions	11,254,372	-	11,254,372		-
Transfers out	 (6,554,122)	(1,461,812)	 (8,015,934)		
Change in net position	8,950,976	(1,083,680)	7,867,296		2,589,275
Total net position, beginning of year	 316,054,412	 5,693,649	 321,748,061		5,873,592
Total net position, end of year	\$ 325,005,388	\$ 4,609,969	\$ 329,615,357	\$	8,462,867

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Water & Vastewater	S	Sanitation		Totals	Tri	f-Insurance ust Internal rvice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:	•	57, 400, 470	Φ	0.151.006	Φ.	65.560.600	Φ.	(121.5(2)
Cash received from customers Cash received from contributions	\$	57,409,472	\$	8,151,226	\$	65,560,698	\$	(131,563) 13,152,589
Cash paid to suppliers		(29,432,726)		(6,053,895)		(35,486,621)		(1,901,191)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees		(6,191,463)		(1,242,805)		(7,434,268)		21,543
Cash paid for claims		(0,1) 1, (05)		-		-		(8,811,344)
Cash flows from operating activities		21,785,283		854,526		22,639,809		2,330,034
Cash Flows From Noncapital								
Financing Activities:								
Transfers		(6,554,122)		(1,461,812)		(8,015,934)		-
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities		(6,554,122)		(1,461,812)		(8,015,934)		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related								_
Financing Activities: Proceeds from long term debt								
Purchase of capital assets		(29,764,273)		(38,379)		(29,802,652)		-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		35,568		(30,379)		35,568		_
Principal paid on long term debt		(5,289,179)		_		(5,289,179)		_
Interest paid		(6,864,995)		_		(6,864,995)		_
Grant proceeds		(0,00 .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		_		(0,00 .,550)		_
Development fees		11,254,372		-		11,254,372		-
Cash flows from capital and related				,				
financing activities		(30,628,507)		(38,379)		(30,666,886)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:								
Sale (purchase) of investments		1,198,141		589,409		1,787,550		-
Investment income		24,844		9,022		33,866		-
Cash flows from investing activities		1,222,985		598,431		1,821,416		-
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(14,174,361)		(47,234)		(14,221,595)		2,330,034
Cash and cash equivalents, including								
temporarily restricted cash, beginning of year		69,729,755	_	4,360,574		74,090,329		6,646,260
Cash and cash equivalents, including temporarily restricted cash, end of year	\$	55,555,394	\$	4,313,340	\$	59,868,734	\$	8,976,294
December of anomatine in some to not				,				
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities:								
Net operating income (loss)	\$	10,338,739	\$	369,110	\$	10,707,849	\$	2,589,275
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	Ψ	10,550,757	Ψ	302,110	Ψ	10,707,042	Ψ	2,307,273
to net cash flows from operating activities:								
Depreciation/amortization		10,083,801		234,771		10,318,572		_
Pension/OPEB expense		312,048		29,799		341,847		-
Employer pension/OPEB contributions		(591,540)		(98,030)		(689,570)		_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		. , ,		` ' '		. , ,		
(Increase) decrease in receivables		4,040,379		467,698		4,508,077		(131,563)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items & deposits		-		-		-		(32,164)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(344,456)		(119,601)		(464,057)		-
Increase (decrease) in payables		(3,013,626)		(50,562)		(3,064,188)		(117,057)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities & deposits		985,601		21,341		1,006,942		21,543
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(25,663)	_			(25,663)		-
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	21,785,283	\$	854,526	\$	22,639,809	\$	2,330,034

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2022

				Custodial Funds						
	Pension Trust Fund		GAIN		Fill-A-Need		Shop with a Cop		Arizona in Action	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,358	\$	8,679	\$	13,005	\$	42,053	\$	3,230
Mutual funds		214,128		-		-		-		-
Exchange traded funds		387,622		-		-		-		-
Total assets		620,108		8,679		13,005		42,053		3,230
Net Position										
Restricted for:										
Pensions		620,108		-		-		-		-
Individuals and organizations		-		8,679		13,005		42,053		3,230
Total net position	\$	620,108	\$	8,679	\$	13,005	\$	42,053	\$	3,230

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Custodial Funds				
				Shop with	Arizona	
	Pension Trust	GAIN	Fill-A-Need	a Cop	in Action	
Additions						
Investment Income	\$ (89,150)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other income	2,575	-	4,159	12,500	-	
Total additions	(86,575)		4,159	12,500		
Deductions						
Benefits	16,077	-	-	-	-	
Recipient payments		_	5,826	6,770	-	
Total deductions	16,077		5,826	6,770	-	
Net increase (decrease) in						
fiduciary net position	(102,652)	-	(1,667)	5,730	-	
Net position, beginning of year	722,760	8,679	14,672	36,323	3,230	
Net position, end of year	\$ 620,108	\$ 8,679	\$ 13,005	\$ 42,053	\$ 3,230	

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements include a summary of significant accounting policies and other disclosures considered necessary for a clear understanding of the accompanying financial statements.

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The financial statements of the City of Goodyear, Arizona (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a municipal entity governed by an elected mayor and six-member governing council (council). As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its blended component units, entities for which the City is considered financially accountable. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, the component units discussed below have been included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the city.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, and its component units. The City is a primary government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, component units are combined with the City for financial statement presentation purposes and are not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the City's financial statements include the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing body is financially accountable.

<u>Blended Component Units</u> - Community Facilities Districts were formed for the purpose of acquiring and improving public infrastructure in specified land areas. As special purpose districts and separate political subdivisions under the Arizona Constitution, the Districts can levy taxes and issue bonds independently of the City. Property owners in the designated areas are assessed for District taxes and thus for the cost of operating the Districts. The City Council serves as the Board of Directors; however, the City has no liability for the Districts' debt. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Districts are reported as if it is part of the primary government because the District's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the City and management of the City has operational responsibility for the Districts. The following are the community facilities districts currently operating in the City of Goodyear.

- Goodyear Community Facilities General District No. 1
- Goodyear Community Facilities Utilities District No. 1
- Wildflower Ranch Community Facilities District No. 1
- Wildflower Ranch Community Facilities District No. 2
- Estrella Mountain Ranch Community Facilities District
- Cottonflower Community Facilities District
- Centerra Community Facilities District
- Cortina Community Facilities District
- Palm Valley Community Facilities District No. 3
- King Ranch Community Facilities District

Complete financial statements of the individual component units may be obtained at the entities' administrative offices or online at www.goodyearaz.gov/cfd.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the City as a whole. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Net interfund activity and balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are shown in the government-wide financial statements. The "doubling up" effect of internal service fund activity has been removed from the government-wide statements with the expenses shown in the various functions on the Statement of Activities. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state-shared revenues, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of June 31, 2022, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City Council. City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by City Council.

<u>Assigned</u> - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the City's adopted policy, the City appropriates funding for information technology (IT) replacement, fleet replacement, risk management, police and fire equipment, parks and traffic signal asset management reserves. In addition, amounts encumbered related

to projects that carry over into the next fiscal year are reported as assigned. The accumulated appropriations for these purposes which have not been spent are reflected as assigned fund balances. Only City Council or the City's Finance Director may assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> - includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. In other governmental funds, other than the general fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The General Fund has Unassigned Funds consisting of a contingency reserve. The contingency reserve is used to set aside resources to cover unanticipated deficits or revenue reductions that may be caused by adverse economic conditions or public emergency. The amount of the contingency reserve is equal to or greater than 15 percent of fiscal year 2022 on-going revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unassigned fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless City Council or the City's Finance Director has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect on internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt services principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable

to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the City the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the City. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those either required to be accounted for in other funds or when the city determines there is an operational advantage to do so.

<u>Non-Utility Development Impact Fees Capital Projects</u> - This fund accounts for the capital projects funded with development impact fees.

<u>GO Bond Capital Projects Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the capital projects financed by general obligation bond debt.

<u>McDowell Road Commercial Corridor Improvement District Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the debt portion of the McDowell Road Improvement District.

<u>Community Facilities Districts - Debt Service Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the debt portion of the City's Community Facilities Districts, which are component units that provide general infrastructure and capital assets for the property within each District's boundaries.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds are as follows:

<u>Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF)</u> – This fund accounts for the City's share of tax revenues legally restricted to the maintenance of the highways within the City's boundaries.

<u>Community Facilities Districts</u> – This fund accounts for the operations and maintenance portion of the City's special districts formed for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of the public infrastructure benefiting the community.

Office of Tourism Prop 302 – This fund accounts for the funds received to support Maricopa County tourism, marketing, and promotion.

<u>Grants Funds</u> – This fund accounts for the City's federal, state, local and tribal grants.

Ballpark Fund – This fund accounts for the operations of the City's ballpark facility and operations.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – This fund accounts for debt proceeds and the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest and related costs.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Water and Wastewater Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the City's water and wastewater utility operations, including the utility development impact fees.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for self-insurance for employee benefits. The Internal service fund activities are reported as governmental activities on the government-wide statements.

The City reports the following non-major proprietary funds:

Sanitation Fund - This fund is used to account for the activities of the City's sanitation operations.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for water, wastewater, and sanitation services. Operating expenses for these funds include the administrative expenses, cost of sales and services, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the Goodyear Volunteer and Reserve Firefighter Retirement Trust Plan Fund, a defined contribution plan for which the assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity. The Pension Trust Fund is reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> – The City holds these assets as an agent for individuals, private organizations or others in a temporary custodial capacity. The City currently maintains four custodial funds. The four funds account for monies donated by individuals for the GAIN, Fill-A-Need, Shop With A Cop, and Arizona in Action activities.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee or custodial capacity on behalf of others. The reporting focus is upon net position and changes in net position and employs accounting principles similar to proprietary funds.

Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements considering they are not assets of the City available to support City programs.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the City upon demand. The City considers short-term investments (including restricted assets) in the State of Arizona investment pool, mutual fund-money market, U.S. Treasury bills and notes with maturities of three months or less at acquisition date to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Goodyear maintains investment accounts for funds that are not legally required to be maintained separately. Each fund's equity in investments represents that fund's position in the consolidated accounts and determines that fund's allocation of interest earned. Arizona Revised Statutes regulate the investment of surplus cash. Goodyear limits its investments to U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, bonds, repurchase agreements, corporate notes, commercial paper, and money market accounts. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices and cash equivalents are stated at amortized cost.

G. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of the inter-fund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivables allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied by the City and collected by the Maricopa County Treasurer. Property taxes are levied no later than the third Monday of August and are payable in two installments due October 1 of the current year and March 1 of the subsequent year. Taxes become delinquent after the first business day of November and May, respectively. Interest attaches on installments after the delinquent date. A lien attaches to the property on the first day of January preceding the assessment and levy of taxes. Delinquent amounts bear interest at the rate of 16 percent. Maricopa County, at no charge to the taxing entities, bills and collects all property taxes. Public auctions of properties which have delinquent real estate taxes are held in February.

H. Inventory

Inventories are valued at average cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow method. Inventory, which consists of expendable supplies and vehicle repair parts, is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the City's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the Balance Sheet and Proprietary Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Additionally, certain resources appropriated to the City for a specific project by the State of Arizona, Department of Transportation, are classified as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the government-wide Statement of Net Position because their use is limited by an intergovernmental agreement. The City also restricts the cash and cash equivalents in the Community Facilities Districts Debt Service Fund.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are tangible and intangible assets, which include land, land improvements, artwork, right of way, streetscape, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are accounted for as construction work in progress until completed. Once completed and put into service, projects are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed in note M below).

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible property, plant, equipment, the right to use leased equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated / amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	20-65
Land Improvements	15
Buildings and Improvements	7-50
Right-to-use leased equipment	5-20
Vehicles, Furniture and Equipment	3-20
Water Rights	100

The City has a collection of artworks presented in buildings and public outdoor spaces. The true value of the art is expected to either be maintained at cost or appreciate over time, and thus, the art is not depreciated. If individual pieces are lost or destroyed, the loss is recorded.

L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position, and deferred amounts related to pensions and OPEB. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and is reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB related differences between estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related charges.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported on the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: property taxes, special assessments, other and intergovernmental. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the government-wide financial statements the City reports deferred amounts related to leases and deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB.

M. Leases

Lessee: The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease for the use of parking and storage areas. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price
 that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with longterm debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a licensed areas, fiber optic communications systems, and certain buildings and common areas at the Goodyear Municipal Complex. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease, and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

N. Compensated Absences

The City's employee vacation and sick leave policies provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. Sick leave and vacation benefits vest at the employee's current rate of pay. The current and long-term liabilities for accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignation and retirements. Resources from the General Fund are generally used to liquidate the governmental funds liabilities for compensated absences.

O. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred

amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

P. Inter-fund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Inter-fund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Inter-fund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and fall below the non-operating revenues/expenses in the proprietary funds.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

According to the laws of the State of Arizona, all operating budgets must be approved by their governing board on or before the second Monday in August to allow sufficient time for legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August.

In April, the proposed budget for the following fiscal year is presented by the City Manager to the City Council. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. A public meeting is held to obtain citizen comment.

Prior to June 30, the City Council legally enacts the budget, through the passage of an ordinance. The ordinance sets the limit for expenditures for the year, within the voter mandated state expenditure limitation. Additional expenditures may be authorized if directly necessitated by a natural or man-made disaster as prescribed in the state constitution. There were no supplemental appropriations made during fiscal year 2022.

The maximum legal expenditure permitted for the year is the total budget as adopted. All funds of the City have legally adopted budgets. The initial budget for the fiscal year may be amended during the year in a legally permissible manner. The City adopts the budget by major program area for the General Fund and by fund for all others.

In practice, the City Council approves all budget transfers that cross appropriation lines on a monthly basis. All unencumbered expenditure appropriations expire at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered amounts are re-budgeted in the following year as deemed appropriate and necessary after review by the Budget Office. Budgetary carry forwards are approved by the City Council through the budgetary process.

The budgets are adopted on a basis differing from GAAP in that for budgetary purposes: (1) bond proceeds for enterprise funds are considered revenue; (2) capital outlays for enterprise funds are treated as expenses; (3) debt service principal payments are treated as expenses for enterprise funds; (4) accrued compensated absences are not recognized as expenses; (5) depreciation and amortization are not recognized as expenses; (6) contributions to pension plans are recognized as an expense for enterprise funds.

S. Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) assets and liabilities, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and related expenses, information about the pension and OPEB plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

T. New Pronouncements

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 Is intended to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The Statement increases the usefulness of the City's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that were previously classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the end of a Construction Period. GASB Statement No. 89 is intended to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. GASB Statement No. 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

On June 30, 2022, cash and cash equivalents are presented as follows:

	G	overnmental					
		Activities	Busi	ness Activities	Fiduo	ciary Funds	Total
Cash and cash equivelants	\$	124,002,021	\$	59,410,378	\$	85,325	\$ 183,497,724
Restricted cash and cash equivelants		42,101,530		458,356			42,559,886
Total	\$	166,103,551	\$	59,868,734	\$	85,325	\$ 226,057,610

The restricted cash and cash equivalents are proceeds from debt issuances that are held in trustee accounts for the purpose of major capital improvements, funds held in trustee accounts for the purpose of debt service payments, amounts received from the State of Arizona, Department of Transportation for a specific project, and cash and cash equivalents in the Community Facilities Districts Debt Service Fund.

Deposits

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the government-wide Statement of Net Position, and on the fund financial statements, as "Cash and cash equivalents" and "Investments".

At June 30, 2022, the City had \$11,780 of cash on hand. The carrying amount of the City's deposits totaled

\$47,948,724, and the bank balance was \$51,043,073. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$51,297,379 was covered by the Statewide Pooled Collateral Program, and \$482,445 were securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name.

Cash Equivalents

The City invests in the Local Government Investment Pool 5 and Pool 7 (LGIP) investment pools managed by the State Treasurer's Office that allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission under the 1940 Investment

Advisors Act. The State Board of Investment has oversight responsibilities of the investment pool in accordance with ARS 35-311. The pool's policy is to invest in fixed-rate securities with a final maturity less than 18 months from the settlement date of the purchase and variable-rate securities with final maturity less than 2 years. The weighted average to maturity shall not exceed 90 days. The net asset value per share of the pool at June 30, 2022 was \$1.00. The Arizona State Treasurer issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies may be obtained by contacting the Arizona State Treasurer, 1700 West Washington, Phoenix, Arizona 85007 or www.aztreasury.gov.

Funds held in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool represent a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the City's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the City's funds invested with the State Treasurer totaled \$178,076,476.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's investment in the State of Arizona's local government investment pool is stated at fair value which also approximates the value of the investment upon withdrawal.

		Remaining Maturity (in Years)
Investment Type	Total	Less than 1
LGIP 5	\$ 2,339,219	\$ 2,339,219
LGIP 7	175,737,257	175,737,257
Total	\$178,076,476	\$178,076,476
		Rating as of Year End
Investment Type	Total	AAA
LGIP 5	\$ 2,339,219	\$ 2,339,219
LGIP 7	175,737,257	175,737,257
Total	\$178,076,476	\$178,076,476

Investments

The City's portfolio complies with Arizona Revised Statutes (ARS) and the City's investment policy. The Arizona Revised Statutes regulate the investment of surplus cash. Goodyear limits its investments to U.S. government securities, certificates of deposit, bonds, repurchase agreements, corporate notes, commercial paper, and money market accounts. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. U.S. Treasury securities and Money Market Accounts are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs); while Federal Agency Securities, Corporate Notes, Mutual Funds and Negotiable Certificates of Deposit are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs).

On June 30, 2022, the City's investments included the following:

	_			More	Concentration
Investment Type	Total	Less than 1	1 to 2	than 2	of Credit Risk
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 108,449,019	\$ 15,003,061	\$ 60,752,279	\$32,693,679	61%
Federal Agency Securities	23,891,972	11,510,438	12,381,534		13%
Corporate Notes	43,338,554	1,125,928	8,205,766	34,006,860	24%
Negotiable Certificates of					
Deposit	1,366,802	1,366,802			1%
Money Market Fund	1,374,103	1,374,103			0%
Mutual Funds	620,830	620,830			0%
Total	\$ 179,041,281	\$ 31,001,163	\$ 81,339,579	\$66,700,539	100%

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

On June 30, 2022, the City's investment ratings were as follows:

Investment Rating	U.S. Treasuries	Corporate Notes	Federal Agency	Certi	gotiable ficates of eposit	Mut Fun		Mor Market	•		Total
A	\$ -	\$ 8,538,238	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,538,238
A-		12,675,114									12,675,114
A+		5,210,761									5,210,761
A-1					392,212						392,212
A-1+					972,293						972,293
AA		4,152,218									4,152,218
AA-		6,334,782									6,334,782
AA+	108,203,414	1,362,436	23,870,737								133,436,587
AAAm								:	20,631		20,631
BBB+		4,813,221									4,813,221
Accrued Interest	245,605	251,784	21,235		2,297				950		521,872
Not Rated						62	20,830	1,3	52,522		1,973,352
	\$ 108,449,019	\$43,338,554	\$23,891,972	\$	1,366,803	\$ 620	0,830	\$ 1,37	4,103	\$1	79,041,281

Custodial Credit Risk

To control custodial credit risk, State law and the City's investment policy requires all securities and collateral to be held by an independent third-party custodian in the City's name. The custodian provides the City with monthly market values.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In order to limit interest rate and market risk, State law and the City's investment policy sets a maximum maturity on any investment to five years. In addition, the City has adopted an average portfolio duration limitation (ranging from 90 days to three years) consistent with the primary investment objective of safety, liquidity and yield. As of June 30, 2022, the average duration to maturity is 1.82 years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Although the City's investment policy states that it will mitigate credit risk it does not impose any specific limitations.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy limits the diversification on both security types and length of maturity. At the time of purchase a maximum of five percent of the market value of the portfolio may be invested in debt issues by any single entity. Debt backed by the U.S. Treasury or Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSEs) are exempt from this concentration criterion.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Amounts, other than leases receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year-end for the City's individual major governmental funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate are as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Deve Impa	Utility lopment act Fees I Projects	Bond Debt ital Projects Fund	C	Dowell Road ommercial corridor ID ebt Service	F Dist	mmunity acilities ricts Debt Service	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Insurnce Fund	Total
Tax Receivable	\$	16,657,764	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$	97,193	\$ 157,287	\$	-	\$16,912,244
Accounts Receivable		1,353,155		4,728	-		-		-	21,312		131,563	1,510,758
Intergovernmental Receivable		1,791,168		-	-		-		-	2,169,294		-	3,960,462
Notes Receivable		1,675,250		-	-		-		-	-		-	1,675,250
Interest Receivable		9,164		-	-		-		-	-		-	9,164
Special Assessments Receivable		-		-	-		20,382,193		19,220,855	-		-	39,603,048
Lease		6,659,301		-	-		-		-	-		-	6,659,301
Total Receivables	\$	28,145,803	\$	4,728	\$ -	\$	20,382,193	\$	19,318,048	\$ 2,347,893	\$	131,563	\$70,330,228

As of June 30, 2022, the special assessment and notes receivable balances are not expected to be collected within the next year. Special assessment receivables will be collected in conjunction with the debt retirement schedule for the related bonds outstanding. The notes receivable mature in 2044 and accrue interest at 3.26 percent annum.

The following table summarizes the City's receivables for the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2022.

	V	Vater and					
	W	astewater	Sa	nitation			
	Fund Fund				Total		
Accounts Receivable	\$	5,018,393	\$	562,738	\$	5,581,131	
Interest Receivable		_		_		-	
		5,018,393		562,738		5,581,131	
Less:							
Allowance		462,549		80,169		542,718	
Total Receivables	\$	4,555,844	\$	482,569	\$	5,038,415	

Revenues of the Water & Wastewater Fund and Sanitation Fund are reported net of uncollectible amounts. Total bad debt expense related to the Water & Wastewater Fund revenues and Sanitation Fund revenues for the current year are \$132,312 and \$30,551, respectively.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land			Beginning						
Artwork	Governmental activities:		Balance		Increase		Decrease	End	ding Balance
Artwork 371,129	Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Construction in progress	Land	\$	30,327,071	\$	5,892,385	\$	-	\$	36,219,456
Right of way 90,844,947 31,034 90,875,981 Streetscape 9,061,008 - - 9,061,008 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 216,722,866 72,291,984 73,802,587 215,212,263 Capital assets, being depreciated: 4,669,247 30,281,746 34,950,993 Infrastructure 414,264,434 10,899,338 - 425,163,772 Buildings and improvements 300,126,812 43,779,263 - 343,706,075 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 65,250,173 5,668,883 1,171,678 69,744,738 Right to use-asset - 94,775 - 347,760,775 Total capital assets, being depreciated 784,310,665 90,524,005 1,171,678 873,602,992 Less accumulated depreciation for: 1 1,171,678 1,171,678 327,602,992 Less accumulated depreciation for: 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678 1,171,678	Artwork		371,129		-		-		371,129
Streetscape	Construction in progress		86,118,710		66,368,565		73,802,587		78,684,688
Total capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated: Land improvements Unificative and equipment Land improvements Unificative and equipment Unificative and unificative a	Right of way		90,844,947		31,034		-		90,875,981
Capital assets, being depreciated: 4,669,247 30,281,746 34,950,993 Infrastructure 414,264,434 10,899,338 425,163,772 Buildings and improvements 300,126,812 43,579,263 343,706,075 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 65,250,173 5,668,883 1,171,678 69,747,378 Right to use-asset 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 94,775 704 775	Streetscape		9,061,008		-		-		9,061,008
Land improvements	Total capital assets, not being depreciated		216,722,866		72,291,984		73,802,587		215,212,263
Infrastructure	Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	Land improvements		4,669,247		30,281,746		-		34,950,993
Vehicles, furniture and equipment Right to use-asset 65,250,173 5,668,883 1,171,678 69,47,378 Right to use-asset Total capital assests, being depreciated 784,310,665 90,524,005 1,171,678 873,662,992 Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements (2,798,763) (530,949) - (3,329,712) Infrastructure (152,836,500) (9,272,588) - (162,109,088) Buildings and improvements (98,584,633) (9,602,501) - (108,186,764) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciated, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 707,505,518 \$ 138,561,189 \$ 73,802,587 \$ 772,264,120 Buildings and be preciated: Land \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 5,051,857 Governmental activities: Beginning Balance Increase Decrease End	Infrastructure		414,264,434		10,899,338		-		425,163,772
Right to use-asset - 94,775 - 94,775 Total capital assets, being depreciated 784,310,665 90,524,005 1,171,678 873,662,992 Less accumulated depreciation for: (2,798,763) (530,949) - (3,329,712) Infrastructure (152,385,500) (9,272,588) - (162,109,088) Buildings and improvements (38,384,263) (30,02,501) - (10,818,6764) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciated, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$707,505,518 \$138,561,189 \$73,802,587 \$772,264,120 Business-type activities: Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Business-type activities: 146,978 - \$8,155,895 - \$ \$8,155,895	Buildings and improvements		300,126,812		43,579,263		-		343,706,075
Right to use-asset - 94,775 - 94,775 Total capital assets, being depreciated 784,310,665 90,524,005 1,171,678 873,662,992 Less accumulated depreciation for: (2,798,763) (530,949) - (3,329,712) Infrastructure (152,385,500) (9,272,588) - (162,109,088) Buildings and improvements (38,384,263) (30,02,501) - (10,818,6764) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciated, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$707,505,518 \$138,561,189 \$73,802,587 \$772,264,120 Business-type activities: Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Beginning Business-type activities: 146,978 - \$8,155,895 - \$ \$8,155,895	Vehicles, furniture and equipment		65,250,173		5,668,883		1,171,678		69,747,378
Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Land improvements (2,798,763) (530,949) - (3,329,712) Infrastructure (152,836,500) (9,272,588) - (162,109,088) Buildings and improvements (98,584,263) (9,602,501) - (108,186,764) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciation (293,528,013) (24,254,800) 1,171,678 (316,611,135) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net Beginning Balance Beginning Balance Land S 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 57,051,857 Construction in progress Artwork Construction in progress Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated Land Lapital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights Total capital assets, being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Total accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (11,392,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (12,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (12,377,888)			-				-		
Land improvements	_		784,310,665				1,171,678		
Infrastructure									
Buildings and improvements	Land improvements		(2,798,763)		(530,949)		-		(3,329,712)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciation (293,528,013) (24,254,800) 1,171,678 (316,611,135) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 707,505,518 \$ 138,561,189 \$ 73,802,587 \$ 772,264,120 Business-type activities: Beginning Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: 146,978 - \$ 146,978 - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, net depreciated: 119,772,550 21,247,558 8,957,205 122,242,903 Capit	Infrastructure		(152,836,500)		(9,272,588)		-		(162,109,088)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment (39,308,487) (4,829,398) 1,171,678 (42,966,207) Right to use-asset - (19,365) - (19,365) Total accumulated depreciation (293,528,013) (24,254,800) 1,171,678 (316,611,135) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 707,505,518 \$ 138,561,189 \$ 73,802,587 \$ 772,264,120 Business-type activities: Beginning Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: 146,978 - \$ 146,978 - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, net depreciated: 119,772,550 21,247,558 8,957,205 122,242,903 Capit	Buildings and improvements		(98,584,263)		(9,602,501)		-		(108,186,764)
Right to use-asset	Vehicles, furniture and equipment						1,171,678		
Total accumulated depreciation (293,528,013) (24,254,800) 1,171,678 (316,611,135) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Governmental activities capital assets, net 490,782,652 66,269,205 - 557,051,857 Business-type activities: Beginning Balance beginning Balance Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: 146,978 - \$ 146,978 Artwork 146,978 - \$ 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, depreciated: 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture			-				-		
Business-type activities: Beginning Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Incre	Total accumulated depreciation		(293,528,013)				1,171,678		
Business-type activities: Beginning Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Increase Incre									
Beginning Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		490,782,652		66,269,205		-		557,051,857
Business-type activities: Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,155,895 Artwork 146,978 - - - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for:	Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	707,505,518	\$	138,561,189	\$	73,802,587	\$	772,264,120
Business-type activities: Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,155,895 Artwork 146,978 - - - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Business-type activities: Balance Increase Decrease Ending Balance Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,155,895 Artwork 146,978 - - - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for:			Reginning						
Capital assets, not being depreciated: \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,155,895 Artwork 146,978 - - - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122)	Business-type activities:				Increase		Decrease	En	ding Balance
Land \$ 8,155,895 \$ - \$ - \$ 8,155,895 Artwork 146,978 - - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: 169,228,396 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td>		_		_		_		_	
Artwork 146,978 - 146,978 Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) -		Ś	8.155.895	Ś	_	Ś	_	Ś	8.155.895
Construction in progress 111,469,677 21,427,558 8,957,205 123,940,030 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total capital assets, being dep		•		•	_		_	•	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 119,772,550 21,427,558 8,957,205 132,242,903 Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888)					21,427,558		8.957.205		_
Capital assets, being depreciated: 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310	· -			_	-			_	
Infrastructure 235,006,036 6,883,208 - 241,889,244 Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310			113)///2/000	_	21,427,000	_	0,507,200	_	102,242,500
Buildings and improvements 169,228,396 3,537,425 - 172,765,821 Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310			235 006 036		6 883 208		_		241 889 244
Vehicles, furniture and equipment 19,239,482 1,985,943 100,370 21,125,055 Water rights 21,088,078 - - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310									
Water rights 21,088,078 - 21,088,078 Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310							100 270		
Total capital assets, being depreciated 444,561,991 12,406,577 100,370 456,868,198 Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310	• •				1,363,343		100,370		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310	9	_		_	12 406 577	_	100 270	_	
Infrastructure (64,441,434) (4,290,497) - (68,731,932) Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310			444,301,331	_	12,400,377	_	100,370	_	430,808,138
Buildings and improvements (34,195,853) (4,797,122) - (38,992,975) Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310	•		(64 441 424)		(4 200 407)				/60 721 022\
Vehicles, furniture and equipment (11,932,245) (1,040,481) 100,370 (12,872,356) Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310							-		
Water rights (2,590,153) (190,472) - (2,780,625) Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310							100 270		
Total accumulated depreciation (113,159,686) (10,318,572) 100,370 (123,377,888) Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310							100,370		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net 331,402,305 2,088,005 - 333,490,310	•	_		_		_	100.070	_	
	i otal accumulated depreciation		(113,159,686)	_	(10,318,572)	_	100,370	_	(123,377,888)
	Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		331,402,305		2.088.005		_		333,490 310
		Ś		Ś		Ś	8.957.205	Ś	

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:		Business-type activities:	
General government	\$ 750,995	\$ 10,083,801	
Public safety	3,858,593	Sanitation	 234,771
Highway and streets	13,881,585	Total depreciation expense	\$ 10,318,572
Culture and recreation	4,386,147		
Public works	1,377,480		
Total depreciation expense	\$ 24,254,800		

NOTE 5 LEASES

Lease receivable

During the current fiscal year, the City began leasing the two licensed areas to a third party. The lease term is 192 months and the City will receive monthly fixed payments of \$18,227. The lease has an interest rate of 2.0680%. The City recognized lease revenue of \$213,092 and \$73,982 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$3,668,998. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$3,519,199. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$3,455,906.

During the current fiscal year, the City began leasing fiber optic communications systems to a third party. The lease term is 45 months and the City will receive annual fixed payments of \$28,994. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8930%. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months. The City recognized lease revenue of \$17,191 and \$700 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$85,639. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$57,219. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$68,448.

During the current fiscal year, the City began leasing certain buildings and common areas at the Goodyear Municipal Complex to a third party. The lease term is 120 months and the City will receive monthly fixed payments of \$35,292. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6040%. The lessee has a termination period of 60 months as of the lease commencement date. The City recognized lease revenue of \$195,481 and \$33,991 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$3,335,215. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$3,082,882. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$3,139,734.

The future principal and interest lease receivables as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Principal and Interest Expected to Maturity							
	Governmental Activities						
	Principal	Interest					
Fiscal Year	Payments	Payments	Total Payments				
2023	452,713	119,144	571,857				
2024	444,206	111,647	555,852				
2025	447,303	103,729	551,032				
2026	479,885	95,504	575,389				
2027	513,235	86,700	599,935				
2028 - 2032	2,798,379	281,534	3,079,913				
2033 - 2037	1,495,232	84,900	1,580,132				
2038 - 2039	28,348	49	28,397				

NOTE 5 LEASES

Lease payable

During the current fiscal year, the City entered into a 54-month lease as Lessee for the use of Calle Del Pueblo Parking and Storage Lease. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$94,775 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30,2022, the value of the lease liability was \$79,374. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,500. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0590%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30,2022 was \$75,410 with accumulated amortization of \$19,365.

The future principal and lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	As of Fisc		
	Lease Asset	Accumulated	Net of
Asset Class	Value	Amortization	amortization
Infrastructure	94,775	19,365	75,410
Total Leases	94,775	19,365	75,410

Principal and Interest Requirements to Maturity

	Governmental Activities							
	Principal	Interest						
Fiscal Year	Payments	Payments	Total Payments					
2023	18,746	754	19,500					
2024	21,960	540	22,500					
2025	25,209	291	25,500					
2026	13,458	42	13,500					

NOTE 6 LOAN PAYABLE

The City received a loan from the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority. The loan was used for expansion of an effluent wastewater facility and to rehabilitate an existing effluent lift station. The loan payable on June 30, 2022, is as follows:

			0	utstanding		
	Interest Rate			Principal	Du	ue Within
Description	(Including Fees)	Maturity	Ju	ne 30, 2022		ne Year
Business-type activities						
Water Infrastructure Finance Authority Loan	2.00%	7/1/23-29	\$	2,198,125	\$	295,674
Total business-type activities			\$	2,198,125	\$	295,674

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the loan payable on June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year		
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2023	295,674	43,962
2024	301,588	38,050
2025	307,619	32,018
2026	313,772	25,864
2027	320,047	19,590
2028-2032	659,425	19,848
	2,198,125	179,332

NOTE 7 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable on June 30, 2022, consisted of the outstanding general obligation and refunding bonds presented below. The bonds are generally callable with interest payable semi-annually. Of the total amounts originally authorized, \$44,446,616 remains unissued. The bonds payable on June 30, 2022, are presented below.

			Outstanding	
		Remaining	Principal	Due Within
Purpose	Interest Rates	Maturities	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental activities:				
General Obligation Bonds Refunding Series 2016	2.00-4.00%	7/1/23-37	10,843,855	1,643,495
General Obligation Bonds Series 2017	3.00-5.00%	7/1/27-37	19,275,000	-
General Obligation Bonds Series 2019	2.00-3.00%	7/1/24-38	23,055,000	-
General Obligation Bonds Series 2021	3.00-5.00%	7/1/23-40	36,485,000	3,400,000
General Obligation Bonds Series 2022	4.00-5.00%	7/1/23-41	23,475,000	1,045,000
Total governmental activities			\$ 113,133,855	\$ 6,088,495
Business-type activities:				
General Obligation Bonds Refunding Series 2016	2.00-4.00%	7/1/23-37	25,796,145	2,341,505
General Obligation Bonds Refunding Series 2019	3.00-5.00%	7/1/27-29	4,105,000	-
General Obligation Bonds Refunding Series 2020	3.00-5.00%	7/1/23-30	7,520,000	785,000
Total business-type activities			37,421,145	3,126,505
Total			\$ 150,555,000	\$ 9,215,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds payable on June 30, 2022, are summarized as follows:

Fiscal Year	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	oe Activities
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	6,088,495	4,373,537	3,126,505	1,421,098
2024	6,513,629	3,951,975	3,301,371	1,288,188
2025	7,757,327	3,682,429	3,412,672	1,164,432
2026	4,619,262	3,342,586	3,550,739	1,027,926
2027	4,822,406	3,150,717	3,932,594	885,896
2028-2032	27,090,723	12,772,145	12,414,278	2,279,344
2033-2037	32,602,014	7,289,398	7,682,986	708,586
2038-2042	23,640,000	1,637,150		
	113,133,857	40,199,938	37,421,145	8,775,470

On April 11, 2022, the City issued general obligation bonds with a par amount of \$23,475,000 and coupon rates between 4.00 and 5.00 percent. The net proceeds of \$26,190,816 included an original issue premium of \$2,715,816 (after payment of \$102,807 in underwriting fees and \$122,000 in costs of issuance), \$25,965,000 was immediately deposited into a project fund. The general obligation bonds were issued to fund the construction of a certain projects for Fire, Police, Streets & Highway, and Transportation.

NOTE 8 REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

Revenue bonds payable on June 30, 2022, consisted of the outstanding revenue bonds and refunding bonds presented on the following table. The bonds are generally callable after 10 years with interest payable semi-annually.

Purpose	Interest Rates	Remaining Maturities	Pi	standing rincipal e 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Excise Tax Revenue Bond					
Taxable Excise Tax Revenue Refunding, Series 2021	.210-1.736%	7/1/23-27		23,855,000	4,705,000
				23,855,000	4,705,000
Public Improvement Corporation Municipal Facilities			'		
PIC Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A	3.00-5.00%	7/1/28-32		27,470,000	-
PIC Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016B	4.00-5.00%	7/1/23-31		20,095,000	1,675,000
McDowell Road Commercial Improvement District					
Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	1.95-3.60%	1/1/23-31		21,080,000	2,295,000
Total				68,645,000	3,970,000
Direct borrowings or direct placements:					
Tax-Exempt Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A	2.48%	6/15/2023		1,002,586	1,002,585
Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2012B	3.44%	6/15/2023		123,651	123,651
Facitilties Revenue Bonds, Series 2017	3.31%	7/1/23-27		5,770,000	1,080,000
Total direct borrowings or direct placements				6,896,237	2,206,236
Total governmental activities			\$	99,396,237	\$ 10,881,236
Business-type activities:					
Revenue Bonds, Series 2009	6.75%	7/1/49	\$	325,000	\$ -
Revenue Bonds, Series 2016	2.00-5.00%	7/1/23-45		6,260,000	165,000
Revenue Bonds, Series 2020	2.00-5.00%	7/1/23-49		76,170,000	1,005,000
Revenue Bonds, Second Series 2020	3.00-4.00%	7/1/30-49		30,950,000	-
Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020	2.00-5.00%	7/1/23-39		11,495,000	355,000
Revenue Refunding Taxable Bonds, Series 2020	1.428-3.506%	7/1/23-41		11,925,000	500,000
Total business-type activities				137,125,000	2,025,000
Total			\$	236,521,237	\$ 12,906,236

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Typ	e Activities	
			Direct Bo	rowings		
Fiscal Year			or Direct Pla	acements		
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	8,675,000	2,982,541	2,206,236	212,877	2,025,000	5,251,428
2024	8,840,000	2,817,241	1,115,000	155,239	2,070,000	5,168,118
2025	9,025,000	2,629,180	1,155,000	118,333	2,180,000	5,081,933
2026	9,250,000	2,409,367	1,190,000	80,102	2,245,000	5,022,781
2027	9,500,000	2,163,951	1,230,000	40,713	2,615,000	4,926,267
2028-2032	47,210,000	4,953,249	-	-	17,205,000	22,631,596
2033-2037	-	-	-	-	22,110,000	18,600,912
2038-2042	-	-	-	-	33,075,000	13,347,462
2043-2047	-	-	-	-	36,815,000	6,643,490
2048-2052	-	-	-	-	16,785,000	826,218
	92,500,000	17,955,528	6,896,236	607,264	137,125,000	87,500,204

Pledged Revenue

A. Revenue Bonds

Governmental Activities – The obligations are special revenue obligations of the City. The payments are payable from and secured by a first lien on the excise taxes received by the City. Excise Taxes includes amounts received from the imposition of unrestricted fines and forfeitures, license and permit fees, transaction privilege (sales) taxes, other transaction privilege, excise and business taxes, franchise fees and taxes, bed and rental taxes which the City now or in the future imposes and collects, and all state shared sales and income taxes and state revenue-sharing

NOTE 8 REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

collected and allocated or apportioned, now or thereafter. Excise tax does not include revenue from development fees or building permit fees. The last scheduled debt service payment occurring on 7/1/2027. Proceeds of the bonds were used to refund in advance of maturity the Municipal Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2011A. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total pledged revenues were \$1,132,597 and \$158,008,523, respectively.

Business-Type Activities

Revenue bonds are collateralized by a pledge of the gross revenues of the utility systems, as defined in the bond indentures. The bonds are payable solely from water and wastewater customer net revenues with the last scheduled debt service payment occurring on 7/1/2032. Proceeds of the bonds were used for improvements to the City's water and wastewater system. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total water and wastewater customer net revenues were \$7,259,710 and \$20,422,540, respectively.

B. Public Improvement Corporation Municipal Facilities Revenue Bonds

The public improvement corporation municipal facilities revenue bonds are secured by excise taxes or other undesignated general fund revenues and the property referred to as Goodyear Municipal Complex. Proceeds from the bonds were used to construct a major league baseball training facility as well as other municipal facilities. The last scheduled debt service payment on the bonds is 7/1/2032. Principal and interest paid, including the refunded bonds, for the current year and total pledged revenues were \$10,435,798 and \$158,008,523, respectively.

C. McDowell Road Corridor Improvement District Bonds

The City acts as an administrator for the McDowell Road Corridor Improvement District whereby it collects the assessments levied against owners of property within the established district and disburses the amounts collected to retire the bonds issued to finance infrastructure improvements. The last scheduled debt service payment on the bond is 1/1/2031. On June 30, 2021, the special assessments receivable, together with amounts paid in advance and interest to be received over the life of the assessment period, is adequate for the scheduled maturities of the bonds payable and the related interest. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total revenues available to service the debt were \$2,937,420 and \$3,641,975, respectively.

The McDowell Road Corridor Improvement District bonds are collateralized by properties within the district. In the event of default by the property owner(s), the City may enforce an auction sale to satisfy the debt service requirements of the improvement bonds. The City is contingently liable on the bonds to the extent that proceeds from auction sales are insufficient to retire outstanding bonds.

NOTE 9 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS BONDS PAYABLE

Community Facilities District General Obligation Bonds are issued by Community Facilities Districts (CFDs), which are special purpose districts created specifically to acquire and improve public infrastructure in specified land areas. CFD bonds are repaid by ad valorem taxes levied directly by the districts and collected by the county. Property owners in the districts are assessed for district taxes and thus for all costs associated with the districts. The City has no liability for CFD bonds.

Community facilities district bonds payable on June 30, 2022, consisted of outstanding general obligation and special assessment bonds. The bonds are generally callable with interest payable semiannually. Community facilities district bonds payable on June 30, 2022, are presented on the following page.

Purpose	Interest Rates	Remaining Maturities	Outstanding Principal June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
General District No. 1:				
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	5.00%	7/15/23-7/15/28	\$ 5,190,000	\$ 830,000
Palm Valley:				
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	3.00-4.00%	7/15/23-7/15/32	4,085,000	360,000
Utilities District No. 1:				
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	4.00%	7/15/23-7/15/28	7,340,000	1,105,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	3.00-4.125%	7/15/23-7/15/29	4,260,000	325,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	4.00%	7/15/23-7/15/32	14,050,000	530,000
Wildflower Ranch District 1:				
General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998	5.70-5.75%	7/15/23	80,000	80,000
Wildflower Ranch District 2:				
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2000	7.00%	7/15/23-7/15/25	160,000	50,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2001	5.90%	7/15/23-7/15/26	200,000	50,000
Estrella Mountain Ranch:				
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015M2	2.50-5.00%	7/1/23-7/1/39	3,880,000	156,000
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015M3	1.90-3.75%	7/1/23-7/1/46	584,000	14,000
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	3.25-5.00%	7/1/23-7/1/32	7,795,000	810,000
Special Assessment Revenue Bonds				
Series 2019 Lucero	2.60-4.75%	7/1/23-7/1/43	6,355,000	202,000
Total			53,979,000	4,512,000
Direct placements:				
Centerra:				
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.70%	7/15/23-7/15/31	1,944,000	202,000
General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016	2.70%	7/15/23-7/15/31	315,000	11,000
Cortina:				-
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	3.18%	7/15/23-7/15/31	1,365,000	135,000
Cottonflower:				
General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	2.92%	7/15/23-7/15/28	1,180,000	180,000
Estrella Mountain Ranch:				-
Special Assessment Revenue Refunding Bonds				
Series 2018 Desert Village	3.15%	7/1/23-7/1/26	986,000	277,000
Series 2018 Golf Village	2.81%	7/1/23-7/1/24	430,000	257,000
Series 2018 Golf Village 2	3.67%	7/1/23-7/1/30	3,234,000	411,000
Series 2018 Montecito 2	3.75%	7/15/23-7/15/31	3,754,000	403,000
Total direct borrowings or direct placements			13,208,000	1,876,000
Total			\$ 67,187,000	\$ 6,388,000
				, -,,

NOTE 9 COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS BONDS PAYABLE

Community Facilities District bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year			Direct Borrowings	/ Placements	
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2023	4,512,000	2,189,240	1,844,000	442,643	
2024	4,782,000	2,007,189	1,848,000	381,200	
2025	4,977,000	1,820,654	1,670,000	320,281	
2026	5,125,000	1,611,564	1,686,000	264,288	
2027	5,275,000	1,410,429	1,555,000	207,672	
2028-2032	22,984,000	4,110,499	4,605,000	351,818	
2033-2037	3,052,000	1,218,568	-	-	
2038-2042	2,691,000	477,413	-	-	
2043-2047	581,000	34,123	-	-	
2048-2052					
	53,979,000	14,879,676	13,208,000	1,967,902	

NOTE 10 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning				Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences payable	6,912,090	18,982,819	17,351,068	8,543,841	4,578,102
Lease liability	-	94,775	15,401	79,374	18,746
General obligation bonds payable	94,324,553	23,475,000	4,665,698	113,133,855	6,088,495
Community Facilities District bonds payable	57,673,000	598,000	4,292,000	53,979,000	4,512,000
Direct borrowings or direct placements-CFD	15,185,000		1,977,000	13,208,000	1,876,000
Public improvement bonds payable	53,210,000		5,645,000	47,565,000	1,675,000
Direct borrowings or direct placements-PIC	9,038,918		2,142,680	6,896,238	2,206,236
Revenue bonds payable	48,050,000		3,115,000	44,935,000	7,000,000
Premiums	18,545,204	2,715,816	1,652,830	19,608,191	-
Discounts	(29,597)		(1,644)	(27,953)	-
Net OPEB liability	198,788		148,919	49,869	-
Net pension liability	83,457,500		45,884,456	37,573,044	
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 386,565,456	\$ 45,866,410	\$86,888,407	\$ 345,543,459	\$27,954,579
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences payable	712,306	1,801,818	1,663,472	850,652	488,079
Lease liability	-			-	-
General obligation bonds payable	40,480,447		3,059,302	37,421,145	3,126,505
Revenue bonds payable	139,065,000		1,940,000	137,125,000	2,025,000
Loans payable - Direct borrowing	2,488,002		289,877	2,198,125	295,674
Premiums	16,782,558		904,193	15,878,365	-
Discounts	-		-	-	-
Net OPEB liability	32,158		23,275	8,883	-
Net pension liability	7,258,513		1,660,566	5,597,947	-
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 206,818,984	\$ 1,801,818	\$ 9,540,685	\$ 199,080,117	\$ 5,935,258

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to community facilities districts' debt of \$13,208,000 are secured by either (1) an ad valorem tax on all taxable property; (2) an

NOTE 10 CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

assessment levied on each lot in the assessment district; or (3) a debt reserve fund. These notes contain a provision that in the event of default the interest rate will increase, and the legal rights of the creditor will be enforced.

The City's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to the Public Improvement Corporation's debt of \$6,896,238 are secured by the lease rental payments received pursuant to a Taxable and a Tax-Exempt Lease Agreement. These outstanding notes contain a provision that in an event of default the interest rate will increase, and the legal rights of the creditor will be enforced.

The City's outstanding note from direct borrowings and direct placements related to the business-type activities of \$2,198,125 is secured by pledged water and wastewater revenues. This outstanding note contains a provision that in an event of default a late charge of 6% per annum will be charged and the legal rights of the creditor will be enforced.

NOTE 11 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

Transfers during the fiscal year were as follows:

	Transfers Out	Transfers In
General Fund	41,887,213	15,723,288
GO Bond Capital Projects	3,653,395	26,340,053
Non Utility Development Impact Fee	1,933,890	2,729,900
Non-Major Governmental Funds	6,827,300	17,524,491
Sanitation	1,461,812	-
Water and Wastewater Fund	6,554,122	-
Total	62,317,732	62,317,732

All transfers made during the year were to cover operations or debt service as approved during budget development.

Interfund balances as of June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Due to	Due From
General Fund		1,448,680
GO Bond Capital Projects	75,998	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	1,372,681	
	1,448,679	1,448,680

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting systems and (3) payments between funds are made. These amounts also include balances of working capital loans made to several nonmajor governmental funds, which the general fund expects to collect in the subsequent year.

NOTE 12 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

<u>Federal and State grants and loans</u> - The City has received a number of grants and loans from both the Federal and State governments. Although the programs have been audited, not all audits have been approved as of June 30, 2022; however, the City expects no material disallowances of expenditures.

<u>Lawsuits</u> - The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

<u>Commitments</u> - The City is contingently liable for payments from the general fund to entities that the City has entered into job credit agreements for establishing businesses within the City. These credits will be paid out when the established criteria are met for job creation and other economic growth factors as specified by the development agreements. Each year the City appropriates for these obligations through the budget process.

NOTE 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The City's property and liability insurance protection is provided by the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool, of which the City is a participating member. The Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool is structured such that member premiums are based on an actuarial review that will provide adequate reserves to allow the pool to meet its expected financial obligations. The pool has authority to assess its members additional premiums should reserve and annual premiums be insufficient to meet the pool's obligations.

The City established a Self-Insurance Trust (an Internal Service Fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risk loss related to healthcare claims. Under this program, the Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each claim, not to exceed an annual aggregate of \$12,654,585. The Fund purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of this coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded the annual aggregate in any of the past five fiscal years.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		Current Year Claims		
	Claims Payable Beginning of Year	and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Claims Payable at End of Year
Healthcare Benefits				
2020-22	 \$ 697,594	\$ 8,755,522	\$ 8,789,449	\$ 663,667

NOTE 13 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for workers compensation. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past five fiscal years.

NOTE 14 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

Aggregate Amounts. At June 30, 2022, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes.

	G	overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities		Total
Net pension and OPEB assets	\$	1,861,629	\$	211,705	_	\$ 2,073,334
Net pension and OPEB liability		37,622,913		5,606,830		43,229,743
Deferred outflows of resources		34,431,225		1,870,296		36,301,521
Deferred inflows of resources		24,636,837		1,956,781		26,593,618
Pension and OPEB expense		8,740,028		341,847		9,081,875

The City reported \$8,740,028 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description. City employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement Initial				
	Membership Date:				
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011			
Years of service and age required to	Sum of years and age equals 80 10	30 years, age 55			
receive benefit	years, age 62	25 years, age 60			
	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62			
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*			
		Any years, age 65			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last	Highest 60 months of last			
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%			
	*With actuarially reduced benefits				

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Retired and disabled members, with at least five years of credited service, are eligible to receive health insurance premium benefits. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with five to nine years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a long-term disability benefit in the event they become unable to perform their work. The monthly benefit is equal to two-thirds of their monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999 are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date, if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.22 percent for retirement and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.01 percent for retirement, 0.21 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll.

	Contributions	
Pension	\$	4,413,873
Health Insurance Premium		77,178
Long-Term Disability		69,828

Employers are also required to pay an Alternate Contribution Rate (ACR), for retired members who return to work in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS. The City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.22 percent (10.13 for retirement and 0.09 percent for long-term disability). ACR contributions are included in employer contributions presented above.

The City's pension and OPEB contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest components coming from the General Fund and the Water and Wastewater Fund.

Pension and OPEB Assets/Liability. The net pension and OPEB assets/liability were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2021 reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7-7.2 percent to 2.9-8.4 percent. The City's proportion of the net asset/liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the applicable plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2021.

At June 30, 2022, the City reported the following amounts for its proportionate share of the ASRS plans net assets/liability. In addition, at June 30, 2021, the City's percentage proportion for each plan and the related change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020 was:

	Net (Assets)		Increase
	Liability	City % Proportion	(Decrease)
Pension	\$ 37,024,641	0.282	0.02
Health Insurance Premium	(1,400,236)	0.287	0.02
Long-Term Disability	58,752	0.285	0.02

Pension/OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. The City has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net pension and OPEB assets/liability. Certain changes in the net pension and OPEB assets/liability are recognized as pension and OPEB expense over a period of time rather than the year of occurrence. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension and OPEB expense as follows:

	Expense	
Pension	\$	4,486,256
Health Insurance Premium		(285,809)
Long-Term Disability		(10,635)

The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources					
				Health		
			In	surance		ng-Term
		Pension	P	remium	D	isability
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	564,407	\$	-	\$	16,971
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,819,053		69,420		18,790
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments		-		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,283,396		509		17,195
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,413,873		77,178		69,828
Total	\$	12,080,729	\$	147,107	\$	122,784

	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	Pension	Insurance Premium	Long-Term Disability	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 485,604	\$ 4,788	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	56,612	74,029	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments	11,730,709	519,417	40,690	
Changes in porportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	7,527	2,651	
Total	\$ 11,730,709	\$ 1,069,160	\$ 122,158	

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension and OPEB assets/liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized in pension and OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Pension	Insurance Premium	Long-Term Disability
2022	1,540,002	(234,083)	(8,862)
2023	1,024,655	(224,585)	(8,155)
2024	(2,586,020)	(246,284)	(9,625)
2025	(4,042,490)	(271,851)	(15,782)
2026	-	(22,428)	(5,500)
Thereafter	-	S-	(21,278)

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension and OPEB liability are as follows:

June 30, 2020
June 30, 2021
Entry age normal
7.0%
2.9-8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
2.3%
Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health
insurance premium benefit
2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Not applicable

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class for all ASRS plans are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50%	4.90%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.20%
Fixed income- interest rate sensitive	10%	0.70%
Real estate	20%	5.70%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. At June 30,2021, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS Total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 form the discount rate used as of June 30,2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Assets/Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB assets/liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB assets/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Proportionate share of the net (assets) liability				
	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase		
Rate	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%		
Pension	\$ 58,236,659	\$ 37,024,641	\$ 19,339,687		
Health Insurance Premium	(927,102)	(1,400,236)	(1,802,557)		
Long-Term Disability	76.504	58,752	41,578		

Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions. City public safety employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes their financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided. The PSPRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Certain retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows. See the publicly available PSPRS financial report for additional benefits information.

Retirement Initial Membership Date:

	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3		
Years of service	20 years of service, any	25 years or 15 years	15 years of credited		
and age required	age or 15 years of	of credited service,	service, age 52.5 or 15		
to receive benefit	service, age 62	age 52.5	or more years of		
			service, age 55		
Final average	Highest 36 consecutive	Highest 60	Highest 60 consecutive		
salary is based on	months of last 20 years	consecutive months	months of last 15 years		
salary is based on	monens of last 20 years	of last 20 years	months of last 13 years		
Normal	50% less 2.0% for each	1.5 % to 2.5% per year	1.5 % to 2.5% per year		
retirement	year of credited service	of credited service,	of credited service, not		
	less than 20 years or	not to exceed 80%	to exceed 80%		
	plus 2.0% to 2.5% for				
	each year of credited service over 20 years,				
	not to exceed 80%				
Accidental	50% or normal retiremen	nt, whichever is greater			
disability					
retirement					
Catastrophic	90% of the first 60 mont	hs then reduced to eithe	er 62.5% or normal		
disability	retirement, whichever is greater				
retirement					
Ordinary disability	Normal retirement calcu	lated with actual years of	of credited service or		
retirement	20 years of credited serv	rice, whichever is greater	r, multiplied by years		
	of credited service (not t	o exceed 20 years) divid	ed by 20		
Survivor benefit:					
Retired members	80% to 100% of retired r				
Active members	active members 80% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was the result of injuries received on				
	the job	i ueatii was tile result 01	injuries received on		
	110 100				

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At June 30, 2022 the following employees were covered by the agent plan's benefit terms:

	PSPRS	- Police	PSPRS - Fire		
		Health		Health	
	Pension	Insurance	Pension	Insurance	
Retirees and beneficiaries	30	30	15	15	
Inactive, non-retired members	32	11	14	12	
Active members	103	103	89	89	
Total	165	144	118	116	

Contributions. State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Tier three calculation below uses the Total Board Approved Tier 3 Required Employer Defined Benefit Cost from the Actuarial Valuation Reports. Contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2022, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	Tier 1	Tier 1 & 2		Tier 3	
	PSPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire	PSPRS - Police	PSPRS - Fire	
Active members - pension	7.65% to	11.65%	9.05%	9.05%	
City of Goodyear:					
Pension	32.83%	30.94%	27.35%	25.64%	
Health insurance	0.06%	0.31%	0.13%	0.13%	

Employers are also required to pay an Alternate Contribution Rate (ACR), for retired members who return to work in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to PSPRS. The City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 15.83 percent for fire PSPRS and 17.54 percent for Police PSPRS. ACR contributions are included in employer contributions presented above.

In addition to the current contributions shown below, the city had a prepaid overpayment of \$2,160,164 in Fire, and \$1,568,573 in Police applied towards its unfunded liability. The contributions to the pension and OPEB plans for the year ended were:

	Contributions				
	PSP	PSPRS - Police		SPRS - Fire	
Pension	\$	1,811,103	\$	2,213,888	
Pension - Tier 2		1,072,593		225,806	
Pension - Tier 3		586,756		507,881	
Health insurance		2,890		24,832	
Health insurance - Tier 2		1,711		2,533	
Health insurance - Tier 3		7,823		6,772	

The City's pension and OPEB contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest component coming from the General Fund.

Pension and OPEB Assets/Liability. At June 30, 2022, the City reported the following assets and liabilities.

		Net (Asset) Liability				
	PSPRS - Police			SPRS - Fire		
Pension	\$	4,217,115	\$	1,929,142		
Health insurance		(508,055)		(165,043)		

The net pension and OPEB assets/liability were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liability as of June 30, 2021, reflects no changes of actuarial assumptions to the investment rate of return of 7.3 percent or the mortality rates.

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return Tier 1 & 2	7.3%,
Investment rate of return Tier 3	7.0%,
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.75% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	Mortality rate was updated to reflect the
	PubS-2010 Tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.30 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
	Target	Geometric Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
U.S. public Equity	24%	4.08%
International Public Equity	16%	5.20%
Global Private Equity	20%	7.67%
Other Assets	7%	5.43%
Core Bonds	2%	0.42%
Private Credit	20%	5.74%
Diversifying Strategies	10%	3.99%
Cash – Mellon	1%	(0.31)%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB liability was 7.3 percent, which was which is the same discount rate used in the previous year, June 30, 2020.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate.

Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments for these plans to determine the total pension and OPEB liability.

Changes in Net (Assets)/Liability

		Pension			Health Insurance	1	
		Increase (Decreas	e)	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total (Assets) Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net (Assets) Liability	Total (Assets) Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net (Assets) Liability	
PSPRS - Police							
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$61,494,383	\$37,507,990	\$ 23,986,393	\$ 727,609	\$1,008,384	\$ (280,775)	
Change for the year:							
Service cost	2,208,847	-	2,208,847	37,876	-	37,876	
Interest on the total liability	4,586,569	-	4,586,569	55,315	-	55,315	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience in the							
measurement of the liability	641,214	-	641,214	(23,230)	-	(23,230)	
Changes of assumptions							
or other inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	14,918,307	(14,918,307)	-	21,141	(21,141)	
Contributions - employee	-	819,075	(819,075)	-	-	-	
Net investment income	-	11,521,830	(11,521,830)	-	277,240	(277,240)	
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions	(1,747,026)	(1,747,026)	-	(15,483)	(15,483)	-	
Administrative expense	-	(53,304)	53,304	-	(1,140)	1,140	
Other changes/Adjustments to PY							
Net changes	5,689,604	25,458,882	(19,769,278)	54,478	281,758	(227,280)	
Balances at June 30, 2022	\$67,183,987	\$62,966,872	\$ 4,217,115	\$ 782,087	\$1,290,142	\$ (508,055)	
	Ir	Pension ncrease (Decrease)		Health Insurance crease (Decrease)	
	Total (Assets)	Plan Fiduciary Net	Net (Assets)	Total (Assets)	Plan Fiduciary	Net (Assets)	
	Liability	Position	Liability	Liability	Net Position	Liability	
PSPRS - Fire							
Balances at June 30, 2021 Change for the year:	\$62,406,936	\$41,282,449	\$ 21,124,487	\$ 811,708	\$ 782,811	\$ 28,897	
Service cost	1,944,759	-	1,944,759	30,073	-	30,073	
Interest on the total liability	4,652,630	-	4,652,630	61,078	-	61,078	
Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the	-	-	-	-	-	-	
measurement of the liability	1,925,481	-	1,925,481	(38,999)	-	(38,999)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	_	14,569,689	(14,569,689)	-	33.001	(33,001)	
Contributions - employee	_	693,071	(693,071)	_	-	-	
Net investment income	_	12,513,461	(12,513,461)	_	213,971	(213,971)	
Benefit payments, including refunds						, , ,	
of employee contributions	(1,234,072)	(1,234,072)	-	(10,196)	(10,196)	_	
of employee contributions Administrative expense	(1,234,072)	(1,234,072) (58,006)	58,006	(10,196)	(10,196) (880)	- 880	
	(1,234,072) - -		-	(10,196) - -		- 880 -	
Administrative expense	(1,234,072) - - - 7,288,798		-	(10,196) - - - 41,956		- 880 - (193,940)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension and OPEB Assets (Liability) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City/Town's net pension and OPEB assets (liability) calculated using the discount rates noted above, as well as what the net assets (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease	Di	Current scount Rate	1	% Increase
PSPRS - Police						
Rate		6.30%		7.30%		8.30%
Net pension (assets) liability	\$	14,671,560	\$	4,217,115	\$	(4,184,028)
Net OPEB (assets) liability		(403,095)		(508,055)		(595,592)
PSPRS - Fire						
Rate		6.30%		7.30%		8.30%
Net pension (assets) liability	\$	13,055,758	\$	1,929,142	\$	(7,068,174)
Net OPEB (assets) liability		(56,376)		(165,043)		(256,423)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial report. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Expense. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized the following as pension and OPEB expense:

		Expense			
	PSPRS - Polic		PS	SPRS - Fire	
Pension	\$	2,581,449	\$	2,381,102	
Health insurance		(50,723)		(19,765)	

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pens	sion	Health Insurance			
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
PSPRS - Police						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$ 2,785,334	\$ 510,975	\$ 8,365	\$ 248,533		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,327,324	-	10,346	22,825		
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on plan investments	-	5,063,725		119,044		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions	-	-	-	-		
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	5,037,619		23,658			
Total	\$ 9,150,277	\$5,574,700	\$ 42,369	\$ 390,402		

	Pens	sion	Health Insurance			
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred		
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of		
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources		
PSPRS - Fire						
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$ 7,777,560	\$1,930,031	\$ 11,790	\$ 167,138		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,825,969	-	10,885	47,119		
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on plan investments		5,471,428		90,774		
Changes in proportion and differences						
between contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions	-	-	-	-		
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	5,072,153		59,895			
Total	\$14,675,682	\$7,401,459	\$ 82,570	\$ 305,031		

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension and OPEB assets/liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized in pension and OPEB expense as follows:

	PSPRS - Police		PSPRS	- Fire
_		Health		Health
Year Ending June 30:	Pension	Insurance	Pension	Insurance
2023	(74,724)	(64,910)	175,673	(49,009)
2024	(422,098)	(65,649)	141,709	(49,640)
2025	(696,308)	(66,256)	7,620	(52,432)
2026	(1,125,281)	(73,085)	(457,456)	(61,709)
2027	455,046	(32,392)	1,160,928	(30,504)
Thereafter	401,323	(69,399)	1,173,596	(39,062)

C. Goodyear Volunteer and Reserve Firefighter Retirement Trust Plan

The Goodyear Volunteer and Reserve Firefighter Retirement Trust Plan is a single-employer defined contribution plan, which was approved by the City Council on February 27, 1990, under Arizona Revised Statutes Section 9-981. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions rests with the City Council. In December 1999, the council revised the pension and benefit program for the part-time firefighters. The City discontinued using part-time firefighters as of December 1, 2005.

The assets of the plan are valued annually and the earnings or loss is distributed among the participant's accounts in the plan. The only expenditures being made from this fund are administration fees, benefit payments, and refunds to those firefighters who leave the service of the Fire Department before becoming eligible for pension benefits. The cost of administering the plan is financed from investment earnings. Retirement with full benefits can be at age fifty (50) or fifteen years of credited service. This plan was fully vested as of June 30, 2022. As of June 30,

2022, there were four eligible employees participating in the plan. The plan was administered by Cetera Advisor Networks LLC.

As of June 30, 2022, the plan's assets consisted of the following:

Investments \$ 620,830

The plan has never had an actuarial valuation; however, benefits cannot exceed plan assets. The market values of mutual funds are determined from readily available market quotations. The fund uses the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized when earned; benefits and refunds are expensed when incurred. Separate audited financial statements of this employee benefit plan are not available.

NOTE 15 EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended, June 30, 2022, expenditures did not exceed budget at the fund level in any funds.

NOTE 16 FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

				McDowell			
		Non Utility		Road			
		Development		Commerical	Community		
		Impact Fees		Corridor ID	Facilities		Total
		Capital	GO Bonds	Debt Service	Districts Debt	Non-Major	Governmental
	General Fund	Projects	Capital Projects	Fund	Service Fund	Funds	Funds
Fund Balances (deficits):							
Nonspendable							
Inventory	299,683	-	-	-	-	1,027,794	1,327,477
Prepaid items	0	-	-	-	-	323,750	323,750
Restricted							-
Capital projects	-	-	26,425,693	-	-	-	26,425,693
Community facilities districts operations	-	-	-	-	-	6,586,516	6,586,516
Court	509,763	-	-	-	-	-	509,763
Debt service	-	-	-	935,859	1,357,281	1,030,090	3,323,230
Development impact fees	-	80,340,543	-	-	-	-	80,340,543
Grants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Law enforcement	324,149	-	-	-	-	-	324,149
Streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism	-	-	-	-	-	164,112	164,112
Transit	1,402,368	-	-	-	-	-	1,402,368
Committed							-
Ball park	-	-	-	-	-	4,754,655	4,754,655
Assigned							-
Facilities Asset Mgmt Plan	1,938,782	-	-	-	-	-	1,938,782
Fire asset reserve	1,228,220	-	-	-	-	-	1,228,220
Fleet replacement	8,190,265	-	-	-	-	-	8,190,265
IT replacement	3,113,269	-	-	-	-	-	3,113,269
Risk management	750,000	-	-	-	-	-	750,000
Parks management	3,733,077	-	-	-	-	-	3,733,077
Traffic signal reserve	1,418,793	-	-	-	-	-	1,418,793
General Fund FY2022 Budget	129,774,800	-	-	-	-	-	129,774,800
Unassigned	26,378,589					(374,937)	26,003,652
Total fund balances	179,061,757	80,340,543	26,425,693	935,859	1,357,281	13,511,980	301,633,113

NOTE 17 DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2022, the Grants Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$51,117. The deficit exists due to timing of reimbursements for grant related expenses. Specifically, some reimbursements were not received within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. The deficit is expected to be resolved in the subsequent fiscal year. Further detail can be found in the budget to actual schedule within the supplemental information.

NOTE 18 COMMITMENTS

Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2022. The commitments for these active projects are being financed from existing fund balances. The balances for work not yet complete as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Project	Amount
30007 - Fire Station 188 Design Build	946,290
30008 - Fire Station 183 Tenant Improvements	316,362
35003 - Police Building Phase II	4,062,828
40007 - DSD - Permitting System	4,850
41003 - Enhanced Bullard Landscape and Branding	187,924
42016 - Civic Square at Estrella Falls	12,074,778
42024 - North Subdivision Street Lights	205,852
42042 - Western Avenue Parking Lot	107,846
60002 - Public Works Facility Management TI (Space Sol	680,440
60015 - Surface Water Project	4,776,105
60016 - Treatment Improvements - Site 18	1,373,048
60042 - Fiber Conduit	281,310
60046 - Historic Goodyear Waterlines	123,553
60047 - Booster 11 Generator	132,035
60064 - Goodyear WRF Grit System Replacement	15,721
60065 - Goodyear WRF East Centrifuge	8,833
60066 - Corgett WRF RAS Station Upgrades	21,831
60068 - RV Lift Station Generator Replacement	69,985
60071 - Fire Alarm Panel - PW Administration	80,768
	\$ 25,470,359

Encumbrances

In order to facilitate effective planning and control of funds, encumbrances are used to plan for certain items. Encumbrance amounts have been classified as assigned, unless classified as restricted or committed due to the nature of the fund. As of June 30, 2022, the encumbrances to be honored in the next fiscal year are as follows:

Fund	Am	ount
General Fund	\$	12,752,018
Non-Utility Development Impact Fees	\$	856,290
GO Bonds Capital Projects	\$	4,379,190
Total Governmental Funds	\$	17,987,498
Water & Wastewater Fund	\$	7,482,861
Total Proprietary Funds	\$	7,482,861

NOTE 19 TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS

Government Property Lease Excise Tax

The City enters into government property lease agreements with private parties. All property taxes are abated on these lease agreements; however, the private party may be subject to a government property lease excise tax (GPLET) in lieu of property taxes. GPLET is calculated based on rates state statute establishes on the property's square footage and use. The property tax abatement applies to private parties developing and occupying a government property for at least 30 consecutive days.

Under the City's government property lease agreements, private parties are committed to the construction of any improvements and the operation and maintenance of the improvements. The City has no commitments under these agreements other than to abate taxes.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, government property lease agreements the City entered into reduced the City tax revenues by \$410,348.

Foreign Trade Zone

The City has a foreign trade zone within its limits. Arizona state law allows for any property within a foreign trade zone to be subject to a reduced property valuation rate of 5% down from 18%. Under the City's foreign trade zones, business can qualify one of four ways:

- 1. Developers can construct a zone I-1 site of at least 200,000 square feet in a foreign trade zone.
- Qualifying manufacturing companies can invest at least \$25 million in capital equipment and real
 property, construct 75,000 square feet building, employ a minimum of 75 full-time employees
 with 51% paid 125% of the state median annual wage and paid 75% of employees' health
 insurance premiums.
- 3. Internet fulfillment companies can locate within a designated foreign trade zone building, generate a minimum of \$25 million of Arizona end-user sales and invest at least \$25 million in capital equipment and real property.
- 4. Businesses can locate within one of the federally approved Magnet foreign trade zones and comply with the City's Foreign Trade Zone policy and federal requirements.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, properties within the foreign trade zones reduced the City tax revenues by \$464,822.90.

Sales Tax Abatements

The City has entered into agreements with developers to reimburse for the construction of public infrastructure that will benefit the community. These reimbursements are paid to developers over time from the collection of sales taxes. Payments to developers are considered during the City's budget process. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the one developer agreement reduced City sales tax revenues by \$2,656,562.

NOTE 20 RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The beginning net position of Governmental Activities, has been restated by (\$5,175,154) to record prior period adjustments related to the recording of unspent American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA) funds that were previously recorded as deferred inflows and revenue and were properly reclassified to unearned revenue.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES	Φ 04.016.600	Φ 04.016.600	Ф. 127.040.217	Ф. 22.021.717
Taxes	\$ 94,016,600	\$ 94,016,600	\$ 127,848,317	\$ 33,831,717
Licenses and permits	16,447,500	16,447,500	16,654,379	206,879
Intergovernmental revenues	26,397,700	26,397,700	41,101,813	14,704,113
Charges for services	1,912,100	1,912,100	3,448,050	1,535,950
Fines and forfeitures	666,300	666,300	1,016,840	350,540
Investment income	-	-	(3,493,550)	(3,493,550)
Contributions	17,487,000	17,487,000	1,895,854	(15,591,146)
Other revenues	924,200	924,200	1,833,316	909,116
Total revenues	157,851,400	157,851,400	190,305,019	32,453,619
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government:				
City attorney	2,267,500	2,267,500	2,014,785	252,715
City clerk	836,000	820,000	734,078	85,922
City manager	2,931,300	3,581,300	2,735,179	846,121
Communications	1,269,700	1,301,700	1,257,984	43,716
Finance	4,634,100	4,394,100	4,146,738	247,362
Human resources	5,587,000	6,525,700	5,393,068	1,132,632
ITS	8,729,400	8,775,000	7,177,686	1,597,314
Mayor and council	356,900	356,900	289,423	67,477
Non-departmental	3,506,000	3,506,000	2,661,288	844,712
Reserved for contingency	21,663,500	23,758,500		23,758,500
Total general government	51,781,400	55,286,700	26,410,229	28,876,471
Public safety:				
Fire	25,967,100	25,931,700	25,276,508	655,192
Municipal Court	1,349,800	1,454,800	1,293,887	160,913
Police	34,118,000	34,140,700	32,445,801	1,694,899
Total public safety	61,434,900	61,527,200	59,016,196	2,511,004
Public works:				
Administration	608,400	622,500	624,558	(2,058)
Building services	2,095,200	2,081,100	1,732,345	348,755
Fleet services	464,000	699,000	271,785	427,215
Program management	957,000	957,000	687,635	269,365
Total public works	4,124,600	4,359,600	3,316,323	1,043,277

(Continued)

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Culture and recreation:				
Arts and culture	512,000	512,000	582,554	(70,554)
Parks	10,226,400	10,226,400	8,544,865	1,681,535
Recreation	5,022,800	5,027,800	4,648,322	379,478
Total culture and recreation	15,761,200	15,766,200	13,775,741	1,990,459
Development services:				
Development services	5,553,100	7,601,800	6,464,905	1,136,895
Economic development	3,957,900	4,907,100	2,865,736	2,041,364
Engineering	6,077,300	4,300,500	3,781,920	518,580
Total development services	15,588,300	16,809,400	13,112,561	3,696,839
Capital Outlay	38,734,700	64,906,800	16,728,432	48,178,368
Debt Service				
Principal	1,098,000	1,098,000	1,113,082	(15,082)
Interest	51,000	51,000	51,358	(358)
Total debt service	1,149,000	1,149,000	1,164,440	(15,440)
Total expenditures	188,574,100	219,804,900	133,523,922	86,280,978
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(30,722,700)	(61,953,500)	56,781,097	118,734,597
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	_	_	413,605	413,605
Transfers out	(76,451,000)	(62,303,200)	(41,259,220)	21,043,980
Transfers in	7,344,500	18,423,250	15,723,288	(2,699,962)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(69,106,500)	(43,879,950)	(25,122,327)	18,757,623
Net change in fund balance	(99,829,200)	(105,833,450)	31,658,770	137,492,220
Fund balance, beginning of year	145,166,556	145,166,556	145,166,556	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 45,337,356	\$ 39,333,106	\$ 176,825,326	\$ 137,492,220

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Notes to Budget and Actual Schedules For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The City's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except for the following items:

• Certain activities reported in the General Fund are budgeted in separate funds.

The following schedule reconciles fund balance reported at the end of the year:

	Beginning			Ending
	Fund			Fund
	Balance	Revenue	Expenditures	Balance
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 147,253,140	\$ 207,353,218	\$ 175,544,600	\$ 179,061,758
Activity budgeted as special revenue funds	(2,086,584)	(911,306)	(761,458)	(2,236,432)
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund	\$ 145,166,556	\$ 206,441,912	\$ 174,783,142	\$ 176,825,326



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2022

ASRS - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)								
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)						
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.28178%	0.26321%	0.25462%						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 37,024,641	\$45,605,133	\$37,050,173						
Covered payroll	\$ 32,091,131	\$28,572,110	\$26,747,686						
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	115.37%	159.61%	138.52%						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%						

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Prior year information is not available

2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
0.26689%	0.24000%	0.24000%	0.24000%	0.22000%
\$37,221,762	\$37,471,443	\$39,085,443	\$36,986,742	\$33,264,817
\$25,325,110	\$23,806,419	\$22,599,315	\$21,761,494	\$20,166,769
146.98%	157.40%	172.95%	169.96%	164.95%
73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2022

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)								
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)							
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.287400%	0.268850%							
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (1,400,236)	\$ (190,345)							
Covered payroll	\$ 32,091,131	\$ 28,572,110							
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.36%	-0.67%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	130.24%	104.33%							
ASRS - Long-term disability	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)								
	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)							
Proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.284620%	0.266340%							
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ 58,752	\$ 202,049							
Covered payroll	\$ 32,091,131	\$ 28,572,110							
Proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.18%	0.71%							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	90.38%	68.01%							

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Prior year information is not available.

2020 (2019)		(2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)				
(0.260420%	0	.271700%	(0.243230%			
\$	(71,968)	\$	(97,837)	\$	(132,414)			
\$ 2	6,747,686	\$ 2	5,325,110	\$ 2	23,806,419			
	-0.27%		-0.39%		-0.56%			
	101.62%		102.20%		103.57%			

2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)				
0.258210	%	0.267470%	0.	241210%				
\$ 168,21	0 \$	139,754	\$	87,433				
\$ 26,747,68	6 \$ 2	25,325,110	\$ 23	3,806,419				
0.63	% %	0.55%		0.37%				
72.85	%	77.83%		84.44%				

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

PSPRS Police - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)									
			leas		te)					
		2022		2021		2020				
		(2021)		(2020)		(2019)				
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$	2,208,847	\$	2,269,992	\$	2,184,422				
Interest on total pension liability		4,586,569		4,141,357		3,834,071				
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_				
Difference between expected and actual										
experience of the total net pension liability		641,214		1,426,978		(759,999)				
Changes of assumptions		_		_		1,323,823				
Benefit payments, including refunds of						, ,				
employee contributions		(1,747,026)		(1,609,732)		(1,887,751)				
Net change in total pension liability		5,689,604		6,228,595		4,694,566				
Total pension liability - beginning		61,494,383		55,265,788		50,571,222				
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	67,183,987	\$	61,494,383	\$					
1 0 0 0	_		_	- , - ,	_	, ,				
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	14,918,307	\$	2,900,958	\$	3,042,548				
Contributions - employee		819,075		870,194		785,605				
Net investment income		11,521,830		479,482		1,784,598				
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions		(1,747,026)		(1,609,732)		(1,887,751)				
Hall/Parker settlement		_		-		-				
Plan administrative expenses		(53,304)		(39,094)		(32,005)				
Other (net transfer)		_		17,383		-				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		25,458,882		2,619,191		3,692,995				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		37,507,990		34,888,797		31,210,198				
Adjustment to beginning of year		-		2		(14,396)				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	62,966,872	\$	37,507,990	\$	34,888,797				
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	4,217,115	\$	23,986,393	\$	20,376,991				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability		93.72%		60.99%		63.13%				
	Ф	0.656.017	Φ	0.000 411	Φ	0.600.207				
Covered payroll	\$	8,656,917	\$	9,220,411	\$	9,600,397				
Net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll		48.71%		260.14%		212.25%				

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

	2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
\$	2,123,570 3,331,300	\$	1,914,605 2,971,515	\$	1,437,416 2,477,882	\$	1,278,133 2,301,498	\$	1,278,071 1,966,048
	-		456,529		3,357,342		-		186,683
	1,802,331		494,534		389,465		(159,382)		260,090
	-		824,808		1,580,891		-		1,746,183
	(1,283,523)		(1,454,686)		(1,398,856)		(1,107,068)		(1,220,650)
	5,973,678		5,207,305		7,844,140		2,313,181		4,216,425
	44,597,544		39,390,239		31,546,099		29,232,918		25,016,493
\$	50,571,222	\$	44,597,544	\$	39,390,239	\$	31,546,099	\$	29,232,918
\$	3,953,950	\$	1,633,633	\$	1,597,875	\$	1,173,950	\$	1,116,495
	947,565	·	930,370		885,129		768,858		704,171
	1,918,567		2,810,340		130,212		739,152		2,311,670
	(1,283,523)		(1,454,686)		(1,398,856)		(1,107,068)		(1,220,650)
	(1,135,981) (29,900)		(25,267)		(19,137)		(18,421)		-
	66,475		333,337		167,861		(57,781)		(476,423)
	4,437,153		4,227,727	_	1,363,084	_	1,498,690	_	2,435,263
	26,773,045		22,545,318		21,182,234		19,683,544		17,248,281
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	31,210,198	\$	26,773,045	\$	22,545,318	\$	21,182,234	\$	19,683,544
_		_		_		_	10000	_	
\$	19,361,024	\$	17,824,499	\$	16,844,921	\$	10,363,865	\$	9,549,374
	61.72%		60.03%		57.24%		67.15%		67.33%
\$	9,388,019	\$	8,331,614	\$	7,375,148	\$	7,012,489	\$	6,630,426
	206.23%		213.94%		228.40%		147.79%		144.02%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

PSPRS Fire - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year									
		(Measurement Date)								
	2022	2021	2020							
	(2021)	(2020)	(2019)							
Total pension liability										
Service cost	\$ 1,944,759	\$ 1,996,708	\$ 1,979,628							
Interest on total pension liability	4,652,630	4,060,626	3,813,916							
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-							
Difference between expected and actual										
experience of the total net pension liability	1,925,481	3,164,096	(2,153,410)							
Changes of assumptions	-	-	1,175,572							
Benefit payments, including refunds of			, ,							
employee contributions	(1,234,072)	(885,597)	(608,760)							
Net change in total pension liability	7,288,798	8,335,833	4,206,946							
Total pension liability - beginning	62,406,936	54,071,103	49,864,157							
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 69,695,734	\$ 62,406,936	\$ 54,071,103							
		, , ,								
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$ 14,569,689	\$ 2,448,698	\$ 2,107,184							
Contributions - employee	693,071	668,206	598,158							
Net investment income	12,513,461	531,059	1,962,666							
Benefit payments, including refunds of										
employee contributions	(1,234,072)	(885,597)	(608,760)							
Hall/Parker settlement	-	-	-							
Plan administrative expenses	(58,006)	(43,297)	(35,097)							
Other (net transfer)										
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	26,484,143	2,719,069	4,024,151							
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	41,282,449	38,563,377	34,551,812							
Adjustment to beginning of year		3	(12,586)							
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 67,766,592	\$ 41,282,449	\$ 38,563,377							
No. 1. 1. 1. () (1)	Ф. 1.020.142	Ф. 21.124.407	Ф. 15.50 7.7 06							
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,929,142	\$ 21,124,487	\$ 15,507,726							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage										
of the total pension liability	97.23%	66.15%	71.32%							
-										
Covered payroll	\$ 8,629,914	\$ 8,191,627	\$ 8,445,713							
Net pension liability as a percentage of										
covered payroll	22.35%	257.88%	183.62%							
1 4										

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Information prior to 2015 is not available.

2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)
\$ 2,044,963	\$	1,819,328	\$	1,558,056	\$	1,409,380	\$ 1,405,013
3,111,423		2,846,014		2,121,084		1,822,450	1,640,015
-		208,024		4,046,976		-	(18,156)
4,118,805		(389,024)		1,915,498		1,030,908	(813,497)
-		222,373		1,632,401		-	619,565
(869,611)		(570,665)		(385,270)		(680,367)	(341,865)
8,405,580		4,136,050		10,888,745		3,582,371	2,491,075
41,458,577		37,322,527		26,433,782		22,851,411	20,360,336
\$ 49,864,157	\$	41,458,577	\$	37,322,527	\$	26,433,782	\$ 22,851,411
\$ 3,893,514	\$	1,153,600	\$	1,173,975	\$	968,726	\$ 948,481
905,341		1,109,821		992,221		848,048	754,465
2,135,563		3,112,669		141,788		791,715	2,374,446
(869,611)		(570,665)		(385,270)		(680,367)	(341,865)
(1,424,092)		-		-		-	-
(33,203)		(27,942)		(20,803)		(19,707)	-
53,121		301		278,213		304,136	 (228,831)
4,660,633		4,777,784		2,180,124		2,212,551	3,506,696
29,891,179		25,113,395		22,933,271		20,720,720	17,214,024
 	_		_				
\$ 34,551,812	\$	29,891,179	\$	25,113,395	\$	22,933,271	\$ 20,720,720
\$ 15,312,345	\$	11,567,398	\$	12,209,132	\$	3,500,511	\$ 2,130,691
69.29%		72.10%		67.29%		86.76%	90.68%
\$ 8,787,982	\$	8,028,810	\$	8,217,597	\$	7,822,842	\$ 7,338,829
174.24%		144.07%		148.57%		44.75%	29.03%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

PSPRS Police Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
		2022 2021				2020	,	2019		2018	
		(2021)		(2020)	_	(2019)		(2018)	(2017)		
Total OPEB liability											
Service cost	\$	37,876	\$	40,698	\$	27,225	\$	30,980	\$	27,494	
Interest on total OPEB liability		55,315		57,502		64,999		57,711		57,481	
Changes of benefit terms		_		_		_		_		3,790	
Difference between expected and actual											
experience of the total net OPEB liability		(23,230)		(103,246)		(210,833)		11,892		4,452	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		_		-		14,776		-		(66,210)	
Benefit payments		(15,483)		(7,405)		(14,484)		(13,196)		(17,372)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		54,478		(12,451)		(118,317)		87,387		9,635	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		727,609		740,060		858,377		770,990		761,355	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	782,087	\$	727,609	\$	740,060	\$	858,377	\$	770,990	
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	21,141	\$	28,426	\$	30,174	\$	17,033	\$	30,113	
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		-		-	
Net investment income		277,240		12,337		48,982		58,322		87,559	
Benefit payments		(15,483)		(7,405)		(14,484)		(13,196)		(17,372)	
Administrative expense		(1,140)		(1,003)		(846)		(888)		(774)	
Other changes								1			
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		281,758		32,355		63,826		61,272		99,526	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,008,384		976,029		897,807		836,535		737,009	
Adjustment to beginning of year						14,396					
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,290,142	\$	1,008,384	\$	976,029	\$	897,807	\$	836,535	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(508,055)	\$	(280,775)	\$	(235,969)	\$	(39,430)	\$	(65,545)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		164.96%		138.59%		131.89%		104.59%		108.50%	
Covered payroll	\$	8,656,917	\$	9,220,411	\$	9,600,397	\$	9,388,019	\$	8,331,614	
Net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-5.87%		-3.05%		-2.46%		-0.42%		-0.79%	

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2022

PSPRS Fire Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)										
		2022	2021			2020		2019		2018	
		(2021)		(2020)	(2019)		(2018)		(2017)		
Total OPEB liability											
Service cost	\$	30,073	\$	31,919	\$	19,334	\$	22,849	\$	20,875	
Interest on total OPEB liability	Ψ	61,078	Ψ	60,500	Ψ	62,411	Ψ	57,087	Ψ	58,459	
Changes of benefit terms		01,070		-		02,711		<i>51</i> ,00 <i>1</i>		375	
Difference between expected and actual										313	
experience of the total net OPEB liability		(38,999)		(61,104)		(124,547)		2,063		21,035	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(30,777)		(01,104)		15,548		2,003		(94,084)	
Benefit payments		(10,196)		(10,499)		(11,820)		(24,100)		(7,230)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		41,956		20,816		(39,074)		57,899		(570)	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		811,708		790,892		829,966		772,067		772,637	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	•	853,664	\$	811,708	\$	790,892	\$	829,966	\$	772,067	
Total Of ED habinty - Chung (a)		033,004	Φ	611,706	Φ	190,092	Φ	629,900	_	772,007	
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$	33,001	\$	26,821	\$	28,091	\$	22,840	\$	31,049	
Contributions - employee		· <u>-</u>		-		-		-		-	
Net investment income		213,971		9,500		37,808		44,799		66,973	
Benefit payments		(10,196)		(10,499)		(11,820)		(24,100)		(7,230)	
Administrative expense		(880)		(773)		(653)		(682)		(593)	
Other changes		_		-		-		1		-	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		235,896		25,049		53,426		42,858		90,199	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		782,811		757,762		691,751		648,893		558,694	
Adjustment to beginning of year		_		-		12,585		_		-	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	1,018,707	\$	782,811	\$	757,762	\$	691,751	\$	648,893	
N (OPER P. 12%)	_	(1.67.0.12)	_	20.005	_	22.120	_	120.21.5	_	100.154	
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	(165,043)	\$	28,897	\$	33,130	\$	138,215	\$	123,174	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage											
of the total OPEB liability		119.33%		96.44%		95.81%		83.35%		84.05%	
Covered payroll	\$	8,629,914	\$	8,191,627	\$	8,445,713	\$ 8	8,787,982	\$ 8	8,028,810	
Net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-1.91%		0.35%		0.39%		1.57%		1.53%	

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

Reporting Fiscal Year

ASRS - Pension

			TYC !	orung riscai	10	ш			
		2022		2021		2020			
Contractually required contribution		\$ 4,413,8	373	\$ 3,690,370	,	\$ 3,294,032			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		\$ (4,413,873)		\$ (3,690,370)		\$ (3,294,032)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$	_	\$ -		\$ -			
Covered payroll		\$ 38,450,3	304	\$32,091,131		\$28,572,110			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.4	11.48%		,)	11.53%			
PSPRS Police-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year								
		2022		2021	2020				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	3,492,704	\$	2,918,307	\$	2,900,958			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	(5,061,277)	\$	(14,918,307)	\$	(2,900,958)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(1,568,573)	\$	(12,000,000)	\$				
Covered payroll	\$	13,130,356	\$	8,656,917	\$	9,220,411			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		38.55%		172.33%		31.46%			
PSPRS Fire-Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year								
1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		2022		2021		2020			
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,941,811	\$	2,569,689	\$	2,448,698			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		(5,101,975)		(14,569,689)		(2,448,698)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(2,160,164)	\$	(12,000,000)	\$				
Covered payroll	\$	12,175,244	\$	8,629,914	\$	8,191,627			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		41.90%		168.83%		29.89%			

Note: The City implemented GASB 68 in fiscal year 2015. Prior year information is not available

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
\$ 3,002,190	\$ 2,760,437	\$ 2,566,332	\$ 2,452,025	\$ 2,369,823	
\$ (3,002,190)	\$ (2,760,437)	\$ (2,566,332)	\$ (2,452,025)	\$ (2,369,823)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
\$26,747,686	\$25,325,110	\$23,806,419	\$22,599,315	\$21,761,494	
11.22%	10.90%	10.78%	10.85%	10.89%	

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 3,042,548	\$ 3,953,950	\$ 1,633,633	\$ 1,597,875	\$ 1,173,950
\$ (3,042,548)	\$ (3,953,950)	\$ (1,633,633)	\$ (1,597,875)	\$ (1,173,950)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 9,600,397	\$ 9,388,019	\$ 8,331,614	\$ 7,375,148	\$ 7,012,489
31.69%	42.12%	19.61%	21.67%	16.74%

2019	2018	2017		2016	2015	
\$ 2,107,184	\$ 3,893,514	\$	1,153,600	\$ 1,173,975	\$ 968,726	
(2,107,184)	(3,893,514)		(1,153,600)	(1,173,975)	(968,726)	
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
\$ 8,445,713	\$ 8,787,982	\$	8,028,810	\$ 8,217,597	\$ 7,822,842	
24.95%	44.30%		14.37%	14.29%	12.38%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit		Reporting Fiscal Year									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	
Contractually required contribution	\$	77,178	\$	122,906	\$	140,567	\$	123,288	\$	143,399	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(77,178)		(122,906)		(140,567)		(123,288)		(143,399)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Covered payroll	\$ 3	8,450,304	\$ 3	2,091,131	\$ 2	8,572,110	\$ 2	26,747,686	\$ 2	25,325,110	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.20%		0.38%		0.49%		0.46%		0.57%	
ASRS - Long-term disability		2022		Re _]	orti	ng Fiscal Y	/ear	2019		2018	
	ф.		•		Ф.		Ф.		ф.		
Contractually required contribution	\$	69,828	\$	56,856	\$	48,822	\$	42,908	\$	40,972	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(69,828)		(56,856)		(48,822)		(42,908)		(40,972)	
Contribution											
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	_	- 38,450,304	\$ 3	32,091,131		28,572,110		26,747,686	_	25,325,110	

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2018 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2022

PSPRS Police Health Insurance Premium Benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year												
Treath Insurance I termum Benefit	2	022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	37,876	\$	21,141	\$	28,426	\$	30,174	\$	17,033	\$	30,113	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	(37,876)	\$	(21,141)	\$	(28,426)	\$	(30,174)	\$	(17,033)	\$	(30,113)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$ 13,	130,356	\$	8,656,917	\$	9,220,411	\$ 9	9,600,397	\$	9,388,019	\$	8,331,614	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.29%		0.24%		0.31%		0.31%		0.18%		0.36%	
PSPRS Fire Health Insurance Premium Benefit						Reporting	Fisc	al Year					
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	30,073		\$ 33,001		\$ 26,821	\$	28,091	\$	22,840	\$	31,049	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	\$	(30,073))	\$ (33,001) :	\$ (26,821)	\$	(28,091)	\$	(22,840)	\$	(31,049)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_		\$ -		-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
Covered payroll	\$	12,175,244		\$ 8,629,914	. (\$ 8,191,627	\$	8,445,713	\$	8,787,982	\$	8,028,810	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.25%	ó	0.38%	ó	0.33%		0.33%		0.26%		0.39%	

Note: The City implemented GASB 75 in fiscal year 2018. Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 1. Actuarially Determined Contribution Rates

Actuarially determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining Amortization Period as

of the 2020 actuarial valuation

16 years for unfunded liabilities; 20 years for excess 7-Year smoothed market; 80%/120% market corridor

Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return

In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of

return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 8.0%

to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary

increases were decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-

8.5%.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was

decreased from 4% to 3.5%. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth

was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the

type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010

tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by

105% for both males and females).

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2022

Note 2. Factors That Affect Trends

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds

- Non-Utility Development Impact Fees Fund This fund accounts for the receipt and expenditure of development impact or expansion fees for all governmental activities.
- **GO Bonds Fund** This fund accounts for the proceeds and interest of the sale of voter-approved general obligation bonds that are used for authorized improvements.

Debt Service Funds

- McDowell Road Commercial Corridor ID Fund This fund accounts for the debt portion of the McDowell Road Improvement District.
- Community Facilities Districts Fund This fund accounts for the debt portion of the City's Community Facilities Districts, which are component units that provide general infrastructure and capital assets for the property within each District's boundaries.

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA NON-UTILITY DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes Charges for services Investment income Other revenues	\$ 6,981,000 10,558,900 -	\$ 6,981,000 10,558,900 - -	\$ 10,318,258 18,951,242 180,010 1,791	\$ 3,337,258 8,392,342 180,010 1,791
Total revenues	17,539,900	17,539,900	29,451,301	11,911,401
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General Government Capital outlay	32,687,400	- 45,484,200	2,452,703 3,167,208	(2,452,703) 42,316,992
Total expenditures	32,687,400	45,484,200	5,619,911	39,864,289
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,147,500)	(27,944,300)	23,831,390	51,775,690
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out Transfers in	(18,685,400)	(2,071,400) 2,729,900	(1,933,890) 2,729,900	137,510
Total other financing Sources (Uses)	(18,685,400)	658,500	796,010	137,510
Net change in fund balances	(33,832,900)	(27,285,800)	24,627,400	51,913,200
Fund balance, beginning of year	55,713,143	55,713,143	55,713,143	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 21,880,243	\$ 28,427,343	\$ 80,340,543	\$ 51,913,200

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA GO BONDS

Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Onin in al	F:1	A -41	Variance with
REVENUES	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Final Budget
	Φ.	Φ.	A. 101.00	.
Investment income Other revenues	\$ - 15,000,000	\$ - 14,618,100	\$ 104,887	\$ 104,887 (14,618,100)
			104.007	
Total revenues	15,000,000	14,618,100	104,887	(14,513,213)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	170,149,700	140,586,600	60,359,308	80,227,292
Debt service		225 000	217 121	7.970
Debt issuance cost		225,000	217,121	7,879
Total expenditures	170,149,700	140,811,600	60,576,429	80,235,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(155,149,700)	(126,193,500)	(60,471,542)	65,721,958
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Debt issuance	26,040,000	26,040,000	23,475,000	(2,565,000)
Premium on debt issuance	-	-	2,715,816	2,715,816
Transfers out	-	(5,787,700)	(3,653,395)	2,134,305
Transfers in	75,219,400	46,647,700	26,340,053	(20,307,647)
Total other financing Sources (Uses)	101,259,400	66,900,000	48,877,474	(18,022,526)
Net change in fund balances	(53,890,300)	(59,293,500)	(11,594,068)	47,699,432
Fund balance, beginning of year	38,019,761	38,019,761	38,019,761	
Fund balance, end of year	\$(15,870,539)	\$(21,273,739)	\$ 26,425,693	\$ 47,699,432

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA MCDOWELL ROAD COMMERCIAL CORRIDOR ID

Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Investment income	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ -	\$ (1,000)
Special assessments	3,573,000	3,573,000	3,640,847	67,847
Other revenues			1,128	1,128
Total revenues	3,574,000	3,574,000	3,641,975	67,975
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public works/streets	229,300	229,300	85	229,215
Debt service:				
Principal	2,840,000	2,840,000	2,235,000	605,000
Interest and fiscal charges	734,000	734,000	702,720	31,280
Total expenditures	3,803,300	3,803,300	2,937,805	865,495
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(229,300)	(229,300)	704,170	933,470
Fund balance, beginning of year	231,689	231,689	231,689	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,389	\$ 2,389	\$ 935,859	\$ 933,470

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes Investment income Special assessments	\$ 6,330,400	\$ 6,330,400	\$ 6,531,771 6,064	\$ 201,371 6,064 106,519
•	2,609,900		2,716,419	
Total revenues	8,940,300	8,940,300	9,254,254	313,954
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	-	-	9,720	(9,720)
Debt service:				
Principal	6,723,000	6,737,000	6,269,000	468,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,063,300	3,077,100	2,877,573	199,527
Total expenditures	9,786,300	9,814,100	9,156,293	657,807
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(846,000)	(873,800)	97,961	971,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Payments to refunding escrow		(141,300)		141,300
Total other financing sources (uses)		(141,300)		141,300
Net change in fund balance	(846,000)	(1,015,100)	97,961	1,113,061
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,259,320	1,259,320	1,259,320	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 413,320	\$ 244,220	\$ 1,357,281	\$ 1,113,061

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

NON- MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

Special Revenue Funds

- **Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF)** Funded through fuel taxes distributed from the State of Arizona.
- Community Facilities Districts Fund CFDs represent special districts formed for the purpose of financing the acquisition, construction, operation, and maintenance of the public infrastructure benefiting the community.
- Office of Tourism Prop 302 Used to account for restricted funds to support Maricopa County tourism, marketing, and promotion.
- **Grants Fund** Based on application to granting agencies by the City and availability of funding by grantors.
- Ball Park Used to account for the activities of the City's ball park operations

Debt Service Funds

• **Debt Service Fund** – This fund was established for the accumulation of resources and the servicing of long-term debt not being financed by the proprietary funds. Revenues are generated from the property tax levy sufficient to meet the debt service requirements.

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			Spe	ecial Revenue	2	
	_	hway User Revenue		ommunity lities District		e of Tourism Prop 302
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	695,630	\$	6,586,797	\$	164,112
Investments		-		-		-
Receivables:						
Taxes		-		17,591		-
Intergovernmental		731,513		-		-
Accounts		-		4,312		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Inventories		1,027,794				
Total assets	\$	2,454,937	\$	6,608,700	\$	164,112
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	317,718	\$	18,511	\$	_
Accrued wages and salaries	Ψ	24,470	Ψ	-	Ψ	_
Accrued liabilities		24,121		3,673		_
Deposits held for others		190,208		-		_
Due to other funds		210,011		_		_
Unearned revenues		660,685		_		_
Total liabilities		1,427,213		22,184		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues-property taxes		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental						
Total deferred inflows of resources						
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		1,027,794		-		-
Restricted		-		6,586,516		164,112
Committed		-		-		_
Unassigned	_	(70)				
Total fund balances		1,027,724		6,586,516		164,112
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	2,454,937	\$	6,608,700	\$	164,112

Grants	Ball Park	De	ebt Service	 Total
\$ 2,451,668	\$ 3,558,971 1,314,235	\$	989,777 119	\$ 14,446,955 1,314,354
1,437,781 17,000 323,750	- - - -		139,696 - - - -	157,287 2,169,294 21,312 323,750 1,027,794
\$ 4,230,199	\$ 4,873,206	\$	1,129,592	\$ 19,460,746
\$ 326,134	\$ 72,472 43,652 2,427	\$	- - -	\$ 734,835 68,122 30,221 190,208
1,162,670 2,792,418	 -		- -	1,372,681 3,453,103
4,281,222	118,551			5,849,170
- 94	<u>-</u>		99,502	99,502 94
94			99,502	 99,596
323,750 - - (374,867)	- - 4,754,655 -		- 1,030,090 - -	1,351,544 7,780,718 4,754,655 (374,937)
(51,117)	4,754,655		1,030,090	13,511,980
\$ 4,230,199	\$ 4,873,206	\$	1,129,592	\$ 19,460,746

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue							
	Highway User Revenue	Community Facilities Districts	Office of Tourism Prop 302						
REVENUES Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,710,209	\$ -						
Intergovernmental	6,918,602	-	260,979						
Charges for services	179,346	4.074	-						
Investment income Contributions	51,147	4,074	-						
	-	292,536	-						
Other revenues		_							
Total revenues	7,149,095	2,006,819	260,979						
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government	-	1,483,025	-						
Public safety	-	-	-						
Public works/streets	8,098,528	-	-						
Culture and recreation	-	-	159,367						
Development services	-	-	-						
Capital outlay	1,200,654	-	-						
Debt service:		4=0.50							
Bond issuance costs	-	178,360	-						
Principal	-	-	-						
Interest and fiscal charges			-						
Total expenditures	9,299,182	1,661,385	159,367						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(2,150,087)	345,434	101,612						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Debt issuance	_	598,000	_						
Transfers out	_	-	_						
Transfers in	2,656,524								
Total other financing	2 656 524	508 000							
sources (uses):	2,656,524	598,000	-						
Net change in fund balances	506,437	943,434	101,612						
Fund balances, beginning of year	521,287	5,643,082	62,500						
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,027,724	\$ 6,586,516	\$ 164,112						

	Ball Park		
Grants	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Total
\$ - 9,500,005	\$ - - 1,323,520	\$ 8,416,285 -	\$ 10,126,494 16,679,586 1,502,866
-	26,843	65	82,129
-	1,266,500	-	1,559,036
	6,031		6,031
9,500,005	2,622,894	8,416,350	29,956,142
177,619	-	37	1,660,681
371,032	-	-	371,032
-	-	-	8,098,528
2,000	5,629,023	-	5,790,390
208,000	412.007	-	208,000
1,814,423	412,997	-	3,428,074
-	-	-	178,360
-	7,570,000	4,665,699	12,235,699
	2,853,273	3,506,590	6,359,863
2,573,074	16,465,293	8,172,326	38,330,627
6,926,931	(13,842,399)	244,024	(8,374,485)
(6,827,300)	- - 14,867,967	- - -	598,000 (6,827,300) 17,524,491
(6,827,300)	14,867,967		11,295,191
99,631	1,025,568	244,024	2,920,706
(150,748)	3,729,087	786,066	10,591,274
\$ (51,117)	\$ 4,754,655	\$ 1,030,090	\$ 13,511,980

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA HIGHWAY USER REVENUE

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenue Charges for services Investment income	\$ 6,102,600 - -	\$ 6,102,600	\$ 6,918,602 179,346 51,147	\$ 816,002 179,346 51,147
Total revenues	6,102,600	6,102,600	7,149,095	1,046,495
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Highways and streets	8,724,600	8,801,900	8,098,528	703,372
Capital outlay	2,044,400	2,403,900	1,200,654	1,203,246
Total expenditures	10,769,000	11,205,800	9,299,182	1,906,618
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(4,666,400)	(5,103,200)	(2,150,087)	2,953,113
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(18,900)	(205,700)	-	205,700
Transfers in	4,666,400	4,666,400	2,656,524	(2,009,876)
Total other financing	4 6 47 500	4.460.700	2 (5 (5 2)	(1.004.150
sources (uses)	4,647,500	4,460,700	2,656,524	(1,804,176)
Net change in fund balance	(18,900)	(642,500)	506,437	1,148,937
Fund balance, beginning of year	521,287	521,287	521,287	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 502,387	\$ (121,213)	\$ 1,027,724	\$ 1,148,937

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICTS

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 2,014,200	\$ 2,014,200	\$ 1,710,209	\$ (303,991)
Investment income	3,300	3,300	4,074	774
Contributions	106,000	106,000	292,536	186,536
Total revenues	2,123,500	2,123,500	2,006,819	(116,681)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	2,008,300	2,786,300	1,483,025	1,303,275
Debt service			150.260	(4.50.2.60)
Bond issuance costs			178,360	(178,360)
Total expenditures	2,008,300	2,786,300	1,661,385	1,124,915
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	115,200	(662,800)	345,434	1,008,234
OTHER FINANCING				
SOURCES (USES)				
Debt issuance			598,000	598,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			598,000	598,000
Net change in fund balance	115,200	(662,800)	943,434	1,606,234
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,643,082	5,643,082	5,643,082	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,758,282	\$ 4,980,282	\$ 6,586,516	\$ 1,606,234

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA OFFICE OF TOURISM PROP 302

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted Amounts						
REVENUES	0	riginal		Final		Actual	iance with al Budget
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	_	\$		\$	260,979	\$ 260,979
Total revenues						260,979	260,979
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Culture and recreation				332,200		159,367	 172,833
Total expenditures				332,200		159,367	172,833
Net change in fund balance		-		(332,200)		101,612	433,812
Fund balance, beginning of year		62,500		62,500		62,500	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	62,500	\$	(269,700)	\$	164,112	\$ 433,812

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA GRANTS

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 11,364,800	\$ 11,364,800	\$ 9,500,005	\$ (1,864,795)	
Total revenues	11,364,800	11,364,800	9,500,005	(1,864,795)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	10,445,300	215,900	177,619	38,281	
Public safety	499,300	576,600	371,032	205,568	
Culture and recreation	-	7,000	2,000	5,000	
Development services	-	2,000,000	208,000	1,792,000	
Capital outlay	759,000	1,166,700	1,814,423	(647,723)	
Total expenditures	11,703,600	3,966,200	2,573,074	1,393,126	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(338,800)	7,398,600	6,926,931	(471,669)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(564,100)	(8,275,150)	(6,827,300)	1,447,850	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(564,100)	(8,275,150)	(6,827,300)	1,447,850	
Net change in fund balance	(902,900)	(876,550)	99,631	976,181	
Fund balance, beginning of year	(150,748)	(150,748)	(150,748)		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (1,053,648)	\$ (1,027,298)	\$ (51,117)	\$ 976,181	

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA BALL PARK

Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services	\$ 3,409,100	\$ 2,125,700	\$ 1,323,520	\$ (802,180)
Investment income Contributions Miscellaneous	50,000	1,333,400	26,843 1,266,500 6,031	26,843 (66,900) 6,031
Total revenues	3,459,100	3,459,100	2,622,894	(836,206)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Culture and recreation	5,871,500	5,970,600	5,629,023	341,577
Capital outlay	678,000	678,000	412,997	265,003
Debt Service:				
Principal	6,690,000	6,690,000	7,570,000	(880,000)
Interest	3,740,000	3,740,000	2,853,273	886,727
Total expenditures	16,979,500	17,078,600	16,465,293	613,307
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(13,520,400)	(13,619,500)	(13,842,399)	(222,899)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	14,472,400	14,921,500	14,867,967	(53,533)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	14,472,400	14,921,500	14,867,967	(53,533)
Net change in fund balance	952,000	1,302,000	1,025,568	(276,432)
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,729,087	3,729,087	3,729,087	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,681,087	\$ 5,031,087	\$ 4,754,655	\$ (276,432)

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Taxes Investment income Total revenues	\$ 8,604,100 - - - - - - -	\$ 8,604,100 - - - - - - - -	\$ 8,416,285 65 8,416,350	\$ (187,815) 65 (187,750)
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government Debt service	395,900	395,900	37	395,863
Bond issuance cost Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	5,569,300 1,621,000 1,824,500 9,410,700	5,569,300 1,621,000 1,824,500 9,410,700	4,665,699 3,506,590 8,172,326	5,569,300 (3,044,699) (1,682,090) 1,238,374
Net change in fund balance	(806,600)	(806,600)	244,024	1,050,624
Fund balance, beginning of year	786,066	786,066	786,066	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (20,534)	\$ (20,534)	\$ 1,030,090	\$ 1,050,624



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES OTHER FUNDS

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA PARK AND RIDE MARQUEE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Budgeted	Amounts			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Non-GAAP Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 109,300	\$ 109,300	\$ 108,677	\$ (623)	
Total revenues	109,300	109,300	147,148	37,848	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Highways and streets	1,372,700	1,372,700	5,284	1,367,416	
Total expenditures	1,372,700	1,372,700	5,284	1,367,416	
Net change in fund balances	(1,263,400)	(1,263,400)	141,864	1,405,264	
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,260,501	1,260,501	1,260,501		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (2,899)	\$ (2,899)	\$ 1,402,365	\$ 1,405,264	

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA COURT ENHANCEMENT

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				
REVENUES	Original	Final	Non-GAAP Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Fines and forfeits Investment income	\$ 55,000	\$ 55,000	\$ 83,095 314	\$ 28,095 314	
Total revenues	55,000	55,000	83,409	28,409	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Public safety	280,200	280,200	48,476	231,724	
Total expenditures	280,200	280,200	48,476	231,724	
Net change in fund balances	(225,200)	(225,200)	34,933	260,133	
Fund balance, beginning of year	270,480	270,480	270,480		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 45,280	\$ 45,280	\$ 305,413	\$ 260,133	

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA FILL-THE-GAP

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
REVENUES	Original Final		Non-GAAP Actual		Variance with Final Budget			
Fines and forfeits Investment income	\$	6,000	\$	6,000	\$	5,724 220	\$	(276) 220
Total revenues		6,000		6,000		5,944		(56)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public Safety		33,600		33,600		25		33,575
Total expenditures		33,600		33,600		25		33,575
Net change in fund balances		(27,600)		(27,600)		5,919		33,519
Fund balance, beginning of year		63,213		63,213		63,213		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	35,613	\$	35,613	\$	69,132	\$	33,519

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA JCEF

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual F

For	the	Year	Ended	June	30,	2022
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		Budgeted	Amo	unts			
DELENHES	Original Final			Non-GAAP Actual		ance with	
REVENUES							
Fines and forfeits Investment income	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$ 14,559 785	\$	6,059 785
Total revenues		8,500		8,500	15,344		6,844
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public Safety		124,500		124,500	 92		124,408
Total expenditures		124,500		124,500	 92		124,408
Net change in fund balances		(116,000)		(116,000)	15,252		131,252
Fund balance, beginning of year		120,121		120,121	 120,121		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	4,121	\$	4,121	\$ 135,373	\$	131,252

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA IMPOUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final		Non-GAAP Actual		ance with	
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	70,800	\$	70,800	\$ 97,318	\$	26,518
Investment income		1,200		1,200			(1,200)
Total revenues		72,000		72,000	 97,318		25,318
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		266,400		251,000	64,775		186,225
Capital outlay				15,400	14,812		588
Total expenditures		266,400		266,400	79,587		186,813
Net change in fund balances		(194,400)		(194,400)	17,731		212,131
Fund balance, beginning of year		240,862		240,862	240,862		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	46,462	\$	46,462	\$ 258,593	\$	212,131

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA AZ SMART AND SAFE

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts				
REVENUES	Original		Final		Non-GAAP Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Intergovernmental revenue	\$		\$		\$	543,926	\$	543,926
Total revenues						543,926		543,926
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total other financing				(630,000)		(627,994)		2,006
Sources (Uses)				(630,000)		(627,994)		2,006
Net change in fund balances		-		(630,000)		(84,068)		545,932
Fund balance, beginning of year		84,098		84,098		84,098		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	84,098	\$	(545,902)	\$	30	\$	545,932

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA OFFICER SAFETY EQUIPMENT

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Non-GAAP Actual			ance with I Budget
REVENUES		лідшаг		Tillat		Ctual	11111	Thunger
Fines and forfeits	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	18,217	\$	(1,783)
Total revenues		20,000		20,000		18,217		(1,783)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety		59,300		59,300				59,300
Total expenditures		59,300		59,300				59,300
Net change in fund balances		(39,300)		(39,300)		18,217		57,517
Fund balance, beginning of year		47,310		47,310		47,310		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	8,010	\$	8,010	\$	65,527	\$	57,517

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA WATER AND WASTEWATER

Enterprise Fund Schedule of Operations Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
Operating Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 45,653,700 88,000	\$ 47,353,700 88,000	\$ 52,994,849 399,907	\$ 5,641,149 311,907
Total operating revenues	45,741,700	47,441,700	53,394,756	5,953,056
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and benefits Cost of sales and services Depreciation	8,032,400 86,433,400	8,032,400 78,509,200	6,897,572 26,074,644 10,083,801	1,134,828 52,434,556 (10,083,801)
Total operating expenses	94,465,800	86,541,600	43,056,017	43,485,583
Operating income (loss)	(48,724,100)	(39,099,900)	10,338,739	49,438,639
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income Interest and debt cost Gain (loss) on sale of assets Total non-operating	215,400 (12,290,000)	215,400 (12,290,000)	24,844 (6,148,427) 35,570	(190,556) 6,141,573 35,570
revenue (expense)	(12,074,600)	(12,074,600)	(6,088,013)	5,986,587
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers Capital contributions	(60,798,700) 13,074,900	(51,174,500) 13,074,900	4,250,726 11,254,372	55,425,226 (1,820,528)
Transfers out Transfers in	(6,782,800) 2,424,500	(6,620,600)	(6,554,122)	66,478
Change in net position	(52,082,100)	(44,720,200)	8,950,976	53,671,176
Total net position, beginning of year	316,054,412	316,054,412	316,054,412	
Total net position, end of year	\$ 263,972,312	\$ 271,334,212	\$ 325,005,388	\$ 53,671,176

CITY OF GOODYEAR, ARIZONA SANITATION

Enterprise Fund Schedule of Operations Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
Operating Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 7,692,200 9,000	\$ 7,692,200 9,000	\$ 7,658,250 25,278	\$ (33,950) 16,278
Total operating revenues	7,701,200	7,701,200	7,683,528	(17,672)
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and benefits Cost of sales and services Depreciation	1,314,100 9,941,700	1,314,100 10,401,700	1,180,075 5,899,572 234,771	134,025 4,502,128 (234,771)
Total operating expenses	11,255,800	11,715,800	7,314,418	4,401,382
Operating income (loss)	(3,554,600)	(4,014,600)	369,110	4,383,710
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)				
Investment income	25,000	25,000	9,022	(15,978)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	25,000	25,000	9,022	(15,978)
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(3,529,600)	(3,989,600)	378,132	4,367,732
Transfers out	(1,625,000)	(1,495,000)	(1,461,812)	33,188
Change in net position	(5,154,600)	(5,484,600)	(1,083,680)	4,400,920
Total net position, beginning of year	5,693,649	5,693,649	5,693,649	
Total net position, end of year	\$ 539,049	\$ 209,049	\$ 4,609,969	\$ 4,400,920

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The Statistical Section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the Financial Statements, Notes to the Financial Statements, and Other Supplementary Information presented in this report.



STATISTICAL SECTION

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and various resources to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Due to cost considerations for the accumulation of data, the City has elected to present less than ten years of data, or data from less than nine year prior, for certain statistical schedules. This information will be accumulated and reported each year until the complete ten years of data is presented.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to five percent in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

City of Goodyear Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014**	2015	2016			
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets	\$ 333,034,884	\$ 345,513,895	\$ 365,019,949	\$ 361,739,970			
Restricted	99,128,020	85,246,465	92,247,738	92,276,066			
Unrestricted	35,820,702	9,672,461	5,722,007	19,147,997			
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	467,983,606	440,432,821	462,989,694	473,164,033			
Business-type Activities							
Net investment in capital assets	178,456,590	177,274,142	176,380,867	180,640,162			
Restricted	3,196,131	5,640,492	7,607,902	18,131,719			
Unrestricted	16,616,254	9,860,573	14,190,297	7,380,491			
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	198,268,975	192,775,207	198,179,066	206,152,372			
Primary Government							
Net investment in capital assets	511,491,474	522,788,037	541,400,816	542,380,132			
Restricted	102,324,151	90,886,957	99,855,640	110,407,785			
Unrestricted	52,436,956	9,112,875	19,912,304	26,528,488			
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 666,252,581	\$ 622,787,869	\$ 661,168,760	\$ 679,316,405			

Notes:

Source: Statement of Net Position

^{**}Net position adjusted for adoption of GASB Statement No. 68

	Fiscal Year				
2017	2017 2018 2019		2020	2021	2022
\$ 379,899,821	\$ 381,473,262	\$ 342,610,234	\$ 334,972,021	\$ 435,167,043	\$ 505,965,429
90,497,505	87,435,376	149,077,511	155,095,665	147,571,052	158,679,422
16,944,442	29,981,817	43,643,472	112,776,992	106,628,136	130,927,545
487,341,768	498,890,455	535,331,217	602,844,678	689,366,231	795,572,396
181,242,982	199,032,946	227,004,152	254,623,951	302,551,844	276,352,992
21,072,234	13,468,708	6,346,204	-	-	21,277,991
15,974,822	24,366,584	26,960,200	31,895,840	19,196,217	31,984,374
218,290,038	236,868,238	260,310,556	286,519,791	321,748,061	329,615,357
561,142,803	580,506,208	569,614,386	589,595,972	737,718,887	782,318,421
111,569,739	100,904,084	155,423,715	155,095,665	147,571,052	179,957,413
32,919,264	54,348,401	70,603,672	144,672,832	125,824,353	162,911,919
\$ 705,631,806	\$ 735,758,693	\$ 795,641,773	\$ 889,364,469	\$ 1,011,114,292	\$ 1,125,187,753

City of Goodyear Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	2013		 2014		2015		2016	 2017
Expenses**								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	17,652,646	\$ 18,216,169	\$	19,624,056	\$	19,824,313	\$ 20,151,975
Public safety		27,987,404	30,710,193		31,834,683		34,823,588	47,535,184
Highways and streets		14,355,644	19,368,539		17,941,162		20,753,487	19,181,162
Public works		3,090,345	2,773,348		3,361,822		7,920,958	3,569,658
Culture and recreation		5,539,612	5,827,309		6,422,764		6,880,654	15,363,752
Development services		7,194,428	5,836,254		7,005,308		7,981,904	7,316,935
Interest on long-term debt		10,411,562	9,282,269		8,763,353		8,479,284	12,131,284
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$	86,231,641	\$ 92,014,081	\$	94,953,148	\$	106,664,188	\$ 125,249,950
Business-type Activities								
Water and wastewater	\$	21,912,587	\$ 23,511,395	\$	25,489,522	\$	27,647,487	\$ 30,139,626
Sanitation		5,246,666	5,472,534		5,802,163		6,444,459	5,868,228
Stadium*		12,204,354	12,529,987		12,407,494		12,647,134	
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	\$	39,363,607	\$ 41,513,916	\$	43,699,179	\$	46,739,080	\$ 36,007,854
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	125,595,248	\$ 133,527,997	\$	138,652,327	\$	153,403,268	\$ 161,257,804

Notes:

Source: Statement of Activities

^{**} Beginning in fiscal year 2016 expense functions were consolidated to align with the basic financial statement

	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	23,781,937	\$	23,478,993	\$	26,604,672	Ś	31,006,001	\$	34,157,389
7	45,439,446	~	52,241,594	Ψ.	59,271,160	~	60,372,627	~	64,651,123
	26,460,464		21,330,274		21,599,888		21,439,214		23,563,017
	4,232,567		7,972,935		10,177,808		9,655,317		5,602,891
	19,080,188		19,083,232		18,739,373		19,716,170		25,843,304
	6,591,111		8,380,985		10,466,142		11,665,512		14,906,593
_	11,582,014	_	8,797,275	_	9,009,554		10,360,626	_	9,236,464
\$	137,167,727	\$	141,285,288	\$	155,868,597	\$	164,215,467	\$	177,960,781
\$	26,853,794	\$	31,493,180	\$	40,540,282	\$	48,483,586	\$	49,204,444
	6,206,843		6,681,134		6,028,780		6,547,622		7,314,418
_		_		_		_		_	
\$	33,060,637	\$	38,174,314	\$	46,569,062	\$	55,031,208	\$	56,518,862
\$	170,228,364	\$	179,459,602	\$	202,437,659	\$	219,246,675	\$	234,479,643

continued

City of Goodyear Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fiscal Year						
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Program Revenue*										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for Services:										
General government	Ś	2,884,854	Ś	2,603,723	Ś	2,766,974	Ś	2,398,256	Ś	2,368,056
Public safety	~	1,176,336	Ψ.	714,614	Ψ	1,624,427	~	1,713,627	Ψ.	1,313,160
Highway and streets		-,-: -,		-		-,,		-,:,:		-,,
Public works		-		_		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		304,128		433,384		416,607		386,041		3,135,416
Developmental services		6,206,750		6,899,047		5,353,778		7,043,227		9,079,431
Operating Grants and Contributions		4,654,268		7,565,511		10,777,134		9,518,206		10,546,333
Capital Grants and Contributions		11,358,824		6,171,185		8,252,449		12,134,476		12,246,216
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	\$	26,585,160	\$	24,387,464	\$	29,191,369	\$	33,193,833	\$	38,688,612
Business-type Activities										
Charges for Services:										
Water and wastewater	\$	22,667,401	\$	24,767,428	\$	24,650,687	\$	27,724,410	\$	31,358,803
Sanitation		6,368,920		6,641,318		6,922,425		7,125,427		7,577,840
Stadium*		1,741,609		2,182,278		2,237,359		2,234,046		-
Operating Grants and Contributions		-		-		-		110,837		110,718
Capital Grants and Contributions		7,987,680		5,962,050		14,454,883	_	11,692,490		13,317,172
Total Business-type Activities Revenues	_	38,765,610	_	39,553,074	_	48,265,354	_	48,887,210		52,364,533
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$	65,350,770	\$	63,940,538	\$	77,456,723	\$	82,081,043	\$	91,053,145
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$	(59,646,481)	\$	(67,626,617)	\$	(65,761,779)	\$	(73,470,355)	\$	(86,561,338)
Business-type Activities		(597,997)		(1,960,842)		4,566,175		2,148,130	-	16,356,679
Total Primary Government Net Revenues	\$	(60,244,478)	\$	(69,587,459)	\$	(61,195,604)	\$	(71,322,225)	\$	(70,204,659)

Note:

Source: Statement of Activities

 $^{^{*}}$ Beginning in fiscal year 2016 program revenues were consolidated to align with the basic financial statements

	F	iscal Year			
2018		2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$ 2,592,414	\$	4,965,435	\$ 3,509,152	\$ 7,070,344	\$ 4,052,068
1,373,556		6,987,626	7,243,340	7,421,123	8,569,570
81,727		382,531	440,190	490,969	722,058
-		405,393	583,405	501,541	603,704
2,984,530		4,008,274	2,916,950	2,765,727	4,322,415
10,416,143		12,993,399	18,765,859	19,839,213	17,598,359
16,164,698		9,809,818	18,571,098	9,587,222	20,334,900
 7,442,815		21,231,123	 23,253,699	 30,499,488	 42,192,506
\$ 41,055,883	\$	60,783,599	\$ 75,283,693	\$ 78,175,627	\$ 98,395,580
			 _	 	_
\$ 35,203,483	\$	42,658,585	\$ 60,392,907	\$ 62,983,880	\$ 53,394,756
7,812,267		8,058,461	8,319,350	8,042,545	7,683,528
-		-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-
 12,237,823		12,962,807	 5,765,107	 26,481,652	11,254,372
55,253,573		63,679,853	74,477,364	97,508,077	72,332,656
\$ 96,309,456	\$	124,463,452	\$ 149,761,057	\$ 175,683,704	\$ 170,728,236
\$ (96,111,844)	\$	(80,501,689)	\$ (80,584,904)	\$ (86,039,840)	\$ (79,565,201)
 22,192,936		25,505,539	27,908,302	42,476,869	15,813,794
\$ (73,918,908)	\$	(54,996,150)	\$ (52,676,602)	\$ (43,562,971)	\$ (63,751,407)

continued

City of Goodyear Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year						
	 2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Revenues and Other Changes in									
Net Position									
Governmental Activities:									
Taxes	\$ 58,957,595	\$	63,495,983	\$	66,223,459	\$	71,256,446	\$	74,899,373
Intergovernmental	14,194,960	Ċ	15,285,440	·	16,361,588	·	16,848,837	·	20,019,457
Investment income	439,982		414,689		361,146		710,040		560,547
Special assessments*	-		2,189,906		4,980,000		-		-
Miscellaneous	1,455,665		1,183,618		975,258		393,977		886,502
Transfers	(4,876,544)		(5,138,252)		(582,797)		(5,564,606)		2,800,000
Special item - Loss on debt extinguishment	-		-		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 70,171,658	\$	77,431,384	\$	88,318,654	\$	83,644,694	\$	99,165,879
Business-type Activities									
Investment income	\$ 95,839	\$	136,531	\$	151,405	\$	237,615	\$	123,100
Proceeds from the sale of water rights	-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	432,983		222,911		103,482		22,955		31,081
Transfers	 4,876,544	_	5,138,252	_	582,797		5,564,606		(2,800,000)
Total Business-type Activities	\$ 5,405,366	\$	5,497,694	\$	837,684	\$	5,825,176	\$	(2,645,819)
Total Primary Government	\$ 75,577,024	\$	82,929,078	\$	89,156,338	\$	89,469,870	\$	96,520,060
Changes in Net Position									
Governmental Activities	\$ 10,525,177	\$	9,804,767	\$	22,556,875	\$	10,174,339	\$	12,604,541
Business-type Activities	4,807,369		3,536,852		5,403,859		7,973,306		13,710,860
Total Primary Government	\$ 15,332,546	\$	13,341,619	\$	27,960,734	\$	18,147,645	\$	26,315,401

Note:

Source: Statement of Activities

^{*} Prior to fiscal year 2014 Special Assessments were shown in Public Works-Capital Grants and Contribution:

	Fiscal Year								
	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	82,662,446	\$	90,314,174	\$	116,603,604	\$	137,957,936	\$	154,920,196
	19,967,694		21,244,412		22,785,856		26,494,716		29,850,191
	1,196,857		4,661,685		4,412,256		899,168		(3,080,671)
	-		-		-		-		-
	341,814		934,949		797,405		309,020		1,240,870
	3,700,000		3,700,000		3,499,244		6,900,553		8,015,934
_	(36,893)	_		_	-	_		_	-
\$	107,868,811	\$	120,855,220	\$	148,098,365	\$	172,561,393	\$	190,946,520
\$	47,246	Ś	1,595,877	\$	1,800,177	\$	(461,996)	ć	33,866
Ş	47,240	Ş	1,393,677	Ş	1,800,177	Ş	(401,990)	Ş	33,000
	37,024		40,902		_		113,950		35,570
	(3,700,000)		(3,700,000)		(3,499,244)		(6,900,553)		(8,015,934)
\$	(3,615,730)	\$	(2,063,221)	\$	(1,699,067)	\$	(7,248,599)	\$	(7,946,498)
		_		_		_		_	
\$	104,253,081	\$	118,791,999	\$	146,399,298	\$	165,312,794	\$	183,000,022
\$	11,756,967	\$	40,353,531	\$	67,513,461	\$	86,521,553	\$	111,381,319
	18,577,206	_	23,442,318	_	26,209,235	_	35,228,270	_	7,867,296
\$	30,334,173	\$	63,795,849	\$	93,722,696	\$	121,749,823	\$	119,248,615

concluded



City of Goodyear Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

State Shared Revenues - not **Restricted for Specific Programs** Fiscal Property Sales & Franchise State Shared State Revenue Highway User **Use Taxes** Year Taxes Taxes Sales Sharing Revenue 2013 16,218,397 40,222,752 2,529,456 7,527,259 6,667,701 3,575,158 2014 17,109,458 43,775,464 2,611,061 8,009,713 7,275,727 3,681,156 2015 18,171,606 2,718,204 8,459,645 7,901,942 4,041,402 45,333,649 2016 19,114,087 49,309,600 2,832,759 8,988,686 7,859,101 4,264,827 2017 19,875,628 52,085,570 2,941,175 10,324,010 9,665,448 5,066,574 2018 20,649,103 58,831,503 3,181,840 10,354,186 9,613,508 5,042,068 2019 22,099,698 64,940,363 3,274,113 11,573,618 9,670,794 5,463,045 2020 23,673,696 89,722,744 3,207,164 12,074,091 10,711,765 5,622,730 2021 25,858,467 108,495,439 3,604,030 14,084,067 12,410,649 6,020,431 2022 28,180,626 122,858,885 3,880,685 17,488,685 12,361,506 7,149,095

Source: City Financial Records and Reports

City of Goodyear Excise Tax Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fi	iscal Year						
	2013	2013 2014 2015 2016						
City Privilege (Sales) Tax State-Shared Sales Tax State-Shared Income Tax State-Share Vehicle License Tax Fines and Forfeitures Franchise Taxes	\$ 40,222,7 5,342,8 6,667,7 2,184,3 809,3 2,529,4	79 5,681,717 01 7,275,727 80 2,327,996 34 884,735	5,965,400 7,901,942 2,494,245 860,313	\$ 49,309,600 6,258,721 7,859,101 2,729,966 839,108 2,832,759	\$ 52,085,570 7,217,395 9,665,448 3,106,615 925,314 2,941,175			
Total	\$ 57,756,5	02 \$ 62,556,655	\$ 65,273,754	\$ 69,829,255	\$ 75,941,517			

Source: City Financial Records and Reports

		Fiscal Year				
 2018	·	2019	 2020	 2021	<u></u>	2022
\$ 58,831,503 7,151,224	\$	64,940,363 8,121,305	\$ 89,722,744 8,558,218	\$ 108,495,439 9,962,516	\$	122,858,885 13,422,577
9,613,508 3,202,962		9,670,794 3,452,313	10,711,765 3,515,873	12,410,649 4,121,551		12,361,506 4,066,108
1,044,317 3,181,840		1,044,516 3,274,113	869,101 3,207,164	1,037,122 3,604,030		1,138,437 3,880,685
\$ 83,025,354	\$	90,503,404	\$ 116,584,865	\$ 139,631,307	\$	157,728,198

City of Goodyear Sales & Use Taxes by Industry Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year			
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Retail Trade	\$ 14,265,735	\$ 15,787,043	\$ 16,348,224	\$ 17,279,498	\$ 15,858,660
Food for Home Comsumption	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,025,758
Retail Sales Single Item Over \$5,000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,467,287
Online Marketplace	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Construction Restaurant & Bar Utilities Real Estate	7,027,296	7,988,471	5,559,142	7,545,663	10,836,043
	5,079,528	5,450,424	6,343,415	7,032,111	8,506,564
	3,656,309	3,819,536	4,051,837	4,077,652	3,606,813
	4,405,695	4,467,373	5,480,481	5,575,550	4,772,566
Use Tax	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,185,539
Hotels	885,571	849,052	1,067,357	1,096,710	1,109,804
Miscellaneous	873,005	968,896	1,032,464	839,592	511,710
Services Mining & Government Manufacturing Wholesale Trade	1,700,258	1,764,488	2,424,312	2,833,590	N/A
	970	4,024	7,159	6,534	N/A
	759,858	931,362	1,318,999	1,410,894	N/A
Wholesale Trade Total*	977,475	1,072,608	1,130,527	1,032,679	N/A
	\$ 39,631,700	\$ 43,103,277	\$ 44,763,917	\$ 48,730,473	\$ 50,880,744

Note: Total may differ from Governmental Activities Tax Revenues By Source because of difference in reporting periods.

Source: Arizona Department of Revenue North American Industry Code System (NAICS) & Business Class Summary

		Fiscal Year		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 17,225,692	\$ 19,005,260	\$ 23,110,619	\$ 33,935,084	\$ 34,990,477
3,010,974	3,521,946	4,244,991	4,934,402	5,136,245
1,551,211	1,572,031	1,808,400	2,235,620	2,292,930
N/A	N/A	1,420,681	4,453,219	4,173,776
13,341,879	16,452,327	32,982,384	32,360,764	38,424,569
9,225,969	9,958,478	10,088,705	11,978,934	14,691,883
3,804,722	3,882,328	3,880,600	4,325,833	4,898,487
5,005,280	5,690,265	6,518,205	8,006,495	10,860,200
1,530,696	3,025,135	3,013,942	3,414,172	3,522,351
1,269,275	1,408,405	1,302,400	1,682,639	2,444,697
647,714	690,088	717,475	436,584	688,860
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
\$ 56,613,413	\$ 65,206,263	\$ 89,088,402	\$ 107,763,744	\$ 122,124,474

City of Goodyear Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fiscal Year						
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
General Fund									
Nonspendable:									
Advances to other funds	\$ 961,84	0.	\$ 961,840	Ś	961,840	\$	961,840	\$	1,251,242
Inventories	8,91		25,261		21,656	•	-	•	-
Prepaid items	486,84		504,865		573,473		667,798		683,056
Restricted by:	/ -		,		,		,		,
Charter mandates	3,528,98	32	3,676,547		3,841,444		4,009,183		4,186,816
Court	234,81		221,290		240,631		178,351		200,753
Law enforcement	208,08		274,392		309,112		427,243		384,144
Transit	543,02		644,135		745,210		847,446		952,239
Assigned to:	- 10,00	_	,		,		,		
IT replacement	170,68	84	1,484,148		108,301		498,851		1,829,656
Facilities asset mgmt plan	_, _,,	_	_, ,				-		-,,
Fleet replacement	3,032,42	9	1,502,483		2,508,319		3,196,101		1,251,242
Risk management	357,74		792,947		1,088,234		1,077,452		933,704
Parks management		_	-		_,,,,_,,_,,		1,271,367		2,729,350
Police asset reserve		_	-		_				2,147,582
Fire asset reserve		_	-		_		_		403,209
Traffic signal reserve		_	-		_		_		-
General Fund FY2022 Budget		_	-		_		_		_
Unassigned	33,325,25	55	43,707,677		49,783,760		52,620,845		53,399,369
Total General Fund	\$ 42,858,60		\$ 53,795,585	_	60,181,980	_	65,756,477		70,352,362
Total General Fund	3 42,838,00	13	\$ 33,733,363	Ĭ	5 00,181,980	<u>ې</u>	03,730,477	<u> </u>	70,332,302
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable:									
Inventories	\$ 595,67	'5	\$ 650,344	Ś	487,413	\$	564,639	Ś	533,304
Prepaid items	36,18		-		-		-	•	_
Restricted by:	,								
Debt service	15,482,25	9	14,848,703		13,810,210		12,989,198		13,219,610
Development impact fees	16,241,64		7,892,792		9,833,566		12,882,857		12,428,141
Highway user funds	493,39)5	47,570		174,025		721		37,130
Tourism	,	_	-		-		_		-
Transit		_	-		_		_		_
Capital projects	1,695,70	00	274,106		4,414,851		_		9,869,218
Community facilities districts operations	711,98		803,837		1,109,573		1,434,106		1,846,863
Committed	,	_	-		-		-		1,647,416
Ball Park		_	-		-		_		-
Unassigned	(26,07	'3)	(73,354))	(66,487)		(28,737)		(105,729)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 35,230,76	_	\$ 24,443,998		29,763,151	Ś	27,842,784	Ś	39,475,953
The state of the s	- 55,255,76	=	, . 10,000	<u> </u>		<u>~</u>	= ,0 .2,, 04	~	, 5,555

Note:

Source: City Financial Records and Reports

^{*}Starting with fiscal year 2011, fund balances were stated in classification required by GASB Statement No. 54

_								
			Fiscal Yea	r				
	2010		2010		2020		2024	2022
	2018		2019		2020	_	2021	 2022
\$	1,045,531	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
	-		311,940		210,154		283,305	299,683
	758,946		1,402,473		2,134,415		2,159,059	-
	4,377,576		4,582,213		4,813,576		-	-
	238,965		294,594		445,474		453,814	509,763
	432,662		470,847		327,832		372,270	324,149
	1,064,752		1,189,336		1,156,827		1,260,501	1,402,368
	1,956,201		1,988,219		2,656,884		3,209,868	3,113,269
	-		-		-		-	1,938,782
	4,504,416		3,910,722		3,455,394		5,953,763	8,190,265
	888,212		805,987		475,484		750,000	750,000
	3,033,620		3,280,541		2,421,309		3,103,501	3,733,077
	134,146		156,142		-		-	-
	454,872		738,260		892,018		987,419	1,228,220
	74,699		1,362,099		1,299,118		1,387,206	1,418,793
	-		55,747,287		86,240,624		98,074,000	129,774,800
	60,552,115		16,546,219		18,030,053		29,258,434	 26,378,589
\$	79,516,713	\$	92,786,879	\$	124,559,162	Ş	147,253,140	\$ 179,061,758
\$	553,663	\$	678,548	\$	497,974	\$	521,217	\$ 1,027,794
	-		-		-		-	323,750
	5,576,920		5,913,772		5,945,421		2,277,075	3,323,230
	19,453,023		29,633,601		43,001,310		55,713,143	80,340,543
	-		-		-		70	-
	-		-		-		62,500	164,112
	35,863		249		-		-	-
	21,876,083		43,953,339		40,471,387		38,019,761	26,425,693
	2,442,864		10,164,456		9,978,487		5,643,082	6,586,516
	1,963,850		2,555,378					
	-		-		3,043,242		3,729,087	4,754,655
	(22,755)		(188,894)		(501,057)	_	(150,748)	(374,937)
\$	51,879,511	\$	92,710,449	\$	102,436,764	\$	105,815,187	\$ 122,571,356
_		_		_		-		

City of Goodyear Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year			
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
-					
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 58,970,605	\$ 63,577,425		. , ,	
Licenses and permits	6,793,070	7,460,830	6,558,607	7,357,205	9,302,729
Intergovernmental	18,723,318	19,325,653	21,749,386	21,811,572	25,780,719
Charges for services	6,322,025	4,658,927	4,576,618	5,792,947	9,227,037
Fines and forfeits	809,334	884,735	860,313	839,108	925,314
Investment income	439,982	414,689	361,146	710,040	560,547
Special assessments	5,845,306	5,839,886	5,762,295	6,096,012	6,009,405
Contributions	4,024,175	2,408,357	2,976,642	1,346,713	1,638,229
Miscellaneous	567,839	1,327,008	243,473	728,930	516,160
Total Revenues	102,495,654	105,897,510	109,291,920	115,969,727	128,884,218
Expenditures *					
General government	17,376,427	16,895,276	18,081,622	17,968,635	19,191,902
Public safety	26,764,289	28,310,822	29,505,746	32,881,648	36,905,961
Highways and streets	4,674,325	5,585,966	5,494,087	5,680,917	5,748,952
Public works	2,093,312	2,045,578	2,268,109	2,255,101	2,598,519
Culture and recreation	4,884,349	4,975,947	5,265,454	5,712,191	12,090,866
Development services	5,232,999	5,823,318	6,933,854	7,933,367	7,187,389
Capital outlay	18,252,039	18,496,444	11,326,103	15,988,901	17,628,611
Debt Service:					
Principal retirement	10,226,228	9,441,923	9,291,703	9,772,183	14,581,544
Interest and debt cost	10,987,906	9,765,514	9,323,202	9,046,458	12,968,581
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					
Total Expenditures	100,491,874	101,340,788	97,489,880	107,239,401	128,902,325
Excess of Revenues over (under)					
Expenditures	2,003,780	4,556,722	11,802,040	8,730,326	(18,107)

Notes:

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

^{*} Beginning in fiscal year 2016 expenditure functions were consolidated to align with the basic financial statements

Fiscal Year								
2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 82,602,447	Ś	90,300,757	Ś	116,390,115	Ś	138,046,896	Ś	154,824,840
10,636,668	ڔ	12,314,128	ڔ	18,061,371	ڔ	19,073,277	ڔ	16,654,379
26,773,324		27,458,465		39,616,094		34,652,939		58,325,325
10,418,539		12,234,549		17,351,117		23,799,246		24,108,155
1,044,317		1,044,516		869,101		1,037,122		1,138,437
1,196,857		4,606,033		4,351,915		898,599		(3,080,671)
5,968,798		9,868,376		5,509,308		6,810,016		6,357,266
6,358,002		4,036,766		6,247,217		5,588,920		3,454,890
2,485,672		1,192,520		1,504,393		1,257,515		1,842,263
147,484,624		163,056,110		209,900,631		231,164,530		263,624,884
20,825,896		20,801,270		22,828,171		28,189,094		30,533,336
39,779,006		43,459,463		45,641,389		72,064,162		59,500,593
5,517,174		7,563,123		7,399,662		7,548,526		8,103,897
2,897,716		2,827,608		4,044,509		3,708,625		3,316,324
11,315,720		14,108,472		13,042,653		14,500,770		19,566,132
7,159,767		7,641,804		8,916,314		10,500,186		13,320,560
30,366,883		17,066,876		40,565,230		84,788,927		83,697,834
, ,		,,.		-,,		- ,,-		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19,642,573		21,763,951		19,465,657		25,673,172		21,852,781
15,708,001		12,599,646		10,818,794		10,941,518		10,386,995
4,622,056		-		-		-		-
157,834,792		147,832,213		172,722,379		257,914,980		250,278,452
(10,350,168)	_	15,223,897	_	37,178,252	_	(26,750,450)	_	13,346,432

continued

City of Goodyear Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year			
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)					
Transfer in	\$ 4,726,150	\$ 5,356,364	\$ 4,588,019	\$ 3,539,227	\$ 12,768,632
Transfer out	(9,602,694)	(10,494,616)	(9,923,248)	(9,091,060)	(9,968,632)
Sale of assets*	-	-	-	-	-
Debt issuance	10,500,000	-	4,980,000	-	10,968,000
Debt premium	-	-	(39,461)	-	-
Refunding bonds	10,685,000	14,755,000	7,015,000	18,535,000	118,130,941
Refunding bonds premium	672,545	1,114,908	452,099	2,047,350	14,546,606
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	(10,965,024)	(15,138,166)	(7,168,901)	(20,106,713)	(130,387,703)
Total Other Financing Sources					
and (Uses)	6,015,977	(4,406,510)	(96,492)	(5,076,196)	16,057,844
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 8,019,757	\$ 150,212	\$ 11,705,548	\$ 3,654,130	\$ 16,039,737
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	25.8%	22.3%	20.6%	18.4%	24.7%

Notes:

Source: City Financial Records and Reports

^{*} Beginning in fiscal year 2019 sales of assets was broken out to align with the basic financial statements.

	Fiscal Year					
2018	2019		2020	2021		2022
\$ 13,901,429		\$	28,400,983	\$ 45,929,762	\$	62,317,732
(10,201,429)	(14,254,246)		(24,901,739)	(39,029,209)		(54,301,798)
-	346,124		291,817	213,803		413,605
25,015,000	33,873,000		529,285	39,530,000		24,073,000
-	958,083		-	-		2,715,816
51,537,627	-		-	25,520,000		-
722,171	-		-	5,859,505		-
(49,056,702)	-		-	(25,201,010)		-
31,918,096	38,877,207	_	4,320,346	 52,822,851	_	35,218,355
\$ 21,567,928	\$ 54,101,104	\$	41,498,598	\$ 26,072,401	\$	48,564,787
27.8%	26.3%		22.9%	22.9%		19.4%

concluded

City of Goodyear Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

City Direct Rate	Overlapping Rates
	County-Wide Jurisdictions

					County		County	County
		Debt	Total	County	Library	Fire District	Flood	Education
Fiscal	Operating	Service	City	Operating	District	Assistance	District	Equalization
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
2013	1.1115	0.6635	1.7750	1.2407	0.0492	0.0110	0.1780	0.4717
2014	1.1994	0.7006	1.9000	1.2807	0.0438	0.0121	0.1392	0.5123
2015	1.1836	0.6864	1.8700	1.3209	0.0556	0.0113	0.1392	0.5089
2016	1.1637	0.7063	1.8700	1.3609	0.0556	0.0116	0.1592	0.5054
2017	1.1598	0.7025	1.8623	1.4009	0.0556	0.0112	0.1792	0.5010
2018	1.1344	0.6005	1.7349	1.4009	0.0556	0.0102	0.1792	0.4875
2019	1.1084	0.6266	1.7350	1.4009	0.0556	0.0107	0.1792	0.4741
2020	1.0619	0.6713	1.7332	1.4009	0.0556	0.0095	0.1792	0.4566
2021	1.0330	0.7005	1.7335	1.4009	0.0556	0.0090	0.1792	0.4426
2022	1.0000	0.7350		1.3459	0.0556	0.0086	0.1792	0.4263

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office continued

Overlapping Rates

County-Wide Jurisdictions School Districts

			Special						
		Central	Health						
	Community	Arizona	Care	Total	Agua Fria/		Buckeye/	Tolleson/	
Fiscal	College	Project	District	County	Avondale	Litchfield	Liberty	Littleton	Mobile
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
2013	1.3778	0.1000	-	3.4284	7.4945	3.8863	6.9607	9.2259	6.9350
2014	1.5340	0.1400	-	3.6621	8.2090	3.9772	7.1092	11.4641	7.7572
2015	1.5187	0.1400	-	3.6946	10.0022	3.7780	8.0102	10.4333	7.8876
2016	1.4940	0.1400	-	3.7267	9.4960	3.8352	7.6149	9.9303	7.8876
2017	1.4651	0.1400	0.3053	4.0583	9.8771	3.8142	7.0163	9.5342	8.1213
2018	1.4096	0.1400	0.2941	3.9771	8.9315	3.4763	7.0616	9.8185	7.8876
2019	1.1708	0.1400	0.2941	3.7254	8.4894	3.8499	6.8080	10.0261	7.8876
2020	1.1565	0.1400	0.1871	3.5854	7.8709	3.6716	6.6742	10.6716	7.8876
2021	1.1250	0.1400	0.1838	3.5361	7.6157	3.5229	8.8758	10.2551	7.8876
2022	1.1112	0.1400	0.1803	3.4471	7.5438	3.4950	9.3434	10.1994	7.5960

continued

City of Goodyear Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Overlapping Rates

	Other Special Taxing Districts						
	West						Estrella
	Maricopa			Centerra	Cortina	Cottonflower	Mtn. Ranch
	Education	Central	Roosevelt	Community	Community	Community	Community
	Center	Arizona	Irrigation	Facilities	Facilities	Facilities	Facilities
Fiscal	District	GRD	District	District	District	District	District
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
2013	0.0500	1.0000	17.1000	3.2961	2.8500	3.8528	1.3000
2014	0.0592	1.0000	17.1000	3.3559	2.8500	3.9890	1.3000
2015	0.0810	1.0000	27.1000	3.0361	2.6034	3.2768	1.3000
2016	0.0698	1.0000	27.1000	3.1327	2.5999	3.3377	1.3000
2017	0.0840	1.0000	27.1000	2.7404	2.3824	3.0482	1.3000
2018	0.1780	1.0000	27.1000	2.6706	1.8877	2.5714	1.3000
2019	0.1494	1.0000	29.8100	2.5823	1.8664	2.5413	1.3000
2020	0.1634	1.0000	29.8100	2.4421	1.8994	2.5400	1.3000
2021	0.1655	1.0000	29.8100	2.1576	1.9843	2.5443	1.3000
2022	1.7694	1.0000	29.8100	1.8888	1.5848	1.9407	1.3000

continued

Overlapping Rates

		0	ther Special [*]	Taxing Distric	ts		
	Goodyear	Goodyear	Palm	King	Wildflower	Wildflower	
	Community	Community	Valley	Ranch	Community	Community	
	Facilities	Facilities	Community	Community	Facilities	Facilities	
	General	Utilities	Facilities	Facilities	General	General	
Fiscal	District #1	District #1	District #3	District	District #1	District #2	
Year	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	
2013	1.0000	1.0000	1.8035	0.3000	3.3150	3.3467	
2014	1.0000	1.0000	1.7844	0.3000	3.4365	3.8922	
2015	0.7334	1.0162	1.2592	0.3000	2.7761	3.0227	
2016	0.7075	1.1497	1.1097	0.3000	2.9103	3.1070	
2017	0.8466	1.1500	0.9308	0.3000	2.7230	2.9330	
2018	0.9600	1.1500	0.8682	0.3000	2.8882	3.0463	
2019	0.8896	1.1480	0.8085	0.3000	2.8489	2.7801	
2020	0.8903	0.9390	0.6107	0.3000	2.6309	2.7362	
2021	0.9040	0.9039	0.5450	0.3000	2.5582	2.7278	
2022	0.7679	0.8559	0.4647	0.3000	2.3306	2.3779	

concluded



City of Goodyear Principal Property Tax Payers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Prior (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year					
	<u>20</u>	13	2022				
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value Ra	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed ank Value	Percentage of Taxable Total Taxable Assessed Assessed Value Rank Value				
Arizona Public Service Company	\$ 20,690,805	1 3.42%	\$ 35,938,715 1 3.07%				
Microsoft Corporation	\$ -	0.00%	23,843,088 2 2.04%				
Estrella North LLc	\$ -	0.00%	21,280,466 3 1.82%				
VHS of South Phoenix, Inc.	\$ 8,559,046	2 1.41%	19,563,586 4 1.67%				
Elwood Logistics Center LLC	\$ -	0.00%	12,599,388 5 1.08%				
Macys Logistics LLC	\$ 5,211,997	5 0.86%	11,560,728 6 0.99%				
Prologis Commerce Park 1QOZB LLC	\$ -	0.00%	11,465,213 7 0.98%				
Amazon Com Services LLC	\$ -	0.00%	10,566,185 8 0.90%				
Southwest Gas Corporation (T&D)	\$ 4,331,101	10 0.72%	9,910,247 9 0.85%				
SVF Goodyear Logistics Center LLC	\$ -	0.00%	9,050,668 10 0.77%				
NNP III EMR 3 LLC	\$ 4,942,368	3 0.82%					
DH Goodyear LLC	\$ 5,232,509	4 0.86%					
Cardinal Capital Co	\$ 5,039,173	6 0.83%					
First American Title Ins Co TR 7854	\$ 4,032,152	7 0.67%					
The Market at Estrella Falls LLC	\$ 4,653,392	8 0.77%					
BT Goodyear LLC	\$ 4,265,960	9 0.70%					
Total	\$ 66,958,503	11.06%	\$ 165,778,284 14.16%				

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer

City of Goodyear Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Total	Total				
Fiscal		Assessed	Assessed				
Year		Value	Value			Less:	Net
Ended		Residential	Commercial	Agricultural/		Tax-Exempt	Assessed
June 30	_	Property	Property	Vacant Land	Other	Property	Value
2013	Primary	338,747,451	220,657,668	163,082,414	240,243	120,560,037	602,167,739
	Secondary	339,165,652	228,812,312	167,084,029	244,254	129,664,064	605,642,183
2014	Primary	340,280,668	205,111,305	161,905,429	273,421	122,898,455	584,672,368
	Secondary	342,294,870	211,390,271	165,979,539	275,521	129,681,549	590,258,652
2015	Primary	393,827,703	192,119,198	158,537,781	1,158,177	115,918,333	629,724,526
	Secondary	416,834,896	196,638,563	169,043,455	1,167,249	122,400,093	661,284,070
2016	Limited Property Value	427,218,918	223,077,763	149,242,505	1,127,677	129,713,965	670,952,898
2017	Limited Property Value	457,689,029	227,887,800	146,856,414	6,601,784	128,500,705	710,534,322
	., .,	,,,,,,,	, ,	-,,	-, , -	-,,	-,,-
2018	Limited Property Value	499,088,340	234,739,156	159,566,464	6,975,609	137,331,297	763,038,272
2020	inned roperty raide	.55)555,515	20 .,, 03,230	255,500, 10 .	0,5.5,005	107,002,207	, 00,000,2,2
2019	Limited Property Value	538,457,161	256,367,234	152,787,152	7,383,730	132,980,202	822,015,075
2013	Limited Froperty value	330,437,101	230,307,234	132,767,132	7,363,730	132,300,202	022,013,073
2020	Limited Property Value	590,823,853	299,172,489	163,622,803	7,807,328	139,439,679	921,986,794
2020	Lillited Property value	330,023,033	299,172,409	103,022,003	7,007,320	139,439,079	321,360,734
2024	Lineite d Dune and Welling	CEO 040 440	244 020 070	477 442 044	0.020.002	450 205 000	4 020 024 744
2021	Limited Property Value	650,949,118	344,929,979	177,112,944	8,038,693	150,205,990	1,030,824,744
		- 4 040 0	200 055 527	400 407 700	20 564 665	455 504 4 50	4 464 262 242
2022	Limited Property Value	715,248,375	390,866,605	182,107,720	28,564,695	155,524,146	1,161,263,249

Notes: Beginning in fiscal year 2016, the Net Assessed Limited Property Value is statutorily required to be used for the calculation of primary and secondary property taxes. Prior to fiscal year 2016, the primary levy was calculated using the limited assessed valuation and the secondary levy was calculated using the full cash assessed valuation. Detail data prior to 2009 for "primary" is not available.

Source: Maricopa County Assessor's Office

		Assessed
	Estimated	Value as
Total Direct	Actual Taxable	Percentage of
Tax Rate	Value	Actual Value
1.1115	5,513,086,956	10.9%
0.6635	5,583,052,641	10.8%
1.1994	5,485,036,603	10.7%
0.7006	5,562,951,789	10.6%
1.1836	6,012,798,998	10.5%
0.6864	6,332,435,414	10.4%
1.8700	6,479,932,484	10.4%
1.8623	6,951,354,974	10.2%
1.7349	7,490,466,600	10.2%
1.7350	7,985,016,888	10.3%
1.7332	8,822,931,900	10.4%
1.7335	9,758,686,383	10.6%
1.7350	11,002,212,492	10.6%

City of Goodyear Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Collected v		Collection in	Total Collect	otal Collections to Date		
Ended	for the		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage		
June 30	Fiscal Year (a)	Amount	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy		
2013	10,714,099	10,523,654	98.22%	46,234	10,569,888	98.65%		
2014	11,185,149	10,949,615	97.89%	47,683	10,997,298	98.32%		
2015	11,992,446	11,808,563	98.47%	85,557	11,894,120	99.18%		
2016	12,599,829	12,392,149	98.35%	39,922	12,432,071	98.67%		
2017	13,157,209	13,024,932	98.99%	(8,521)	13,016,411	98.93%		
2018	13,232,702	13,071,185	98.78%	77,358	13,148,543	99.36%		
2019	14,263,392	14,097,133	98.83%	(12,356)	14,084,777	98.75%		
2020	15,981,505	15,760,028	98.61%	164,371	15,924,399	99.64%		
2021	17,871,100	17,528,715	98.08%	121,086	17,649,801	98.76%		
2022	20,150,452	19,740,256	97.96%	-	19,740,256	97.96%		

⁽a) Tax levy is reported by the Treasurer as of August of each fiscal year. Amount does not include adjustments made to levy amounts after the August report.

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer's Office

City of Goodyear Utility Statistical Data Ten Largest Water Users Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago (Unaudited)

			Fisca	l Year	
			2013		2022
			Fees &		Fees &
Entity	Type of User	Rank	Charges	Rank	Charges
City of Goodyear	Multi Purpose			1	\$ 1,180,310
Microsoft Corporation	Commercial			2	\$ 563,795
Las Brisas	Homeowner's Association	6	160,246	3	\$ 517,872
Canyon Trails HOA	Homeowner's Association			4	\$ 392,732
Sarival Paseo Joint Community	Homeowner's Association	10	111,695	5	\$ 354,025
Canyon Trails Unit HOA 4A	Homeowner's Association			6	\$ 315,455
Avondale Elementary	School	7	157,016	7	\$ 258,023
Shepard Investment	Apartments			8	\$ 254,272
Pro-Low Joint Venture	Construction			9	\$ 250,752
Estrella Joint Committee	Homeowner's Association			10	\$ 231,679
Canyon Trails 4 - South	Homeowner's Association	2	249,963		
Agua Fria Union High School Dist.	School	8	142,771		
Cottonflower Goodyear Community	Homeowner's Association	5	192,421		
Canyon Trails Unit HOA 3A	Homeowner's Association	1	292,061		
Cancer Treatment Center of America	Multi Purpose	9	112,051		
JB Park Shadows	Apartments				
Canyon Trails Unit 4	Homeowner's Association	3	207,683		
Canyon Trails 3	Homeowner's Association	4	206,507		
Total			\$ 1,832,414	i	\$ 4,318,915
Total as a percent of total Water System	Operating Revenue		15.47%	ı	14.50%

Source: City customer service and billing records



City of Goodyear Utility Statistical Data Ten Largest Wastewater Users Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years ago (Unaudited)

			Fi	scal Yea	r
			2013		2022
		•	Fees &		Fees &
Entity	Type of User	Rank	Charges	Rank	Charges
Arizona State Prison/Perryville	Prison	1	\$ 469,723	1	\$ 1,349,531
Microsoft Corporation	Commercial			2	285,587
City of Goodyear	Multi Purpose			3	100,184
Shepard Invest Group	Apartments			4	94,361
Cancer Treatment Center of America	Multi Purpose	3		5	86,177
JB Park Shadows	Apartments	5	78,240	6	82,110
Huhtamaki	Irrigation			7	80,544
Schoeller Arca Systems NC	Industrial			8	74,677
Acero Estrella Parkway LLC	Irrigation			9	69,926
Taylor Morrison Homes	Multi Purpose			10	69,433
Christopher Todd Estrella	Irrigation				
Grayson Place Apartments	Apartments				
3 Minute Car Wash	Car Wash				
Fairfield Development	Apartments				
Fairfield Centerra LLC	Real Estate	4	78,888		
Poore Brothers, Inc.	Food Manufacturer	7	64,458		
Airport Training Center	Airport	9	44,899		
Avondale Elementary	Education				
Alliance Residential	Real Estate	10	42,792		
Pem Investments	Real Estate	8	46,475		
Saint Gobain Glass Corp	Manufacturer	2	94,900		
Fairfield Goodyear, LLC	Apartments	6	74,012		
Total		:	\$ 994,387		\$ 2,292,530
Total as a percent of total Wastewater S	ystem Operating Revenue	:	8.76%		11.30%

Source: City customer service and billing records

City of Goodyear Schedule of Existing and Adopted Monthly Water & Wastewater Service Charges (2013 - 2022) (Unaudited)

				Adopted	A	dopted	Ad	dopted	Ac	dopted	Ad	lopted	Ac	dopted	A	dopted	Ac	lopted	Ado	opted
Description of Water System Services	Exis	sting Fees		2013		2015		2016	2	2017	2	2018		2019		2020	2	2021	2	022
Base Charge																				
(Meter Size)																				
3/4 Inch	\$	12.70		\$ 10.23	\$	11.24	\$	12.70	\$	14.73	\$	16.35	\$	17.49	\$	18.54	\$	18.54	\$	19.10
1 Inch		17.56		14.14		15.54		17.56		20.37		22.61		24.19		25.64		25.64		26.41
1 1/2 Inch		28.39		22.86		25.12		28.39		32.93		36.55		39.11		41.46		41.46		42.70
2 Inches		45.96		37.01		40.67		45.96		53.31		59.17		63.31		67.11		67.11		59.12
3 Inches		77.67		70.67		77.67		77.67		77.67		77.67		77.67		77.67		77.67		80.00
4 Inches		126.65		115.24	:	126.65	:	126.65	1	126.65	1	26.65		126.65		126.65	1	126.65	1	30.45
6 Inches		240.36		218.71		240.36	2	240.36	2	240.36	2	40.36	2	240.36		240.36	2	240.36	2	47.57
12 Inch																			2	47.57
Monthly Volume Charge - Residential																				
0 - 6,000 gallons (per thousand)	\$	1.47 (2)	\$ 1.18	\$	1.30	\$	1.47	\$	1.71	\$	1.90	\$	2.03	\$	2.15	\$	2.15	\$	2.21
6,001 - 12,000 (per thousand)		2.93 (3)	2.36		2.59		2.93		3.40		3.77		4.03		4.27		4.27		4.40
12,001 - 30,000 (per thousand)		4.40 (4)	3.54		3.89		4.40		5.10		5.66		6.06		6.42		6.42		6.61
30,001+ gallons (per thousand)		7.06 (5)	5.69		6.25		7.06		8.19		9.09		9.73		10.31		10.31		10.62
Monthly Volume Charge - Commercial																				
0 - 40,000 gallons (per thousand)	\$	3.73		\$ 3.00	\$	3.30	\$	3.73	\$	4.29	\$	4.72	\$	4.91	\$	5.06	\$	5.06	\$	5.21
40,001 - 100,000 gallons (per thousand)		5.97		4.80		5.28		5.97		6.87		7.56		7.86		8.10		8.10		8.34
100,001+ gallons (per thousand)		7.75		6.24		6.86		7.75		8.91		9.80		10.19		10.50		10.50		10.82

Note: Rates shown are for customers within city limits. The rates for customers outside of the city limits are 25% greater than the customers within city limits. Rate increases are adopted at the direction of City Council.

- (1) Rates were updated during January 2017
- (2) Monthly volume change for fees is 0 6,000 gallons (per thousand).
- (3) Monthly volume change for fees is 6,001 12,000 gallons (per thousand).
- (4) Monthly volume change for fees is 12,001 30,000 gallons (per thousand).
- (5) Monthly volume change for fees is 30,001 and over gallons (per thousand).

Schedule of Water System Rate Increases (2013-2022)

	Rate
Date	Increase
Fiscal Year 2013	0.0%
Fiscal Year 2014	N/A
Fiscal Year 2015	10.0%
Fiscal Year 2016	13.0%
Fiscal Year 2017	16.0%
Fiscal Year 2018	11.0%
Fiscal Year 2019	7.0%
Fiscal Year 2020	6.0%
Fiscal Year 2021	0.0%
Fiscal Year 2022	3.0%

Source: City Financial Records, Reports and Water & Wastewater Rate Study.

The table above reflects only certain fees and charges of the
City's water system and is not a comprehensive statement of all such fees.

			A	dopted	A	dopted	A	dopted	A	dopted	Ad	dopted	A	dopted	Ad	dopted	Α	dopted
Description of Wastewater System Service	Existing	<u>Fees</u>		2013		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Residential Wastewater Service																		
Base Charge	(See belo	w)																
Volume Charge (per 1,000 gallons)	\$	5.78	\$	5.78	\$	5.95	\$	6.13	\$	6.25	\$	6.38	\$	6.51	\$	6.51	\$	6.71
General Commercial Wastewater Service	e																	
Base Charge	(See belo	w)																
Volume Charge (per 1,000 gallons)	\$	5.78	\$	5.78	\$	5.95	\$	6.13	\$	6.25	\$	6.38	\$	6.51	\$	6.51	\$	6.71
Base Charge																		
(Meter Size)																		
3/4 Inch	\$	21.12	\$	21.12	\$	21.75	\$	22.40	\$	22.85	\$	23.31	\$	23.78	\$	23.78	\$	24.49
1 Inch		32.41		32.41		33.38		34.38		35.07		35.77		36.49		36.49		37.58
1 1/2 Inch		39.94		39.94		41.14		42.37		43.22		44.08		44.96		44.96		46.31
2 Inches		77.58		77.58		79.91		82.31		83.96		85.64		87.35		87.35		89.97
3 Inches		115.22		115.22		115.22		115.22		115.22		115.22		115.22		115.22		118.68
4 Inches		152.86		152.86		152.86		152.86		152.86		152.86		152.86		152.86		157.45
6 Inches		378.70		378.70		378.70		378.70		378.70		378.70		378.70		378.70		390.06

Schedule of Wastewater System Rate Increases (2013-2022)

Rate
Increase
15.2%
N/A
N/A
3.0%
3.0%
2.0%
2.0%
2.0%
0.0%
3.0%

City of Goodyear Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Governmental Activities Public Improvement McDowell Fiscal Corporation Road Community Year General Municipal Corridor **Facilities** Ended Obligation Revenue Contract **Facilities** Improvement District June 30 Bonds Bonds Payable Revenue Bond District **Bonds** 2012 1,755,628 2,940,000 29,000,636 43,675,000 113,555,000 2013 26,555,569 12,431,467 42,390,000 109,823,000 2014 24,616,149 11,047,495 42,383,378 107,194,657 2015 10,037,745 40,881,328 108,520,857 21,638,323 2016 18,564,501 8,859,189 39,304,278 106,289,435 2017 21,987,761 37,647,228 103,870,391 127,152,711 2018 43,983,309 121,145,790 34,870,000 94,683,268 100,376,526 2019 64,022,774 28,910,000 87,776,000 2020 61,007,711 102,722,600 26,610,000 86,300,170 2021 94,324,553 24,735,000 62,248,918 23,315,000 73,456,000 2022 23,855,000 21,080,000 67,187,000 113,133,855 54,461,237

Source: US Census Bureau, Applied Geographic Solutions/TIGER Geography, and City Financial Records

_		Business-Type	e Activities					
		Public						
		Improvement		Water				
		Corporation		Infrastructure				
	General	Municipal		Finance			Percentage	
	Obligation	Facilities	Revenue	Authority	Water		of Personal	Per
	Bonds	Revenue Bond	Bonds	Loan	Rights	Total	Income	Capita
	89,394,364	102,180,000	31,985,000	11,908,603	-	426,394,231	20.10%	6,430
	85,384,431	102,180,000	31,390,000	10,998,942	-	421,153,409	22.13%	6,264
	82,113,973	104,096,689	30,596,520	10,064,007	-	412,112,868	20.81%	5,773
	77,607,211	103,970,274	30,114,933	9,096,237	-	401,866,908	21.38%	5,443
	73,018,360	104,164,132	42,413,304	3,854,322	-	396,467,521	19.80%	5,304
	66,702,679	-	41,924,131	3,591,773	-	402,876,674	21.52%	5,180
	58,226,165	-	40,489,966	3,323,972	-	396,722,470	16.23%	4,750
	48,957,226	-	37,175,000	3,050,815	-	370,268,341	14.16%	4,374
	48,509,399	-	153,719,816	2,772,195	-	481,641,891	16.75%	5,420
	40,480,447	-	139,065,000	2,488,002	-	460,112,920	14.90%	4,822
	37,421,145	-	137,125,000	2,198,125		456,461,362	12.84%	4,490

City of Goodyear Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Percentage	
Fiscal		Less: Amounts		Estimated	
Year	General	Available		Actual Taxable	
Ended	Obligation	in Debt		Value of	Per
June 30	Bonds	Service Fund	Total	Property	Capita
2013	111,940,000	841,716	111,098,284	18.34%	1,652
2014	106,730,122	98,876	106,631,246	18.07%	1,494
2015	99,245,534	-	99,245,534	15.01%	1,344
2016	91,582,861	13,202	91,569,659	13.65%	1,225
2017	88,690,440	703,557	87,986,883	12.38%	1,131
2018	102,209,474	778,715	101,430,759	13.29%	1,215
2019	112,980,000	229,724	112,750,276	13.72%	1,332
2020	109,517,110	229,320	109,287,790	11.85%	1,230
2021	134,805,000	786,066	134,018,934	13.00%	1,406
2022	150,555,000	1,030,090	149,524,910	12.88%	1,471

City of Goodyear Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Net Assessed		Estimated	
	Limited	Debt	Percentage	Net Debt
Overlapping Jurisdiction	Property Value	Outstanding	Applicable (a)	Amount
Maricopa County	\$ 48,724,126,672	\$ -	2.40 %	
Maricopa County Community College District	48,724,126,672		2.40	4,437,867
Maricopa Special Healthcare District	48,837,616,505		2.40	15,357,237
Western Maricopa Education Center	18,045,628,311		6.49	9,355,558
Liberty Elementary School District No. 25	340,654,928	, ,	59.78	26,744,974
Avondale Elementary School District No. 44	531,806,142	, ,	84.29	33,519,600
Littleton Elementary School District No. 65	310,115,890		0.02	9,356
Litchfield Elementary School District No. 79	1,101,917,815		45.80	19,869,216
Mobile Elementary School District No. 86	8,912,382	-	45.40	-
Buckeye Union High School District No. 201	885,537,591	68,495,000	22.37	15,319,027
Tolleson Union High School District No. 214	1,471,718,800	217,315,000	0.00	8,928
Agua Fria Union High School District No. 216	1,633,723,788	123,255,000	58.04	71,541,179
Wildflower Ranch Community Facilities District No. 1	5,766,663	80,000	100.00	80,000
Wildflower Ranch Community Facilities District No. 2	5,818,380	360,000	100.00	360,000
Community Facilities General District No. 1	140,714,524	5,190,000	100.00	5,190,000
Community Facilities Utility District No. 1	448,150,116	25,656,500	100.00	25,656,500
Estrella Mountain Ranch Community Facilities District	134,052,722	7,795,000	100.00	7,795,000
Cottonflower Community Facilities District	10,952,317	1,180,000	100.00	1,180,000
Centerra Community Facilities District	17,097,355	2,259,000	100.00	2,259,000
Cortina Community Facilities District	12,243,498	1,365,000	100.00	1,365,000
Palm Valley Community Facilities District	134,095,526	4,085,000	100.00	4,085,000
Subtotal of overlapping debt:	\$ 171,524,776,597	\$ 1,604,000,500		\$ 244,133,441
8: 184				
Direct Debt:				+
City of Goodyear	\$ 1,170,620,728	\$ 293,686,068	100.00 %	\$ 293,686,068
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 537,819,509
Total Governmental and Business-Type General Obligation	n Bonds	\$ 150,555,000	100.00 %	\$ 150,555,000

(a) Proportion applicable to the City of Goodyear, Arizona is computed on the ratio of net assessed limited property value for 2020/21

Sources: Maricopa County Assessor's Office and Official Statements

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the city. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Goodyear. This process recognizes that when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.

City of Goodyear Legal Debt Margin Information As of June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
		2013		2014		2015		2016		
Net Full Cash Assessed Value	\$	605,642,183	\$	590,258,652	\$ (659,588,897	\$	670,952,898		
20% Limitation Debt Limit Equal to 20% of Assessed Valuation		121,128,437		118,051,730		131,917,779		134,190,580		
Total Debt Applicable to 20% Limit	_	111,690,000	_	104,775,000		97,570,000	_	90,065,000		
Legal 20% Debt Margin (Available Borrowing Capacity)	\$	9,438,437	\$	13,276,730	\$	34,347,779	\$	44,125,580		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		92.21%		88.75%		73.96%		67.12%		
6% Limitation Debt Limit Equal to 6% of Assessed Valuation	\$	36,338,531	\$	35,415,519	\$	39,575,334	\$	40,257,174		
Total Debt Applicable to 6% Limit	_	250,000		250,000		220,000	_	205,000		
Legal 6% Debt Margin (Available Borrowing Capacity)	<u>\$</u>	36,088,531	\$	35,165,519	\$	39,355,334	\$	40,052,174		
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0.69%		0.71%		0.56%		0.51%		

Source: Maricopa County Treasurer's Office and City financial records and reports

		Fiscal Year							
2017		2018		2019		2020	2021		2022
\$ 871,205,504	\$	964,201,508	\$ 1	1,043,418,163	\$:	1,183,659,155	\$ 1,360,568,112	\$:	1,586,384,072
174,241,101		192,840,302		208,683,633		236,731,831	272,113,622		317,276,814
106,130,000	-	97,065,000		112,980,000		102,605,000	 95,275,000		114,070,000
\$ 68,111,101	<u>\$</u>	95,775,302	<u>\$</u>	95,703,633	\$	134,126,831	\$ 176,838,622	\$	203,206,814
60.91%		50.33%		54.14%		43.34%	35.01%		35.95%
\$ 52,272,330	\$	57,852,090	\$	62,605,090	\$	71,019,549	\$ 81,634,087	\$	95,183,044
190,000		<u>-</u>					 39,530,000		36,485,000
\$ 52,082,330	<u>\$</u>	57,852,090	\$	62,605,090	\$	71,019,549	\$ 42,104,087	<u>\$</u>	58,698,044
0.36%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	48.42%		38.33%

City of Goodyear Pledged-Revenue Coverage As of June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

_	Pu	ublic Improvemen	t Corporation Mu	nicipal Facilities Re	evenue Bonds	
Fiscal						
Year						
Ended	Operating	Pledged		Debt Se	rvice	
June 30	Revenue	Revenue		Principal	Interest	Coverage
			-			
2013	76,004,072	57,969,777		590,000	5,505,685	9.51
2014	81,109,035	62,768,755		85,000	5,702,661	10.85
2015	82,672,164	59,861,110		230,000	5,458,563	10.52
2016	87,880,128	67,903,484		235,000	5,451,663	11.94
2017	95,623,345	68,619,826		3,220,000	3,674,649	9.95
2018	107,069,770	69,446,051		3,500,000	4,710,941	8.46
2019	116,486,271	90,707,954		5,840,000	4,563,216	8.72
2020	152,851,661	116,812,121		6,110,000	4,299,271	11.22
2021	167,084,631	139,901,726		6,920,000	3,493,813	13.43
2022	191,216,325	158,008,523		7,787,680	2,648,118	15.14
_			Water & Sewer Bo	inds & Loans		
Fiscal						
Year		Less:	Net			
Ended	Operating	Operating	Operating	Debt Se	rvice	
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2013	23,133,152	10,837,296	12,295,856	1,504,661	5,819,924	1.68
2014	24,989,997	12,684,374	12,305,623	1,439,935	2,212,948	3.37
2015	24,748,802	13,405,653	11,343,149	1,467,770	2,207,414	3.09
2016	27,964,881	15,205,094	12,759,787	1,496,834	2,159,000	3.49
2017	31,380,884	18,471,783	12,909,101	1,682,550	2,268,124	3.27
2018	35,230,057	13,551,129	21,678,928	1,742,801	2,292,417	5.37
2019	42,658,585	19,584,574	23,074,011	1,613,157	2,014,361	6.36
2020	60,392,907	26,552,787	33,840,120	2,283,620	1,199,376	9.72
2021	62,983,880	32,793,218	30,190,662	2,439,193	5,071,602	4.02
2022	53,394,756	32,972,216	20,422,540	2,229,877	5,369,470	2.69

City of Goodyear Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Population	(i	Personal Income n thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income		Median Age	Education Level in Years of Schooling	Unemployment Rate		
2013	71,381	\$	1,980,537	\$	27,746	38.4	13 to 16	8.3%		
2014	73,832	\$	1,879,673	\$	25,459	36.5	13 to 16	7.2%		
2015	74,743	\$	2,001,907	\$	26,784	35.6	13 to 16	5.7%		
2016	77,776	\$	1,871,990	\$	24,069	36.7	13 to 16	5.5%		
2017	78,189	\$	2,157,938	\$	27,599	36.7	13 to 16	4.4%		
2018	83,512	\$	2,443,812	\$	29,263	37.1	13 to 16	4.2%		
2019	84,659	\$	2,615,370	\$	30,893	37.1	13 to 16	4.8%		
2020	88,870	\$	2,875,389	\$	32,355	38.2	13 to 16	9.4%		
2021	95,294	\$	3,083,237	\$	32,355	38.7	13 to 16	6.9%		
2022	101,662	\$	3,554,917	\$	34,968	37.8	13 to 16	3.6%		

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics and City Financial Records

City of Goodyear Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Nine Fiscal Years Prior (Unaudited)

	F	iscal Y	ear	Fiscal Year			
		2013	<u>3</u>		2022	<u>) -</u>	
			Percentage			Percentage	
			of Total City			of Total City	
Major Corporation	Employees	Rank	Employment*	Employees	Rank	Employment*	
Amazon.com	500	7	1.49%	4,165	1	9.37%	
UPS - Regional Ops Center			0.00%	1,852	2	4.17%	
Macy's Inc	550	5	1.64%	1,550	3	3.49%	
Chewy.com			0.00%	1,547	4	3.48%	
(Abrazo Healthcare) West Valley Hospital			0.00%	1,003	5	2.26%	
Cancer Treatment Center's of America	600	4	1.79%	768	6	1.73%	
Subzero Freezer Co	400	8	1.19%	693	7	1.56%	
Cavco Industries	230	10	0.69%	385	8	0.87%	
McLane Sunwest	360	9	1.07%	375	9	0.84%	
AerSale			0.00%	358	10	0.81%	
Lockheed Martin	1,000	1	2.98%				
Arizona State Prison/Perryville	825	2	2.46%				
City of Goodyear	511	6	1.52%				
Walmart Supercenter			0.00%				
West valley Hospital	600	3	1.79%				
Total	5,576		16.62%	12,696		28.56%	
10001	3,370		10.02/0	12,000		20.5070	

Source: City Records (Employment numbers are self-reported; does not include grocery/retail stores) 2022 labor force = 44,457; 2013 labor force = 33,542

^{*}Company did not respond, previous year data used

City of Goodyear
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)

			Fis	scal Yea	ır					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government	55	55	69	55	62	50	83	83	83	109
Financial Services	29	27	28	29	31	31	31	32	32	34
Information Services	14	15	18	18	18	19	23	24	24	34
Police										
Officers	94	91	93	96	103	108	111	114	114	136
Civilians	30	29	30	35	38	42	43	49	49	53
Planning and Development	25	23	21	50	50	49	46	50	52	65
Fire										
Firefighters and Officers	90	91	90	92	92	92	106	106	106	126
Civilians	7	8	12	10	10	17	19	20	20	21
Human Resources	10	10	10	10	11	10	11	14	14	16
Community Services	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Economic Development	4	4	5	6	6	6	6	8	8	11
Municipal Services	13	10	13	13	13	14	15	16	16	20
Public Works	73	75	87	63	63	81	93	95	111	138
Water	23	24	26	27	27	28	29	33	35	32
Wastewater	17	20	19	19	17	18	19	25	28	31
Sanitation	5	5	6	8	7	7	9	10	14	11
Total	489	487	527	531	548	572	644	680	706	837

City of Goodyear Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
General Government				
City Clerk's Office				
# of records requests	470	504	598	629
City Prosecutor's Office				
Charges filed/charges adjudicated (resolved)	2,514	3,170	3,623	3,608
City Manager's Office	_, :	5,2: 5	2,0_0	2,000
% of survey respondents rating "Your Neighborhood as				
a Place to Live" as good to excellent	94%	95%	95%	93%
Digital Communications	3470	3370	3370	3370
News releases/media updates	59	76	NA	88
Growth of Digital assets (Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, & Linkedin co		70	IVA	88
Total newsletter pages sent to citizens	112	114	136	144
Number of visits to website	804,542	491,540	633,643	543,565
	•	•	•	,
Number of web pages viewed	2,185,489	1,850,471	1,855,914	1,472,765
Number of graphics/photography projects completed	254	275	135	103
Police				
# of total arrests	2,532	2,612	2,846	2,661
# of moving violations citations	10,259	10,586	5,919	3,479
Fire				
# of emergency responses	5,604	8,298	6,972	6,002
# of fires extinguished	243	242	205	165
# of inspections	969	752	1,539	1,253
Financial Services				
# accounts payable checks issued	6,298	6,403	6,254	5,914
# purchase orders	1,238	1,091	1,009	1,442
# water meters read annually	184,638	191,189	196,863	201,704
Planning and Development	_	_		
Customer wait-time (in minutes) at One Stop Shop Total number of permits issued	<1 3,529	<1 3,580	<1 2,868	NA 5,610
Provide applicant with pre-application meeting within 30 days	3,329	3,360	2,000	5,010
of submitting request %	1	1	1	1
% of inspections performed within 24 hours of request	1	1	0.96	1
Human Resources				
# of new hires (FT & PT) (1)	178	180	144	362
HR budgeted operating cost as a % of City budgeted payroll	5.01%	4.85%	5.05%	5.06%
Parks and Recreation				
# attending Park & Recreation facilities and Libraries annually (2)	69,596	74,527	74,527	188,000
# of square feet of medians and rights of way maintained	23,151,438	23,151,438	23,151,438	23,151,438
Economic Vitality				
Sales Tax growth (% annual change)	11.29%	8.76%	3.85%	8.86%
Bed Tax growth (% annual change)	1.41%	-4.12%	25.71%	2.75%

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
770	904	767	898	1,106	1,008
4,261	4,031	3,656	3,032	3,959	3,539
93%	91%	95%	95%	93%	93%
126	132	NA	132	114	59
	9,650	14,380	22,307	28,466	31,152
128	232	192	206	194	204
302,777	588,580	480,518	533,395	685,787	877,105
1,500,539	1,271,883	1,407,259	1,450,461	1,615,332	1,984,408
157	318	143	485	177	494
3,296	2,808	1,585	1,478	2,456	4,462
4,382	2,281	2,327	2,465	2,844	4,561
7,498	9,115	9,583	9,671	9,681	10,406
214	252	204	182	210	193
2,050	853	909	2,024	4,183	3,235
5,772	5,254	4,941	5,205	4,146	4,372
1,512 208,083	1,166	1,309	1,407	1,379	1,480
200,003	217,700	226,869	233,432	256,488	271,179
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1
5,732	5,228	5,137	1,490	60	1,235
1	1	1	1	1	NA
1	1	1	1	1	100%
204	220	224	142	250	220
204 6.00%	220 3.12%	234 2.23%	143 4.44%	258 4.45%	320 4.83%
0.0070	3.12/0	2.23/0	4.4470	4.4370	4.8370
249,000	275,000	299,000	283,093	266,262	1,236,522
23,151,438	23,151,438	23,151,438	23,250,000	23,295,000	23,675,000
4 040/	11 660/	12 500/	27 000/	21 000/	12 200/
4.04% -3.80%	11.66% 14.37%	13.50% 9.60%	37.90% -6.60%	21.00% 29.20%	13.30% 45.30%
-3.00/0	14.57/0	9.0076	0.0076	23.20/0	75.50/0

City of Goodyear Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
Municipal Services	22.207	24.246	25 220	26.222
# of homes serviced by Residential Refuse Collection	23,387	24,346	25,320	26,323
# of citizens serviced by Household Hazardous Waste	F.4.C	FF0	F2C	F03
collection program	546	550	536	503
Water Service				
# of residential customers	14,430	14,959	15,404	16,132
# of multifamily customers	36	35	36	36
# of commercial customers	999	1,025	1,055	865
Water Service Connections	17,533	17,533	17,533	17,034
Water production daily peak demand (million gallons per day)	9.60	11.70	12.70	11.70
Reclaimed Water Supplied (million gallons per day)	0.39	0.32	0.63	0.63
Wastewater				
# of residential customers	14,231	14,877	15,335	16,064
# of multifamily customers	38	36	69	36
# of commercial customers	382	370	373	382
Sewer Service Connections	16,918	16,918	17,139	18,236
Sewage Treated (millions gallons per day)	4.15	4.20	3.81	4.15
Other Public Works				
Street resurfacing (miles)	30.00	19.20	83.23	109.00
Potholes repaired	296	1,166	1,253	1,339
i outoies reputied	230	1,100	1,233	1,333
Citizen & Neighborhood Resources				
# of new Code Enforcement cases processed per year	2,841	3,018	2,863	3,544

NA - information is not readily available at time of production
(1) Large increase is due to a one-time hiring of special census employees
(2) Large increase is due to inclusion of library visitors in FY2016 and new Recreation Center in FY2022

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
26,792	29,911	29,673	29,673	31,864	33,094
592	816	631	418	469	361
16,713	17,733	19,333	19,374	20,284	21,688
36	36	38	38	39	60
846	839	621	636	1,054	1,025
17,899	18,552	19,992	20,048	21,377	21,464
12.90	12.90	12.40	13.60	15.30	16.90
0.38	0.13	NA	NA	NA	NA
16,649	17,886	19,325	20,383	20,383	22,732
36	36	16	16	16	60
381	381	270	271	271	444
18,980	19,340	20,292	20,670	20,670	21,781
4.36	4.47	4.70	4.69	4.69	5.82
70.33	105.27	51.56	133.41	116.00	102.20
756	1,344	586	60	103	67
	•				
3,212	2,738	2,615	1,943	2,488	3,352

City of Goodyear Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			F	iscal Yea	r					
Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Public Safety										
Police:										
Stations	3	3	4	4	6	5	5	4	2	2
Police Vehicles	126	119	133	134	150	133	139	147	155	191
Fire Stations	6	6	6	7	6	6	5	5	7	7
Highways and Streets										
Street (miles)	934	934	934	934	934	939	945	1,012	1,041	1,136
Streetlights	8,660	8,832	8,832	9,041	8,651	9,184	9,635	9,635	9,991	10,198
Traffic signals	84	86	86	89	89	92	93	95	102	106
Culture and Recreation										
Parks	17	17	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	20
Parks Acreage	204	204	206	206	206	206	206	206	206	238
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Tennis Courts	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	8
Community Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Water										
Water Mains (miles)	308	308	308	330	336	326	330	331	353	374
Fire Hydrants	2,796	2,808	2,951	3,031	3,152	3,177	3,348	3,461	3,475	3,575
Storage capacity (Millons of Gallons)	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	18	18	18
Wastewater										
Sanitary Sewers (miles)	229	239	242	254	260	265	276	270	276	284
Storm Sewers (miles)	57	63	55	54	55	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	62
Treatment capacity (MGD) (thousands of gallons)	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.3	7.6

FEDERAL AND STATE REPORTS





Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Goodyear, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Goodyear, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Goodyear, Arizona's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Goodyear, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Goodyear, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Goodyear, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Goodyear, Arizona's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona November 21, 2022





Independent Auditors' Report on State Legal Compliance

The Honorable Mayor and City Council Goodyear, Arizona

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Goodyear, Arizona for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 21, 2022. Our audit also included test work on the City of Goodyear's compliance with selected requirements identified in the State of Arizona Revised Statutes and the Arizona State Constitution including, but not limited to, Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2.

The management of the City of Goodyear is responsible for the City's compliance with all requirements identified above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit; accordingly, we make the following statements:

The City of Goodyear established separate funds to account for Highway User Revenue funds and Local Transportation Assistance funds. Highway user revenue fund monies received by the City of Goodyear pursuant to Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and other dedicated state transportation revenues received during the current fiscal year appear to have been used solely for authorized purposes. The funds are administered in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Sources of revenues available and fund balances are reflected in the individual fund financial statements.

Our opinion regarding the City's compliance with annual expenditure limitations has been issued separately with the City's Annual Expenditure Limitation Report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, The City of Goodyear complied, in all material respects, with the requirements identified above for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of the applicable compliance requirements identified in the Arizona Revised Statutes as noted above and the results of that testing based on the state requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

HintonBurdick, PLLC

Gilbert, Arizona November 21, 2022 This page intentionally left blank









ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

City of Goodyear, Arizona Finance Department 190 North Litchfield Road Goodyear, Arizona 85338 623-932-3015

